Report to	Licensing sub committee	ltem
	11 June 2019	
Report of	Head of citywide services Licensing Act 2003:	3
Subject	Two Temporary event notices The Warwick Street Social, 2 Warwick Street Norwich NR2 3LD	U

### Purpose

Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council statement of licensing policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider an objection notice given by the Environmental Protection Team at Norwich City Council.

#### Recommendation

That Members determine whether to issue a counter notice in respect of the two temporary event notices submitted in respect of the Warwick Street Social, 2 Warwick Street Norwich for events on 15 & 16 June 2019 and on 29 & 30 June 2019 in accordance with the:

- Licensing Act 2003;
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003; and
- Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy.

#### **Corporate and service priorities**

The report helps to meet the corporate priority of a safe and clean city and the service plan priority of protecting the interests of the public through the administration of the licensing function.

#### **Financial implications**

None.

Ward/s: All wards

Cabinet member: Councillor Maguire – Safe and sustainable city environment

#### **Contact officers**

Maxine Fuller, Licensing Assistant

01603 212761

#### **Background documents**

None

# Report

### Licensing Act 2003: temporary event notices

- Part 5 of the Licensing Act 2003 (The Act) provides for the temporary carrying on of licensed activities at premises which are not authorised by a premises licence or club premises certificate. The most important aspect of the system of permitted temporary activities is that events do not have to be authorised as such by the licensing authority. Instead the premises user notifies the event to the licensing authority and the police.
- 2. The premises user is required to give a copy of any Temporary Event Notice (TEN) (unless submitted electronically when it is the responsibility of the licensing authority) to the police and the local authority exercising environmental health functions (EHA). If the Police or EHA believe that allowing the premises to be used in accordance with the TEN will undermine the licensing objectives, they must give an objection notice to the licensing authority and to the premises user within 3 working days of their receipt of the TEN.
- 3. If the licensing authority receives an objection notice from the police or EHA that is not withdrawn, it must (in the case of a standard TEN only) hold a hearing to consider the objection (unless all parties agree that this is unnecessary). If members decide to allow the licensable activities to go ahead as stated in the TEN, and these are in connection with licensable activities at licensed premises, the licensing authority may also impose one or more of the existing premises licence conditions on the TEN (insofar as such conditions are not inconsistent with the event) if it considers that this is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. If the authority decides to impose conditions, it must give notice to the premises user which includes a statement of conditions and provide a copy to each relevant party. Alternatively, members may decide that the event would undermine the licensing objectives and should not take place. In this case, the licensing authority must give a counter notice.

# Temporary event notification

- Two temporary event notices (TEN) have been received from James Watkins in respect of premises at the Warwick Street Social, 2 Warwick Street Norwich NR1 3DT. A copy of the TEN's is attached at Appendix A of the report.
- 5. The TEN's give notification that it is proposed to use the premises for the licensable activity of the sale by retail of alcohol and the provision of regulated entertainment as follows:

<u>15 & 16 June 2019</u> – Sale by retail of alcohol from 12:00 to 21:00. Regulated entertainment from 12:00 to 21:00 with live music from 15:00 till 20:00.

<u>29 & 30 June 2019</u> – Sale by retail of alcohol from 12:00 to 21:00. Regulated entertainment from 12:00 to 21:00 with live music from 15:00 till 20:00.

# **Objection notice**

6. Objection notice to the TEN's has been received from the Environmental Protection Team at Norwich City Council, copy of which is attached at Appendix B to the report.

# Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy

7. Attached at Appendix C are the elements of the city council's local licensing policy which are considered to have a bearing upon the application:

### National Guidance (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

8. Attached at Appendix D are the elements of the national guidance issued by the Secretary of State that are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

### Summary

- 9. The sub-committee must consider the objection notice received from the Police, determine whether the proposed event would undermine the licensing objectives.
- 10. If the sub-committee determine that the proposed event would undermine the licensing objectives, then the licensing authority must give a counter notice to the premises user to prevent the proposed temporary event from going ahead.
- 11. Should the sub-committee determine not to issue a counter-notice, and allow the event to go ahead, then they may impose one or more conditions but only if it considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 12. Alternatively, the licensing sub-committee may decide to allow the licensable activities to go ahead as stated in the TEN without the imposition of any conditions.
- 13. A notice giving reasons for the sub-committee's determination will need to be served on the premises-user, the Police and the EHA.
- 14. Appeals by the premises-user in respect of the determinations set out in paragraphs 11 and 12 above, or by the Police or EHA in respect of paragraph 13 above, must be made to the Magistrates' Court within 21 days, commencing on the day on which either party was notified of the decision either to issue, or not issue, a counter notice. However, no appeal may be brought later than 5 working days before the first day of the relevant event period.

# **APPENDIX A**

NORWICH City Council

#### Norwich Temporary Event Notice Licensing Act 2003

For help contact licensingapplications@norwich.gov.uk Telephone: 0344 980 3333

				* required information	
Section 1 of 9					
You can save the form at an	y time and resume it la	ater. You do not need to	be logged in v	vhen you resume.	
System reference	Not Currently In U	se		This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.	
Your reference	Warwick 19/04		track app	out what you want here to help you lications if you make lots of them. It to the authority.	
Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?				f you are applying on your own on behalf of a business you own or	
Applicant Details			/	RECEIVED	
First name	James			1 8 MAY 2019	
Family name	Watkins			LICENSING OFFICE	
E-mail address					
Main telephone number			Include co	ountry code.	
Other telephone number					
Indicate here if you w	vould prefer not to be o	contacted by telephone			
Are you:					
<ul> <li>Applying as a busine</li> <li>Applying as an indivi</li> </ul>	ss or organisation, inclu dual	uding as a sole trader	person w	der is a business owned by one ithout any special legal structure. as an individual means you are	
		applying some oth	so you can be employed, or for er personal reason, such as a hobby.		
Applicant Business					
Is your business registered the UK with Companies House?	in ( Yes	C No		npleting the Applicant Business optional in this form.	
Registration number	07894468				
Business name	Animal inns Limite	ed	If your bu registered	siness is registered, use its I name.	
VAT number	212-2628-48	140 AB	Put "none	" if you are not registered for VAT.	
Legal status	Private Limited Co				

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your	
<ul> <li>business is located.</li> <li>Address registered with Companies House.</li> </ul>	
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Additional Contact Details			
Are the contact details the sam	ne as (or similar to) those given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details	
• Yes	C No	from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.	
E-mail			
Telephone number			
Other telephone number			
Section 3 of 9			
THE PREMISES			
activity at the premises describ Give the address of the premis			
Does the premises have an add	dress?		
• Yes	C No		
Address			
Is the address the same as (or s	similar to) the address given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details	
C Yes	No	from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.	
Building number or name	The Warwick St Social	]	
Street	2 Warwick St		
District			
City or town	Norwich		
County or administrative area	Norfolk		
Postcode	NR2 3LD		
Country	United Kingdom	]	
Does a premises licence or club the premises (or any part of th	b premises certificate have effect in relation to e premises)?		
C Neither @ Premise	es licence C Club premises certificate		
Premises licence number	12/00977/PREMTR	]	
Location Details		The second se	
Provide further details about t	he location of the event	and the second se	
	ig a weekend of day time events that will incluc area and the performance of acoustic live music		

#### Continued from previous page...

If you intend to use only part of the premises at this address or intend to restrict the area to which this notice applies, give a description and details below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 3)

Describe the nature of the premises below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 4)

Pulbic house with beer garden

Describe the nature of the event below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 5)

public garden party event for patrons including family entertainment.

#### Section 4 of 9

#### LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES

State the licensable activities that you intend to carry on at the premises (see also guidance on completing the form, note 6):

- The sale by retail of alcohol
- The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club
- The provision of regulated entertainment
- The provision of late night refreshment
- The giving of a late temporary event notice

Late notices can be given no later than 5 working days but no earlier than 9 working days before the event.

(See also guidance on completing the form, note 7).

#### **Event Dates**

There must be a period of at least 10 working days between the date you submit this form and the date of the earliest event when you will be using these premises for licensable activities.

State the dates on which you intend to use these premises for licensable activities

(see also guidance on completing the form, note 8)

Event start date	15 / 06 / 2019 dd mm yyyy	
Event end date	16 / 06 / 2019 dd mm yyyy	

The maximum period for using premises for licensable activities under the authority of a temporary event notice is 168 hours or seven days.

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State the times during the event period that you propose to carry on licensable activities (give times in 24 hour clock) (see also guidance on completing the form, note 9)	1:00
State the maximum number of people at any one time that you intend to allow to be present at the premises during the times when you intend to carry on licensable activities, including any staff, organisers or performers (see also guidance on completing the form, note 10)	Note that the maximum number of people .cannot exceed 499.
If the licensable activities will include a supplies will be for consumption on o (see also guidance on completing the On the premises only C Off the premises only C Reth	off the premises, or both
C Both	
Section 5 of 9 RELEVANT ENTERTAINMENT (See	lso guidance on completing the form, note 12)
	ude the provision of relevant entertainment. If so, state the times during the event
Sale of alcohol	
Saturday 15th June - 12:00 - 21:00 Sunday 16th June - 12:00 - 21:00	
Amplified / Live music / children's ent	rtainment
	e Music 15:00 till 20:00 then lower volume background music for crowds dispersing Music 15:00 till 20:00 then lower volume background music for crowds dispersing
Serving of food	
Saturday 15th June - 12:00 - 20:00 Sunday 16th June - 12:00 - 20:00	
Section 6 of 9	
	lso guidance on completing the form, note 13)
FERSONAL LICENCE HOLDERS (See	

Continued from previous page				-	-	
continueu nom pretious puge	2					
Do you currently hold a valid personal licence?	C	Yes		۲	No	40
Section 7 of 9						
PREVIOUS TEMPORARY EVER		OTICES	(See also gi	uida	nce o	n completing the form, note 14)
Have you previously given a temporary event notice in respect of any premises for events falling in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving this temporary event notice?	•	Yes		С	No	
State the number of temporary event notices you have given for events in that same calendar year	3					
Have you already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	ſ	Yes		(	No	
Section 8 of 9						
ASSOCIATES AND BUSINESS	COLI	EAGUES	S (See also	gui	dance	on completing the form, note 15)
Has any associate of yours given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?	C	Yes		(•	No	
Has any associate of yours already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less	C	Yes		۲	No	
after the event period proposed in this notice?				~		

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ou are in business carrying	
on licensable activities giver	
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ear as the event for which	
ou are now giving a	
emporary event notice?	
las any person with whom	
ou are in business carrying	
on licensable activities	
lready given a temporary	
event notice for the same	
premises in which the event	
period:	C Yes 💿 No
a) Ends 24 hours or less	
before; or	
b) Begins 24 hours or les	s and a second
after the event period	
proposed in this notic	
ection 9 of 9	
	orary event notice that where the relevant licensable activities described in Sections 4 and 5 alcohol that all such supplies are made by or under the authority of the premises user.
This fee must be paid to the This formality requires a fixe	authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card. d fee of £21
ECLARATION (See also g	uidance on completing the form, note 18)
The information contained	l in this form is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief
I understand that it is an of	ifence:
	ly make a false statement in connection with this temporary event notice and that a person is that a person is the standard scale; and
(ii) to permit an unauthoris	sed licensable activity to be carried on at any place and that a person is liable on conviction for
any such offence to a fine i	not exceeding £20,000, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both
Ticking this box indic	cates you have read and understood the above declaration
This section should be comp behalf of the applicant?"	pleted by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on
ull name	James Watkins
Capacity	Business Development Manager
	18 / 05 / 2019

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Add another signatory					
Once you're finished you need to do the following: 1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as 2. Go back to <u>https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/temporary-event-notice/norwich/apply-1</u> to upload this file and continue with your application. Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.					
OFFICE USE ONLY					
Applicant reference number	Warwick 19/04				
Fee paid					
Payment provider reference					
ELMS Payment Reference					
Payment status					
Payment authorisation code					
Payment authorisation date					
Date and time submitted					
Approval deadline					
Error message					
Is Digitally signed					
< Previous <u>1 2 3 4</u>	<u>5 6 7 8 9</u> Next >				

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# **APPENDIX A**



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Norwich Temporary Event Notice Licensing Act 2003

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\* required information

any time and resume it later. You do not need to	be logged in when you resume.
Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.
Warwick 19/05	You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. I is passed to the authority.
on behalf of the applicant?	Put "no" if you are applying on your own
No No	behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.
	RECEIVED
James	18 MAY 2019
Watkins	LICENSING OFFICE
	LICENSING
	Include country code.
would prefer not to be contacted by telephone	
ness or organisation, including as a sole trader vidual	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means you are applying so you can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.
ain (• Yes () No	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.
07894468	
Animal inns Limited	If your business is registered, use its registered name.
212-2628-48	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.
Private Limited Company	
	Not Currently In Use   Warwick 19/05   on behalf of the applicant? I No   James   Watkins   Watkins   Watkins   would prefer not to be contacted by telephone   ness or organisation, including as a sole trader   vidual   O7894468   Animal inns Limited   212-2628-48

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Your position in the business	Business Development Manager	]
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
Building number or name	The Ingham Swan	]
Street	Sea Palling Road	]
District		]
City or town	Ingham	]
County or administrative area	Norfolk	]
Postcode	NR12 9AB	5. C
Country	United Kingdom	]
Section 2 of 9		
APPLICATION DETAILS (See	also guidance on completing the form, gene	ral notes and note 1)
Have you had any previous or		
C Yes	No	
Your date of birth		Applicant must be 18 years of age or older
		24
National Insurance number		This box need not be completed if you are an individual not liable to pay UK national
		insurance.
Place of birth		]
Correspondence Address		
Is the address the same as (or s	similar to) the address given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details
CYes	No	from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
Building number or name	The Warwick St Social	new set of details.
Street	2 Warwick St	
District		
City or town	Norwich	
County or administrative area	Norfolk	
Postcode	NR2 3LD	24 -
Country	United Kingdom	

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Additional Contact Details		
Are the contact details the sam	ne as (or similar to) those given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details from section one, or amend them as
Yes	C No	required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
E-mail		]
Telephone number		
Other telephone number		
Section 3 of 9		
THE PREMISES		
activity at the premises describ Give the address of the premis	ve notice under section 100 of the Licensing Ad bed below. es where you intend to carry on the licensable a nance Survey references). <u>(See also guidance c</u>	activities or if it has no address give a detailed
Does the premises have an add	dress?	
Yes	C No	
Address Is the address the same as (or s	similar to) the address given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely
		new set of details.
Building number or name	The Warwick St Social	
Street	2 Warwick St	
District		]
City or town	Norwich	
County or administrative area	Norfolk	]
Postcode	NR2 3LD	
Country	United Kingdom	]
Does a premises licence or club the premises (or any part of the	o premises certificate have effect in relation to e premises)?	
C Neither   Premise	es licence C Club premises certificate	
Premises licence number	12/00977/PREMTR	]
Location Details		Sec. Objects
Provide further details about the	he location of the event	
	g a weekend of day time events that will includ	

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If you intend to use only part of the premises at this address or intend to restrict the area to which this notice applies, give a description and details below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 3)

Describe the nature of the premises below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 4)

Pulbic house with beer garden

Describe the nature of the event below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 5)

public o	garden party	event for	patrons i	including	family	entertainment.
L	garager party		Partonon		· an i may	arrest contraction

### Section 4 of 9

### LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES

State the licensable activities that you intend to carry on at the premise	s
(see also guidance on completing the form, note 6):	

- ☑ The sale by retail of alcohol
- The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club
- The provision of regulated entertainment
- The provision of late night refreshment
- □ The giving of a late temporary event notice

Late notices can be given no later than 5 working days but no earlier than 9 working days before the event. (See also guidance on completing the form,

note 7).

## **Event Dates**

There must be a period of at least 10 working days between the date you submit this form and the date of the earliest event when you will be using these premises for licensable activities.

State the dates on which you intend to use these premises for licensable activities

(see also guidance on completing the form, note 8)

Event start date	29 / 06 / 2019 dd mm yyyy	The maximum period for using premises for licensable activities under the authority of a temporary event notice is 168 hours or seven days.
Event end date	30 / 06 / 2019 dd mm yyyy	

Continued from previous page	
State the times during the	
event period that you propose	
to carry on licensable activities	
(give times in 24 hour clock) [12:00 - 21:00 (see also guidance on	
completing the form, note 9)	
State the maximum number of people at any one time that you intend to allow to be present at the premises during the times when you intend to carry on licensable activities, including any staff, organisers or performers	Note that the maximum number of people cannot exceed 499.
(see also quidance on	
completing the form, note 10)	
If the licensable activities will include the su supplies will be for consumption on or off the (see also guidance on completing the form,	ne premises, or both
<ul> <li>On the premises only</li> </ul>	
C Off the premises only	
C Both	
Section 5 of 9	
RELEVANT ENTERTAINMENT (See also e	guidance on completing the form, note 12)
State if the licensable activities will include period that you propose to provide relevan	the provision of relevant entertainment. If so, state the times during the event t entertainment
Sale of alcohol	
Saturday 29th June - 12:00 - 21:00	
Sunday 30th June - 12:00 - 21:00	
Amplified / Live music / children's entertair	iment
	sic 15:00 till 20:00 then lower volume background music for crowds dispersing ic 15:00 till 20:00 then lower volume background music for crowds dispersing
Serving of food	
Saturday 29th June - 12:00 - 20:00 Sunday 30th June - 12:00 - 20:00	
Section 6 of 9	
PERSONAL LICENCE HOLDERS (See also	guidance on completing the form, note 13)

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Commuted nom previous puge					
Do you currently hold a valid personal licence?	C	Yes	(•	No	
Section 7 of 9		J. E.			
PREVIOUS TEMPORARY EVEN	NT N	OTICES	S (See also guid	ance	on completing the form, note 14)
Have you previously given a temporary event notice in respect of any premises for events falling in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving this temporary event notice?		Yes	C	No	250 10
State the number of temporary event notices you have given for events in that same calendar year	4				
Have you already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	C	Yes	(	No	Ξ.
Section 8 of 9	· · · ·				
ASSOCIATES AND BUSINESS	COLI	LEAGU	ES (See also gu	idano	e on completing the form, note 15)
Has any associate of yours given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?	C	Yes	(•	No	
Has any associate of yours already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period: a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	C	Yes	۲	No	

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The second second second second			
Has any person with whom			
you are in business carrying			
on licensable activities given a	1		
temporary event notice for an			
event in the same calendar	C Yes	No	
year as the event for which			
you are now giving a			
temporary event notice?			
Has any person with whom			
you are in business carrying			
on licensable activities			
already given a temporary			
event notice for the same			
premises in which the event	0.14		
period:	C Yes	No	
a) Ends 24 hours or less			
before; or			
b) Begins 24 hours or less			
after the event period			
proposed in this notice?	2		
Section 9 of 9			19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1
Methodological and the second state of the			
CONDITION (See also guida	nce on comple	eting the form, note 17)	
It is a condition of this tempor	arv event notir	ce that where the relevant licensable activities described in Sectior	s 4 and 5
		such supplies are made by or under the authority of the premises u	
PAYMENT DETAILS		act supplies are made by or ander the dationty of the premises a	Jer.
This fee must be paid to the a	uthority. If you	complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit	card.
		complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit	card.
This formality requires a fixed	fee of £21		t card.
	fee of £21		t card.
This formality requires a fixed <b>DECLARATION</b> (See also gui	fee of £21 dance on com		t card.
This formality requires a fixed DECLARATION (See also gui * The information contained i	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co	ppleting the form, note 18)	t card.
This formality requires a fixed <b>DECLARATION</b> (See also gui	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co	ppleting the form, note 18)	t card.
This formality requires a fixed DECLARATION (See also gui * The information contained i * I understand that it is an offe	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co ence:	orrect to the best of my knowledge and belief	
This formality requires a fixed <b>DECLARATION</b> (See also gui * The information contained in * I understand that it is an offer * (i) to knowingly or recklessly	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co ence: make a false s	ppleting the form, note 18)	
This formality requires a fixed <b>DECLARATION</b> (See also gui * The information contained is * I understand that it is an offer * (i) to knowingly or recklessly liable on conviction for such	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co ence: make a false si an offence to a	apleting the form, note 18) orrect to the best of my knowledge and belief tatement in connection with this temporary event notice and that a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale; and	a person is
This formality requires a fixed <b>DECLARATION</b> (See also gui * The information contained is * I understand that it is an offer * (i) to knowingly or recklessly liable on conviction for such * (ii) to permit an unauthorise	fee of £21 dance on com n this form is co ence: make a false si an offence to a d licensable ac	orrect to the best of my knowledge and belief tatement in connection with this temporary event notice and that a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale; and tivity to be carried on at any place and that a person is liable on co	a person is nviction for
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Participant Samuel Constant

1.2

### Fuller, Maxine

From: Sent: To: Subject: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 20 May 2019 16:20 LICENSING RE: TEN - Warwick St Social

Dear Licensing,

Due to a recent event at Warwick Street Social which resulted in multiple complaints, primarily regarding noise nuisance, the Environmental Protection team would like to object to this TEN application. The team has concerns over further incidences of noise disturbance, especially when considering the duration and the planned frequency of the proposed events.

Kind Regards

From: Fuller, Maxine Sent: 20 May 2019 14:58 To: 'Licensing Team (Norfolk)' Cc: 'carrowadmin@fire.norfolk.gov.uk'; FOOD & SAFETY; ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION; Cominoxxx; Cook, Lewis Subject: TEN - Warwick St Social

Hi,

We have received on 18 May via our online system a TEN for Warwick St Social, 2 Warwick Street NR2 3LD to hold an event on 15 and 16 June 2019. Applicant is James Watkins.

Regards

Maxine Fuller Licensing Assistant/Licensing Office Norwich City Council (01603) 212761 Working hours: Monday to Thursday maxine.fuller@norwich.gov.uk

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From: Fuller, Maxine Sent: 20 May 2019 15:00 To: 'Licensing Team (Norfolk)' Cc: 'carrowadmin@fire.norfolk.gov.uk'; FOOD & SAFETY; ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION; Cominoxxx; Cook, Lewis Subject: TEN - Warwick St Social

Hi,

We have received on 18 May via our online system a TEN for Warwick St Social, 2 Warwick Street NR2 3LD to hold an event on 29 and 30 June 2019. Applicant is James Watkins.

Regards

Maxine Fuller Licensing Assistant/Licensing Office Norwich City Council (01603) 212761 Working hours: Monday to Thursday <u>maxine.fuller@norwich.gov.uk</u>

# Local Policy considerations

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.4 The 2003 Act requires the council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the four licensing objectives. These are:
  - The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
  - Public Safety
  - The Prevention of Public Nuisance
  - The Protection of Children from Harm
- 1.5 The 2003 Act also requires that the Council publishes a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that sets out the policies the Council will generally apply to promote the Licensing Objectives when making decisions on applications made under the Act.

### 2.0 Consultation and Links to other Policies and Strategies

- 2.7 So far as possible, the council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, and will not to use its powers under the Licensing Act 2003 to achieve outcomes that can be achieved by other legislation and other enforcement agencies. As an example, the council will not seek to impose fire safety conditions that may duplicate any requirements or prohibitions that could be imposed under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.
- 5.0 Conditions attaching to Licences
- 5.1 Where relevant representations are made, the council will make objective judgments as to whether conditions may need to be attached to the premises licence to secure achievement of the licensing objectives. Any conditions arising as a result of representations will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises, on those attending the premises, and members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned, and will cover matters that are within the control of individual licensees.
- 5.2 All applications will be considered on an individual basis and any condition attached to such a licence, will be tailored to each individual premises, in order to avoid the imposition of disproportionate or burdensome conditions on those premises. Therefore, mandatory conditions, will only be imposed where they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 8.0 The Impact of Licensed Premises
- 8.1 When considering whether any licensed activity should be permitted, and a relevant representation has been received, the likelihood of it causing

unacceptable adverse impact will be assessed by taking into account relevant matters including:

- the type of use, the number of customers likely to attend the premises and the type of customers at the time of the application;
- the proposed hours of operation;
- the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public or private transport that will be used by the customers;
- the means of access to the premises including the location of customer entrances and exits;
- the provision of toilet facilities;
- the frequency of the licensable activity.

With any adverse impact it may be possible to take steps to mitigate or prevent the impact and if such measures are reliable an activity may be licensed.

### LICENSING OBJECTIVES

- 20.0 Objective Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- 20.1 Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 introduced a wide range of measures for preventing crime and disorder and imposed a duty on the City Council, and others, to consider crime and disorder reduction in the exercise of all their duties. The Licensing Act 2003 reinforces this duty for local authorities.
- 20.2 The promotion of the licensing objective, to prevent crime and disorder, places a responsibility on licence holders to become key partners in achieving this objective. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to reduce or prevent crime and disorder on and in the vicinity of their premises, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and the licensable activities at those premises.
- 20.3 When addressing the issue of crime and disorder, the applicant should demonstrate that all those factors that impact on crime and disorder have been considered. These include:

Underage drinking

Drunkenness on premises

Public drunkenness

Keeping Illegal activity like drug taking and dealing, offensive weapons and sales of contraband or stolen goods away from the premises.

Preventing disorderly and potentially violent behaviour on and outside the premises.

Reducing Anti-social behaviour and Disorder inside and outside the premises

Litter

Unauthorised advertising

Protecting people and property from theft, vandalism and assault

Guard against glasses and bottles being used as weapons or causing accidents.

20.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or licensable activities:

Effective and responsible management of premises;

Training and supervision of staff;

Employ sufficient numbers of staff to keep numbers down of people awaiting service;

Provide sufficient seating for customers;

Patrols of staff around the premises;

Ensure sufficient lighting and visibility, removing obstructions if necessary, to discourage illegal activity;

Introduce an entry policy – making people aware of it – and apply it consistently and fairly;

Implement a search policy to prevent drugs, offensive weapons etc being brought onto the premises;

Implement effective management of entrance queues – incorporating barriers if necessary;

Adoption of best practice guidance e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy Toolkit, Minor Sales Major Consequences, Clubbing against Racism and other voluntary codes of practice, including those relating to drinks promotions e.g. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA), Security in Design published by BBPA and Drugs and Pubs, published by BBPA;

Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards e.g. Portman proof of age cards, Citizencard, Connexions Card and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs, or passports;

Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises;

Employment of Security Industry Authority licensed door staff to manage the door and minimize disorder;

Ensure glasses are collected on an on going basis, make regular inspections for broken glass and clear up;

Provision of toughened or plastic drinking vessels and bottles;

Provision of 'bottle bins' inside the premises and near exits;

Provision of secure, deposit boxes for confiscated items i.e. Operation Enterprise Drug and Weapon Amnesty Safe's;

Information displayed for staff and customers on Drug Awareness including the 'spiking' of drinks with drugs;

Provision of litterbins and other security measures, such as lighting, outside premises;

Membership of local 'Pubwatch' schemes or similar accreditation schemes or organizations ie Operation Enterprise;

Responsible advertising;

Distribution of promotional leaflets, posters etc;

Drug Seizure Kits (available from Norfolk Police Operation Enterprise);

Member of the 'NiteLink' radio scheme;

Working in partnership with the SOS Bus scheme;

Ban known offenders and share information with other licensed premises in the area;

Implement a dispersal policy;

Introduce a 'closed door' policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2-3 hours before licensable activities finish;

- 24.0 Objective prevention of public nuisance
- 24.1 Licensed premises can potentially have a significantly adverse impact on communities through public nuisances that arise from their operation. The amenity of residents and occupiers of other businesses should be maintained and protected from the potential consequence of the operation of licensed premises, whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.
- 24.2 Public nuisance will be interpreted in its widest sense, and will take it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter and antisocial behaviour, where these matters impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in an area.
- 24.3 Applicants should be aware that stricter conditions, including controls on licensing hours for all or some licensable activities will be applied, where licensed premises are in residential areas or where their activities may impact on residents or other business premises, and where relevant representations have been received. Conversely, premises for which it can be demonstrated have effective measures to prevent public nuisance, may be suitable for longer opening hours.
- 24.4 The council will normally permit the hours during which alcohol is sold to match the normal trading hours during which other sales take place, unless there are exceptional reasons such as disturbance or disorder attributable to the location and/or the premises, and relevant representations have been made.
- 24.5 The council believe that the impact a licensed premises can have on a neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open, and the times when licensable activities are taking place. Consequently, the council has adopted a policy on hours of trading, (section E) and in so doing, has given full consideration to the secretary of state's guidance on hours of trading.
- 24.6 Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to prevent public nuisance, relevant to the

individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. For example, the increasing business requirement for licence holders to provide live or recorded music in premises where this has not previously been the case is especially pertinent, and should be fully assessed on the application.

- 24.7 When addressing the issue of prevention of public nuisance, the applicant must demonstrate that those factors that impact on the likelihood of public nuisance have been considered. These may include:
  - the location of premises and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises, such as hospitals, hospices, care homes and places of worship
  - the hours of opening, particularly between 11pm and 7am
  - the nature of activities to be provided, including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature and whether they are to be held inside or outside premises
  - the design and layout of premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
  - the occupancy capacity of the premises
  - the availability of public transport
  - wind down period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises
  - last admission time
  - preventing litter and refuse becoming an eyesore
  - consideration of local residents that they are not upset by loud or persistent noise or by excessive light
  - preventing cars attending an event or premises from causing a noise nuisance and congestion, and from taking up local people's parking spaces
  - avoid early morning or late night refuse collections
  - avoiding emptying bins into skips, especially if they contain glass, either late at night or early in the morning
  - customers eating, drinking or smoking in open air areas (for example beer gardens/forecourts and other open areas adjacent to the premises).
- 24.8 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:
  - Effective and responsible management of premises.
  - Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of public nuisance, eg to ensure customers leave quietly.
  - Fit prominent signs requesting that customers respect local residents and leave quietly.
  - Control of operating hours for all or parts (eg garden areas) of premises, including such matters as deliveries ie not too early in the morning.
  - Adoption of best practice guidance (eg Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, produced by Institute of Acoustics, Licensed Property: Noise, published by BBPA).
  - Installation of soundproofing, air conditioning, acoustic lobbies and sound limitation devices.

- Management of people, including staff, and traffic (and resulting queues) arriving and leaving premises.
- Liaison with public transport providers.
- Siting of external lighting, including security lighting.
- Management arrangements for collection and disposal of waste, empty bottles etc.
- Effective ventilation systems to prevent the emission of unwanted odours.
- Take away packaging to include the name and address of the premises on it.
- Capacity levels for fast food outlets.
- Introduce a chill out area with coffee and mellow music where customers can settle before leaving.
- Introduce a closed door policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2 to 3 hours before licensable activities finish.

To address issues arising from customers smoking, eating and drinking in outdoor areas and on the highway outside the premises could include signage asking customers to keep noise to a minimum when using outdoor areas; restrictions on the numbers of customers permitted in certain outside areas and/or at certain times; and use of door-staff and employees to monitor possible public nuisance issues.

# **SECTION E - Hours of Trading**

30.2 In determining its policy on the hours of trading, the council has given full consideration to those parts of the secretary of state's guidance to the act which relate to hours of trading.

"Where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested."

30.7 Consideration will always be given to an applicant's individual case and if the matter of trading hours has been raised in a representation, the council will take into account any proposals the applicant has to minimise the risk of nuisance or disorder being caused or exacerbated by customers departing from the premises. It is however, unlikely that statements such as the premises being well-managed, or that the applicant is of good character or that the style of the premises is intended and likely to attract a discerning clientele, will alone be sufficient to demonstrate that restrictions on hours of trading should not be applied.

# APPENDIX D

# **National Guidance**

# (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

### CRIME AND DISORDER

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.2 In the exercise of their functions, licensing authorities should seek to co-operate with the Security Industry Authority ("SIA") as far as possible and consider adding relevant conditions to licences where appropriate. The SIA also plays an important role in preventing crime and disorder by ensuring that door supervisors are properly licensed and, in partnership with police and other agencies, that security companies are not being used as fronts for serious and organised criminal activity. This may include making specific enquiries or visiting premises through intelligence led operations in conjunction with the police, local authorities and other partner agencies. Similarly, the provision of requirements for door supervision may be appropriate to ensure that people who are drunk, drug dealers or people carrying firearms do not enter the premises and ensuring that the police are kept informed.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder. For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, antisocial behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.4 The inclusion of radio links and ring-round phone systems should be considered an appropriate condition for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These systems allow managers of licensed premises to communicate instantly with the police and facilitate a rapid response to any disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.
- 2.5 In the context of crime and disorder and public safety, the preservation of order on premises may give rise to genuine concerns about the ability of the management team with responsibility for the maintenance of order. This may

occur, for example, on premises where there are very large numbers of people and alcohol is supplied for consumption, or in premises where there are public order problems.

- 2.6 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.
- 2.7 It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. However, licensing authorities must ensure that they do not stray outside their powers and duties under the 2003 Act. This is important to ensure the portability of the personal licence and the offences set out in the 2003 Act and to ensure, for example, that the prevention of disorder is in sharp focus for all managers, licence holders and clubs.

### PUBLIC NUISANCE

- 2.18 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.19 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It is important to remember that the prevention of public nuisance could therefore include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally, as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. It may also include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises.
- 2.20 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will normally concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts. Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.

- 2.21 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where the provisions of the Environmental Protection Act 1990, the Noise Act 1996, or the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005 adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.
- 2.22 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, music noise from premises usually occurs from mid-evening until either late-evening or early-morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.23 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.40 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

# 7. Temporary Event Notices (TENs)

7.1 This Chapter covers the arrangements in Part 5 of the 2003 Act for the temporary carrying on of licensable activities which are not authorised by a premises licence or club premises certificate.

# General

- 7.2 The system of permitted temporary activities is intended as a light touch process, and as such, the carrying on of licensable activities does not have to be authorised by the licensing authority on an application. Instead, a person wishing to hold an event at which such activities are proposed to be carried on (the "premises user") gives notice to the licensing authority of the event (a "temporary event notice" or "TEN").
- 7.3 The TEN must be given to the licensing authority in the form prescribed in regulations made under the 2003 Act. Unless it is sent electronically, it must be sent to the relevant licensing authority, to the police and "local authority exercising environmental health functions" ("EHA") at least ten working days before the event (although a premises user may give a limited number of TENs to the licensing authority less than 10 working days before the event to which

they relate). "Working day" under the 2003 Act means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday or Bank Holiday. For limited purposes in relation to a TEN, the 2003 Act defines a "day" as a period of 24 hours beginning at midnight.

- 7.4 If a TEN is sent electronically via GOV.UK or the licensing authority's own facility, the licensing authority must notify the police and EHA as soon as possible and no later than the first working day after the TEN is given.
- 7.5 The police or "local authority exercising environmental health functions" ("EHA") may intervene to prevent such an event taking place by sending an objection to the licensing authority, which the licensing authority must consider on the basis of the statutory licensing objectives and decide whether the event should go ahead. The police or EHA ("relevant persons" for the purposes of TENs) may also intervene by agreeing a modification of the proposed arrangements directly with the TENs user (see paragraph 7.31-7.35 below). If a relevant person sends an objection, this may result in the licensing authority imposing conditions on a TEN but only where the venue at which the event is to be held has an existing premises licence or club premises certificate. When giving a TEN, the premises user should consider the promotion of the four licensing objectives. The licensing authority may only otherwise intervene if the statutory permitted limits on TENs would be exceeded.
- 7.6 A TEN does not relieve the premises user from any requirements under planning law for appropriate planning permission where it is required.

# Limitations

- 7.7 A number of limitations are imposed on the use of TENs by the 2003 Act. The limitations apply to:
  - the number of times a premises user may give a TEN (50 times in a calendar year for a personal licence holder and five times in a calendar year for other people);
  - the number of times a TEN may be given for any particular premises (12 times in a calendar year);
  - the maximum duration of an event authorised by a TEN is 168 hours (seven days);
  - the maximum total duration of the events authorised by TENs in relation to individual premises (21 days in a calendar year);
  - the maximum number of people attending at any one time (fewer than 500); and
  - the minimum period between events authorised under separate TENs in relation to the same premises (not including withdrawn TENs) by the same premises user (24 hours).

- 7.8 Any associate, relative or business partner of the premises user is considered to be the same premises user in relation to these restrictions. The 2003 Act defines an associate, in relation to the premises user, as being:
  - the spouse or civil partner of that person;
  - a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of that person;
  - an agent or employee of that person; or
  - the spouse or civil partner of a person listed in either of the two preceding bullet points.
- 7.9 A person living with another person as their husband or wife, is treated for these purposes as their spouse. 'Civil partner' has its meaning in the Civil Partnership Act 2004.
- 7.10 A TEN that is given and subsequently withdrawn by the TEN user can be included within the limits of the numbers of TENS allowed in a given calendar year. The limits for the number of TENs that may be given include a combination of both "standard" and "late" TENs.
- 7.11 Proposed activities that exceed these limits will require a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- 7.12 TENs may be given in respect of premises which already have a premises licence or club premises certificate to cover licensable activities not permitted by the existing authorisation.
- 7.13 In determining whether the maximum total duration of the periods covered by TENs at any individual premises has exceeded 21 days, an event beginning before midnight and continuing into the next day would count as two days towards the 21-day limitation.
- 7.14 There is nothing in the 2003 Act to prevent notification of multiple events at the same time, provided the first event is at least ten working days away (or five working days away in the case of a late TEN). For example, an individual personal licence holder wishing to exhibit and sell beer at a series of farmers' markets may wish to give several notices simultaneously. However, this would only be possible where the events are to take place in the same licensing authority (and police area) and the limits are not exceeded in the case of each notice.

# Who can give a temporary event notice?

Personal licence holders

7.15 A personal licence holder can give a TEN at any premises on up to 50 occasions in a calendar year. This limit is inclusive of any late TENs given in the same year. The use of each TEN must of course observe the limits described above, including the limit of 12 TENs in respect of each premises in a calendar year.

### Non-personal licence holders

7.16 The 2003 Act provides that any individual aged 18 or over may give a TEN whether or not that individual holds a personal licence. Such an individual will not, therefore, have met the requirements that apply to a personal licence holder under Part 6 of the 2003 Act. Where alcohol is not intended to be sold, this should not matter. However, many events will involve a combination of licensable activities. In the absence of a premises user holding a personal licence, the 2003 Act limits the number of notices that may be given by any non-personal licence holder to five occasions in a calendar year (this limit is inclusive of any late TENs in the same year). In every other respect, the Guidance and information set out in the paragraphs above applies.

# Standard and late temporary event notices

7.17 There are two types of TEN: a standard TEN and a late TEN. These are subject to different processes: a standard notice is given no later than ten working days before the event to which it relates; and a late notice is given not before nine and not later than five working days before the event.

### Standard temporary event notices

- 7.18 "Ten working days" (and other periods of days which apply to other requirements in relation to TENs) exclude the day the notice is received and the first day of the event. A notice that is given less than ten working days before the event to which it relates, when the premises user has already given the permitted number of late TENs in that calendar year, will be returned as void and the activities described in it will not be authorised.
- 7.19 The police and EHA have a period of three working days from when they are given the notice to object to it on the basis of any of the four licensing objectives. Where an objection is given, there is provision under section 106 of the 2003 Act for the police or EHA to agree with the premises user to modify the TEN (see paragraph 7.36 below).
- 7.20 Although ten clear working days is the minimum possible notice that may be given, licensing authorities should publicise their preferences in terms of advance notice and encourage premises users to provide the earliest possible notice of events planned by them. Licensing authorities should also consider publicising a preferred maximum time in advance of an event by when TENs should ideally be given to them.

Late temporary event notices

- 7.21 Late TENs are intended to assist premises users who are required for reasons outside their control to, for example, change the venue for an event at short notice. However, late TENs may, of course, be given in any circumstances providing the limits specified at paragraph 7.7 are not exceeded.
- 7.22 For a standard TEN, the police and EHA have a period of three working days from when they are given the notice to object to it on the basis of any of the four licensing objectives. However, if there is an objection to a late TEN from either the police or EHA, the event will not go ahead. In these circumstances there is

no scope for a hearing or the application of any existing conditions. There is no scope under the 2003 Act for the modification of a late TEN as is possible in relation to a standard TEN.

7.23 Late TENs can be given up to five working days but no earlier than nine working days before the event is due to take place and, unless given electronically to the licensing authority, must also be sent by the premises user to the police and EHA. A late TEN given less than five days before the event to which it relates will be returned as void and the activities to which it relates will not be authorised. The number of late TENs that can be given in a calendar year is limited to ten for personal licence holders and two for non-personal licence holders. Late TENs count towards the total number of permitted TENs (for example, the limit of five TENs per year for non-personal licence holders and 50 TENs for personal licence holders). Once these limits have been reached, the licensing authority should issue a counter notice (permitted limits) if any more are given.

### Role of the licensing authority

- 7.24 The licensing authority must check that the limitations set down in Part 5 of the 2003 Act are being observed and intervene if they are not (see paragraph 7.7). For example, a TEN would be void unless there is a minimum of 24 hours between events notified by the same premises user, or an associate or someone who is in business with the relevant premises user in respect of the same premises. This is to prevent evasion of the seven-day (or 168 hour) limit on such events and the need to obtain a full premises licence or club premises certificate for more major or permanent events. In addition, for these purposes, a TEN is treated as being from the same premises user if it is given by an associate.
- 7.25 Where the application is not within the statutory parameters described earlier, the licensing authority will issue a counter notice to the premises user.
- 7.26 Where the TEN is in order, the relevant fee paid, the event falls within the prescribed limits and there has been no objection from the police or EHA on the basis of any of the four licensing objectives, the licensing authority will record the notice in its register and send an acknowledgement to the premises user (which may be given electronically).
- 7.27 If the licensing authority receives an objection notice from the police or EHA that is not withdrawn, it must (in the case of a standard TEN only) hold a hearing to consider the objection (unless all parties agree that this is unnecessary). The licensing committee may decide to allow the licensable activities to go ahead as stated in the notice. If the notice is in connection with licensable activities at licensed premises, the licensing authority may also impose one or more of the existing licence conditions on the TEN (insofar as such conditions are not inconsistent with the event) if it considers that this is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. If the authority decides to impose conditions, it must give notice to the premises user which includes a statement of conditions (a "notice (statement of conditions)") and provide a copy to each relevant party. Alternatively, it can decide that the event would undermine the licensing objectives and should not take place. In this case, the licensing authority must give a counter notice.

- 7.28 Premises users are not required to be on the premises for the entire duration of the event authorised by the TEN, but they will remain liable to prosecution for certain offences that may be committed at the premises during the period covered by it. These include, for example, the offences of the sale of alcohol to a person who is drunk; persistently selling alcohol to children; and allowing disorderly conduct on licensed premises.
- 7.29 In the case of an event authorised by a TEN, failure to adhere to the requirements of the 2003 Act, such as the limitation of no more than 499 being present at any one time, would mean that the event was unauthorised. In such circumstances, the premises user would be liable to prosecution.
- 7.30 Section 8 of the 2003 Act requires licensing authorities to keep a register containing certain matters, including a record of TENs received. There is no requirement to record all the personal information given on a TEN.

# Police and environmental health intervention

- 7.31 The system of permitted temporary activities gives police and EHAs the opportunity to consider whether they should object to a TEN on the basis of any of the licensing objectives.
- 7.32 Such cases might arise because of concerns about the scale, location, timing of the event or concerns about public nuisance. However, in most cases, where (for example) alcohol is supplied away from licensed premises at a temporary bar under the control of a personal licence holder, (for example, at weddings with a cash bar or small social or sporting events) this should not usually give rise to the use of these powers.
- 7.33 The police and EHA have the right under sections 109(5) and (6) of the 2003 Act to request the premises user to produce the TEN for examination. If the police do not intervene when a TEN is given, they will still be able to rely on their powers of closure under Part 8 of the 2003 Act should disorder or noise nuisance be expected or arise.
- 7.34 If the police or EHA believe that allowing the premises to be used in accordance with the TEN will undermine the licensing objectives, they must give the premises user and the licensing authority an objection notice. The objection notice must be given within three working days of their receipt of the TEN.
- 7.35 Where a standard TEN was given, the licensing authority must consider the objection at a hearing before a counter notice can be issued. At the hearing, the police, EHA and the premises user may make representations to the licensing authority. Following the hearing, the licensing authority may decide to impose conditions where there is an existing premises licence or club premises certificate at the venue or issue a counter notice to prevent the event going ahead. If the police, EHA or both give an objection to a late TEN, the TEN will not be valid.

# Modification

7.36 As noted above, the police or EHA (as "relevant persons") may contact the premises user to discuss their objections and try to come to an agreement which will allow the proposed licensable activities to proceed. The TEN can be modified (for example, by changing the details of the parts of the premises that are to be used for the event, the description of the nature of the intended activities or their duration). The other relevant person has to agree.

# Applying conditions to a TEN

- 7.37 The 2003 Act provides that only the licensing authority can impose conditions from the existing conditions on the premises licence or club premises certificate to a TEN. The licensing authority can only do so:
  - if the police or the EHA have objected to the TEN;
  - if that objection has not been withdrawn;
  - there is a licence or certificate in relation to at least a part of the premises in respect of which the TEN is given;
  - and if the licensing authority considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives to impose one or more conditions.
- 7.38 This decision is one for the licensing authority alone, regardless of the premises user's views or willingness to accept conditions. The conditions must be notified to the premises user on the form prescribed by regulations.

# Hearings to impose conditions

7.39 Section 105 of the 2003 Act is clear that a licensing authority must hold a hearing to consider any objections from the police or EHA unless all the parties agree that a hearing is not necessary. If the parties agree that a hearing is not necessary and the licensing authority decides not to give a counter notice on the basis of the objection, it may impose existing conditions on the TEN.