Report to	Licensing sub committee	ltem
	30 March 2016	
Report of	Head of citywide services Licensing Act 2003:	3
Subject	Application for the Grant of a Premises Licence – Turtle Bay, 8 Swan Lane, Norwich, NR2 1HZ	U

#### Purpose

Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider the application for the grant of a premises licence in respect of Turtle Bay, 8 Swan Lane, Norwich, NR2 1HZ following the receipt of relevant representations.

#### Recommendation

That members determine the application to grant a Premises Licence in respect of Turtle Bay, 8 Swan Lane, Norwich, NR2 1HZ in accordance with the:

- Licensing Act 2003;
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003; and
- Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy, including the Cumulative Impact Policy.

#### **Corporate and service priorities**

The report helps to meet the corporate priority of a safe and clean city and the service plan priority of protecting the interests of the public through the administration of the licensing function.

#### **Financial implications**

None.

Ward/s: Mancroft

**Cabinet member:** Councillor Driver – Neighbourhoods and community safety

#### **Contact officers**

Tony Shearman, Licensing Manager

01603 212761

#### **Background documents**

None

### Report

#### The application

- 1. The applicant is Turtle Bay Restaurants Limited of Ampney House, Falcon Close, Quedgeley, Gloucester, GL2 4LS.
- 2. The application seeks to allow the licensable activities, times and opening hours as set out in the application form, which is attached at appendix A. This also includes the steps proposed to promote the licensing objectives (operating schedule) together with a plan of the premises and company policy documents relating to customer dispersal and smoking and al fresco dining.

#### **Relevant representations**

3. The responses from the Responsible Authorities are as follows:

Police – no representations.

Environmental Protection – no representations.

Fire Officer – no representations.

Planning Officer – representation received.

Area Child Protection Committee – no representations.

Trading Standards – no representations.

Primary Care Trust - no representations

4. The representation from planning relates to the proposed opening hours and I would draw your attention to para. 9.44 of the Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, copied below:-

# Considering cases where licensing and planning applications are made simultaneously

- 9.44 Where businesses have indicated, when applying for a licence under the 2003 Act, that they have also applied for planning permission or that they intend to do so, licensing committees and officers should consider discussion with their planning counterparts prior to determination with the aim of agreeing mutually acceptable operating hours and scheme designs.
- 5. Three representations objecting to the application have been received from local residents/businesses. Copies of all the representations are attached at appendix B to the report, together with a plan identifying the relevant premises.

#### Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy

6. Attached at appendix C are the elements of the city council's local licensing policy, which are considered to have a bearing upon the application, including the cumulative impact policy at paragraph 29.

#### National Guidance (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

7. Attached at appendix D are the elements of the national guidance issued by the Secretary of State that are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

#### Summary

- 8. In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives the sub-committee must give appropriate weight to:
  - the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives (i.e. the prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and the protection of children from harm);
  - the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;
  - the guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (national guidance); and
  - the council's own statement of licensing policy, including the cumulative impact policy.
- 9. The sub-committee must take such of the following steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:
  - Grant the application as asked;
  - Modify the conditions of the licence by altering or omitting or adding to them;
  - Reject the whole or part of the application
- 10. The sub-committee is asked to note that it may not modify the conditions or reject the whole or part of the application merely because it considers it desirable to do so. It must actually be appropriate in order to promote the licensing objectives.
- 11. The representations received appear to relate to issues that fall under the licensing objectives. The sub-committee is directed to paragraphs 20 and 24 of the local licensing policy at appendix D which contain examples of factors that impact on the licensing objectives that the applicant could consider when addressing these issues. These paragraphs also contains examples of control measures that may be taken into account in operating schedules having regard to the type of premises and/or the licensable activities.
- 12. The sub-committee is also reminded of the contents of appendices 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the local licensing policy (not re-produced in this report) which contain pools of model conditions relating to the four licensing objectives.

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## **APPENDIX A**



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#### Norwich Applicatio

Application for a premises licence Licensing Act 2003 For help contact licensingapplications@norwich.gov.uk Telephone: 0344 980 3333

\* required information

Section 1 of 19		
You can save the form at any t	ime and resume it later. You do not need to be	logged in when you resume.
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.
Your reference TUR140/36		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.
Are you an agent acting on be Yes		Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.
Applicant Details		RECEIVER
* First name	Turtle Bay Restaurants Limited	]   ···CEIVED
* Family name	n/a	RECEIVED -2 FEB 2016
* E-mail	rebeccaingram@kuits.com	LICENSING OFFICE
Main telephone number	0161 838 7888	Include country code.
Other telephone number		
Indicate here if the appli	cant would prefer not to be contacted by telep	hone
Is the applicant:		
<ul> <li>Applying as a business of</li> <li>Applying as an individual</li> </ul>	er organisation, including as a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.
<b>Applicant Business</b> * Is the applicant's business registered in the UK with Companies House?	Yes C No	
* Registration number	07127647	
* Business name	Turtle Bay Restaurants Limited	If the applicant's business is registered, use its registered name.
* VAT number GB	n/a	Put "none" if the applicant is not registered for VAT.
* Legal status	Private Limited Company	]

Continued from previous page		
* Applicant's position in the business	n/a	]
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the applicant's headquarters are.
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
* Building number or name	Ampney House	]
* Street	Falcon Close	]
District	Quedgeley	]
* City or town	Gloucester	]
County or administrative area		]
* Postcode	GL2 4L5	
* Country	United Kingdom	]
Agent Details		
* First name	Kuit Steinart Levy LLP	]
* Family name	n/a	]
* E-mail	rebeccaingram@kuits.com	]
Main telephone number	0161 838 7888	Include country code.
Other telephone number		]
🔲 Indicate here if you wou	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone	
Are you:		
An agent that is a busine	ess or organisation, including a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure.
C A private individual acti	ng as an agent	person without any special legal structure.
Agent Business * Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	Yes No	
* Registration number	OC334768	]
* Business name	Kuit Steinart Levy LLP	If your business is registered, use its registered name.
* VAT number GB	n/a	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.
* Legal status Partnership		

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Continued from previous page		
* Your position in the business	Solicitor	
Home country United Kingdom		The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Agent Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
* Building number or name	3	
* Street	St Mary's Parsonage	
District		
* City or town	Manchester	
County or administrative area		
* Postcode	M3 2RD	
* Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 19		
PREMISES DETAILS		
	ply for a premises licence under section 17 of th he premises) and I/we are making this applicati of the Licensing Act 2003.	
Premises Address		
Are you able to provide a post	al address, OS map reference or description of t	he premises?
Address O OS mag	p reference C Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	Turtle Bay, 8	
Street	Swan Lane	
District		100
City or town	Norwich	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	NR2 1HZ	
Country	United Kingdom	
Further Details		
Telephone number		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)	81,500	

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Section 3 of 19					
APPL	ATION DETAILS				
In wh	capacity are you applying for the premises licence?				
	An individual or individuals				
$\boxtimes$	limited company				
	partnership				
	n unincorporated association				
	recognised club				
	charity				
	he proprietor of an educational establishment				
	health service body				
	person who is registered under part 2 of the Care Standards Act 000 (c14) in respect of an independent hospital in Wales				
	person who is registered under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and ocial Care Act 2008 in respect of the carrying on of a regulated ctivity (within the meaning of that Part) in an independent hospital in ngland				
	he chief officer of police of a police force in England and Wales				
	Other (for example a statutory corporation)				
Conf	n The Following				
$\boxtimes$	am carrying on or proposing to carry on a business which involves ne use of the premises for licensable activities				
	am making the application pursuant to a statutory function				
	am making the application pursuant to a function discharged by rtue of Her Majesty's prerogative				
Secti	4 of 19				
NON INDIVIDUAL APPLICANTS					
Provide name and registered address of applicant in full. Where appropriate give any registered number. In the case of a partnership or other joint venture (other than a body corporate), give the name and address of each party concerned.					
Non Individual Applicant's Name					
Nam	Turtle Bay Restaurants Limited				
Deta	i				
Regis appli	red number (where 07127647 ble)				
Desc	Description of applicant (for example partnership, company, unincorporated association etc)				

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Continued from previous page				
Private limited company				
Address				
Building number or name	Ampney House			
Street	Falcon Close			
District	Quedgeley			
City or town	Gloucester			
County or administrative area				
Postcode	GL2 4LS			
Country	United Kingdom			
Contact Details				
E-mail	rebeccaingram@kuits.com			
Telephone number	0161 838 7888			
Other telephone number				
	Add another applicant			
Section 5 of 19				
OPERATING SCHEDULE				
When do you want the premises licence to start?	02 / 03 / 2016 dd mm yyyy			
If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end	dd mm yyyy			
Provide a general description	of the premises			
For example the type of premises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant to the licensing objectives. Where your application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for consumption of these off- supplies you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the premises.				
Caribbean themed restaurant	and bar			
If 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, state the number expected to attend				

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Continued from previous	page		
Section 6 of 19		ulin (17 sén as i s	
PROVISION OF PLAYS			
Will you be providing p	lays?		
C Yes	No		
Section 7 of 19			
PROVISION OF FILMS			
Will you be providing fi	lms?		
C Yes	No		
Section 8 of 19			
PROVISION OF INDOO	R SPORTING EVEN	TS	
Will you be providing in	ndoor sporting even	its?	
C Yes	No		
Section 9 of 19			
PROVISION OF BOXIN	<b>5 OR WRESTLING E</b>	NTERTAINMENTS	
Will you be providing b	oxing or wrestling e	entertainments?	
C Yes	No		
Section 10 of 19			
PROVISION OF LIVE M	USIC		
Will you be providing li	ve music?		
○ Yes	No		
Section 11 of 19			
PROVISION OF RECOR	DED MUSIC		
Will you be providing re	ecorded music?		
Yes	C No		
Standard Days And Ti	mings		
MONDAY			
	Start 10:00	End	Give timings in 24 hour clock. (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	End	of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY		L L	
1020Ditti	Start 10:00	rad (	20.00
	1		00:00
	Start	End	
WEDNESDAY	2007		
	Start 10:00	End	00:00
	Start	End	

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THURSDAY				
	Start 10:00	End 01:00		
	Start	End		
FRIDAY				
	Start 10:00	End 01:00		
	Start	End		
SATURDAY	L			
	Start 10:00	End 01:00		
	Start	End		
SUNDAY		L		
	Start 10:00	End 00:00		
	Start	End		
Will the playing of reco	orded music take place indoors or out			
Indoors	C Outdoors C	structure tick as appropriate. Indoors may Both include a tent.		
		, and give relevant further details, for example (but not		
exclusively) whether or	r not music will be amplified or unam	nplified.		
State any seasonal varia	ations for playing recorded music			
For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.				
		the playing of recorded music at different times from those listed		
in the column on the le				
For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.				
From the start time on New Year's Eve to the terminal hour for New Year's Day.				
Section 12 of 19				
PROVISION OF PERFO	RMANCES OF DANCE			
Will you be providing p	performances of dance?			

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Continued from previous	page		C Yes	No	
Section 13 of 19					
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	ING OF A SIMILAR DESCR	IPTION TO LIVE MU	SIC, RECORDED MUSIC O	R PERFORMANCES OF	
Will you be providing a performances of dance	nything similar to live musi ?	c, recorded music or	·		
	No				
Section 14 of 19			- Maria Maria and An		
LATE NIGHT REFRESH					
Will you be providing la	ate night refreshment?				
Yes	C, No				
Standard Days And Ti	mings				
MONDAY			Give timings in 2	4 hour clock	
	Start 23:00	End 00:	30 (e.g., 16:00) and c	only give details for the days	
	Start	End	of the week when to be used for the	n you intend the premises	
TUESDAY				e activity.	
TUESDAT					
	Start 23:00	End 00:	30		
	Start	End			
WEDNESDAY					
	Start 23:00	End 00:	30		
	Start	End			
THURSDAY		L.,_	]		
I IIIIIIIIIII	Stort 22:00	Fact at	20		
	Start 23:00	End 01:	30		
	Start	End			
FRIDAY					
	Start 23:00	End 01:	30		
	Start	End			
SATURDAY	I <u></u> J				
	Start 23:00	End 01:	20		
	Start	End			
SUNDAY	SUNDAY				
	Start 23:00	End 00:	30		
	Start	End			

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Will the provision of late both?	night refreshmen	it take place ii	ndoors	or outdoors or	
Indoors	C Outdo	oors	C B	oth	Where taking place in a building or other structure tick as appropriate. Indoors may include a tent.
State type of activity to b exclusively) whether or n					further details, for example (but not
State any seasonal variati					
For example (but not exc	lusively) where th	ne activity wil	loccur	on additional d	ays during the summer months.
Non-standard timings. W those listed in the colum			for the	supply of late	night refreshments at different times from
For example (but not exc	lusively), where y	ou wish the a	ctivity t	o go on longe	r on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
From the start time on Ne commences, one addition			our for i	New Year's Day	v. On the day that British Summertime
Section 15 of 19					
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL					
Will you be selling or sup	plying alcohol?				
• Yes	C No				
Standard Days And Tim	ings				
MONDAY					_ Give timings in 24 hour clock.
	Start 10:00	]	Er	nd 00:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	]	Er	nd	of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY					
	Start 10:00	]	Er	nd 00:00	]
	Start	]	Er	nd	]

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Continued from previous page					
WEDNESDAY					
Start 10:00	End 00:00				
Start	End				
THURSDAY					
Start 10:00	End 01:00				
Start	End				
FRIDAY	kaza				
Start 10:00	End 01:00				
Start	End				
SATURDAY					
Start 10:00	End 01:00				
Start	End				
SUNDAY					
Start 10:00	End 00:00				
Start	End				
Will the sale of alcohol be for consumption:	If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on				
C On the premises C Off the premises (•	the premises select on, if the sale of alcoholBothis for consumption away from the premises				
	select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away				
	from the premises select both.				
State any seasonal variations					
For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will oc	cur on additional days during the summer months.				
Non-standard timings. Where the premises will be used for column on the left, list below	the supply of alcohol at different times from those listed in the				
For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.					
From the start time on New Year's Eve to the terminal hour for New Year's Day.					
State the name and details of the individual whom you wis	h to specify on the				
licence as premises supervisor					

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Name		
First name	Stephen	
Family name	Entwistle	
Enter the contact's address		
Building number or name	21	
Street	Grosvenor Road	
District	Sketty	
City or town	Swansea	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	SA2 0SP	
Country	United Kingdom	
Personal Licence number (if known)		
lssuing licensing authority (if known)	City & County of Swansea	
PROPOSED DESIGNATED PRE	MISES SUPERVISOR CONSENT	
How will the consent form of the supplied to the authority?	he proposed designated premises supervisor	
C Electronically, by the pro	posed designated premises supervisor	
As an attachment to this	application	
Reference number for consent		If the consent form is already submitted, ask
form (if known)		the proposed designated premises supervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your reference'.
Section 16 of 19		
ADULT ENTERTAINMENT		
Highlight any adult entertainm premises that may give rise to	nent or services, activities, or other entertainme concern in respect of children	nt or matters ancillary to the use of the
rise to concern in respect of ch	ng intended to occur at the premises or ancillar ildren, regardless of whether you intend childre semi-nudity, films for restricted age groups etc	en to have access to the premises, for example
n/a		
Section 17 of 19		
HOURS PREMISES ARE OPEN	TO THE PUBLIC	

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Standard Days And Timing			
MONDAY			
	rt 10:00	Give timings in 24 hour clock. End 00:30 (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the	e davs
Star		of the week when you intend the prem	ises
TUESDAY		End to be used for the activity.	
	t 10.00		
	rt 10:00	End 00:30	
Star		End	
WEDNESDAY			
Star	rt 10:00	End 00:30	
Star	rt	End	
THURSDAY			
Star	rt 10:00	End 01:30	
Star	rt 📃	End	
FRIDAY			
Star	rt 10:00	End 01:30	
Star	t	End	
SATURDAY			
Star	rt 10:00	End 01:30	
Star	t	End	
SUNDAY	L		
Star	t 10:00	End 00:30	
Star		End	
State any seasonal variations			
For example (but not exclusiv	vely) where the activity will oc	cur on additional days during the summer months.	
L			
Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises to be open to the members and guests at different times from those listed in the column on the left, list below			
For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.			
r	'ear's Eve to the terminal hour	for New Year's Day. On the day that British Summer Time	

Continued from previous page...

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#### LICENSING OBJECTIVES

Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General - all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.

Please see attached operating schedule and policies.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

Please see attached operating schedule and policies.

c) Public safety

Please see attached operating schedule and policies.

d) The prevention of public nuisance

Please see attached operating schedule and policies.

e) The protection of children from harm

Please see attached operating schedule and policies.

#### Section 19 of 19

#### **PAYMENT DETAILS**

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Premises Licence Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises. To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/ business\_rates/index.htm Band A - No RV to £4300 £100.00

Band B - £4301 to £33000 £190.00

Band C - £33001 to £87000 £315.00 Band D - £87001 to £125000 £450.00\*

Band E - £125001 and over £635.00\*

\*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Continued from previous page				
Band D - £87001 to £12500 £900.00				
Band E - £125001 and over £1,905.00				
There is an exemption from the	e payment of fee	s in relation to the provision of regulated entertainment at church halls,		
chapel halls or premises of a si	milar nature, villa	ge halls, parish or community halls, or other premises of a similar nature. The		
costs associated with these lice	ences will be met	by central Government. If, however, the licence also authorises the use of		
the premises for the supply of a	alcohol or the pro	ovision of late night refreshment, a fee will be required.		
Schools and sixth form college	s are exempt fror	n the fees associated with the authorisation of regulated entertainment		
where the entertainment is pro	ovided by and at	the school or college and for the purposes of the school or college.		
	u are subject to A	DDITIONAL fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time		
Capacity 5000-9999 £1,000.00				
Capacity 10000 -14999 £2,000.0				
Capacity 15000-19999 £4,000.0				
Capacity 20000-29999 £8,000.0				
Capacity 30000-39999 £16,000				
Capacity 40000-49999 £24,000				
Capacity 50000-59999 £32,000				
Capacity 60000-69999 £40,000				
Capacity 70000-79999 £48,000				
Capacity 80000-89999 £56,000				
Capacity 90000 and over £64,0	00.00			
* Fee amount (£)	450.00			
DECLARATION				
I/we understand it is an offen	ce liable on conv	viction to a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale, under section 158 of the		
licensing act 2003, to make a	false statement i	n or in connection with this application.		
_		in of all connection with this uppacedion.		
Ticking this box indicate	es you have read	and understood the above declaration		
This section should be complete	ed by the applic	ant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on		
behalf of the applicant?"	ted by the applica	and, unless you answered fres to the question. Are you an agent acting on		
benan of the applicant:				
* Full name	Kuit Steinart Lev	ry LLP		
* Capacity	Solicitors and Au	uthorised Agents		
* Date	02 / 02 /	2016		
Dute				
	dd mm	уууу		
	Add	another signatory		
Once you're finished you need				
1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as				
2. Go back to https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/norwich/apply-1 to upload this file and continue				
with your application.				
Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.				
IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING LEVEL 5 ON THE STANDARD				
SCALE, UNDER SECTION 158	OF THE LICENSIN	NG ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION		
WITH THIS APPLICATION				

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OFFICE USE ONLY	
Applicant reference number	TUR140/36
Fee paid	
Payment provider reference	
ELMS Payment Reference	
Payment status	
Payment authorisation code	
Payment authorisation date	
Date and time submitted	
Approval deadline	
Error message	
Is Digitally signed	
< Previous <u>1 2 3</u> <u>4</u>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 Next >

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#### **OPERATING SCHEDULE**

## Staff shall be trained in the requirements of the Licensing ACTENS Shith Generative the Licensing Objectives.

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#### A) The Prevention of Crime and Disorder

- 1. A CCTV system shall be maintained and operated at the premises with cameras positioned both internally and externally.
- 2. Recorded CCTV images will be maintained and stored for a period of twenty-eight days and shall be produced to the Police or Licensing Authority upon request.
- CCTV will be in operation at any time a person is in the premises. Where CCTV is recorded onto a hard drive system, any DVDs subsequently produced will be in a format so it can be played back on a standard PC or DVD player.
- Any person left in charge of the premises must be trained in the use of any such CCTV equipment, and be able to produce CCTV images to an officer from a responsible authority upon request.
- 5. Plans indicating the position of CCTV cameras to be submitted to the Police prior to the premises opening.
- 6. The premises shall have in place a Security Deployment Plan which may be updated from time to time. As part of this plan, SIA registered door staff shall be employed at the premises in accordance with a risk assessment, to be carried out by the DPS.
- 7. When employed, a register of those door staff employed shall be maintained at the premises and shall include:
  - (i) the number of door staff on duty;
  - (ii) the identity of each member of door staff;
  - (iii) the times the door staff are on duty.
- 8. Open containers of alcohol shall not be removed from the premises, save for consumption in any delineated external area as shown on the plan attached to the licence
- 9. Staff will be trained in the laws relating to under age sales, and that training shall be documented and repeated at 6 monthly intervals.
- 10. A refusals book will be maintained at the premises, and made available to an officer of a responsible authority upon request.
- 11. At any given time, a minimum of 70% of the public trading area will be set aside for tables and chairs.
- 12. There shall be a full meals menu and waiter or waitress service of food available at all times, with last orders for food being taken up until at least 1 hour before the cessation of hours for the sale of alcohol.

#### B) Public Safety

1. A first aid box will be available at the premises at all times.

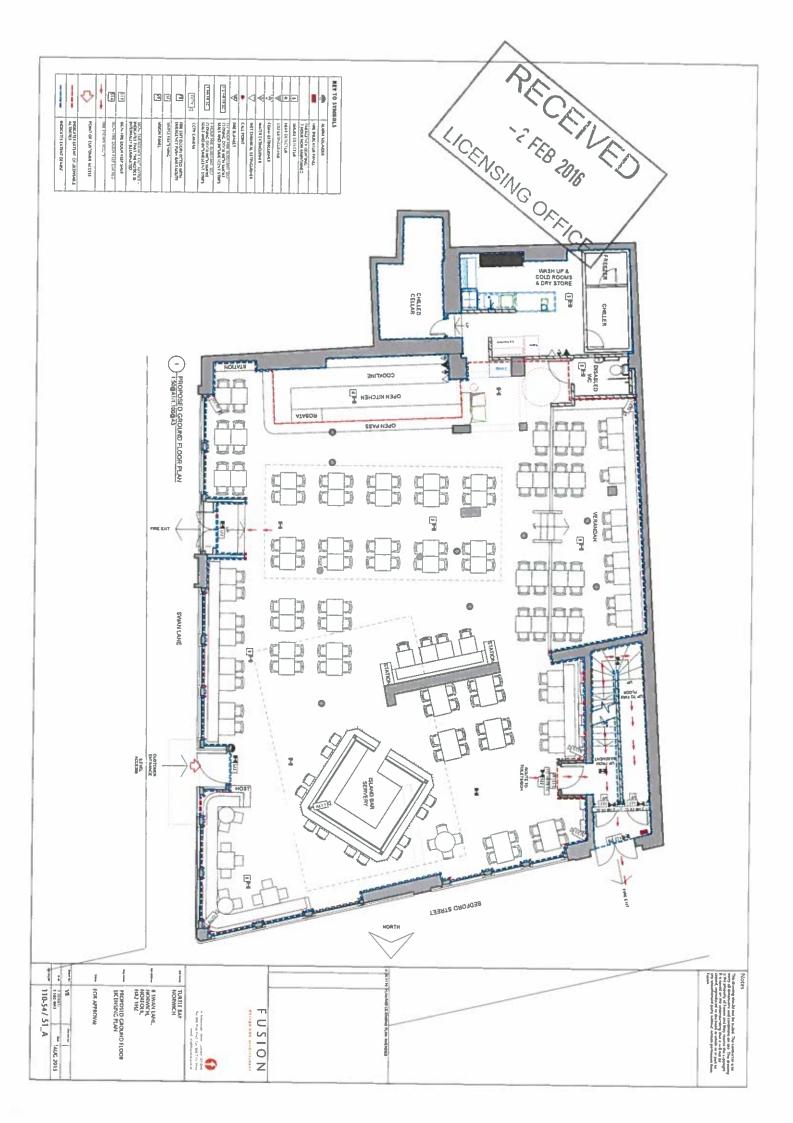
- 2. Regular safety checks shall be carried out by staff.
- 3. Management shall liaise with the Fire Authority as necessary to ensure compliance with all necessary fire regulations.
- 4. The premises shall maintain an Incident Log and public liability insurance.

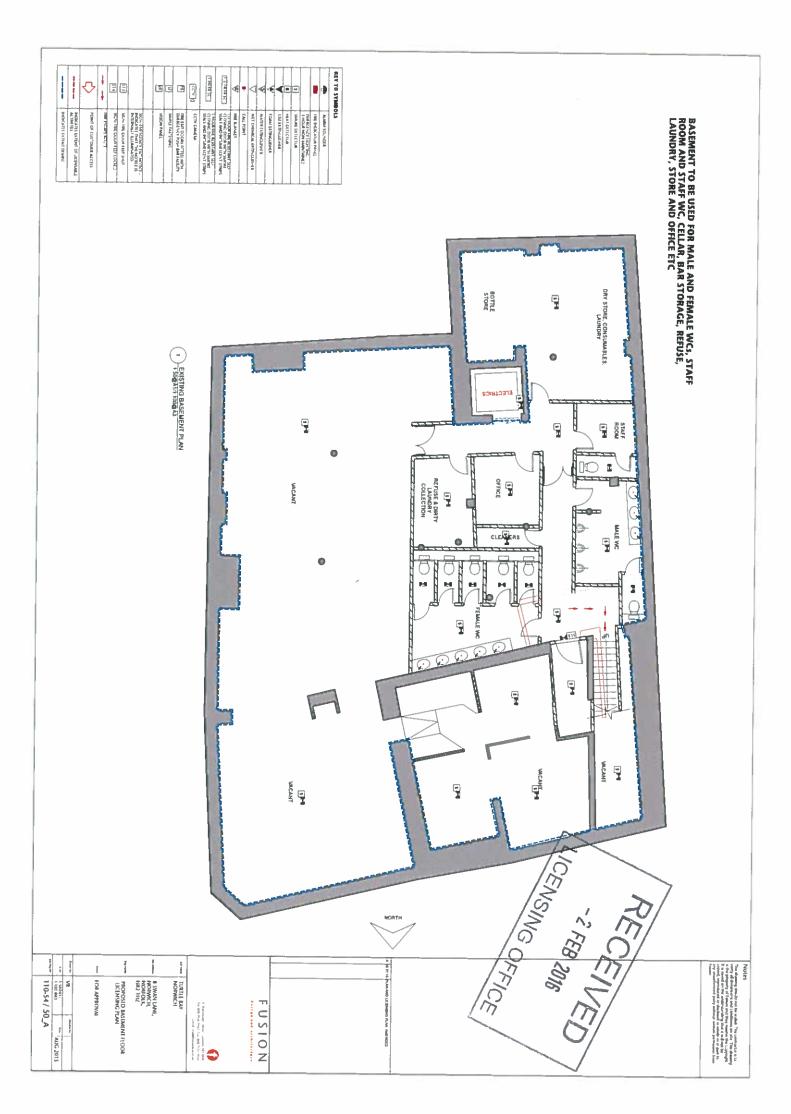
#### C) The Prevention of Public Nuisance

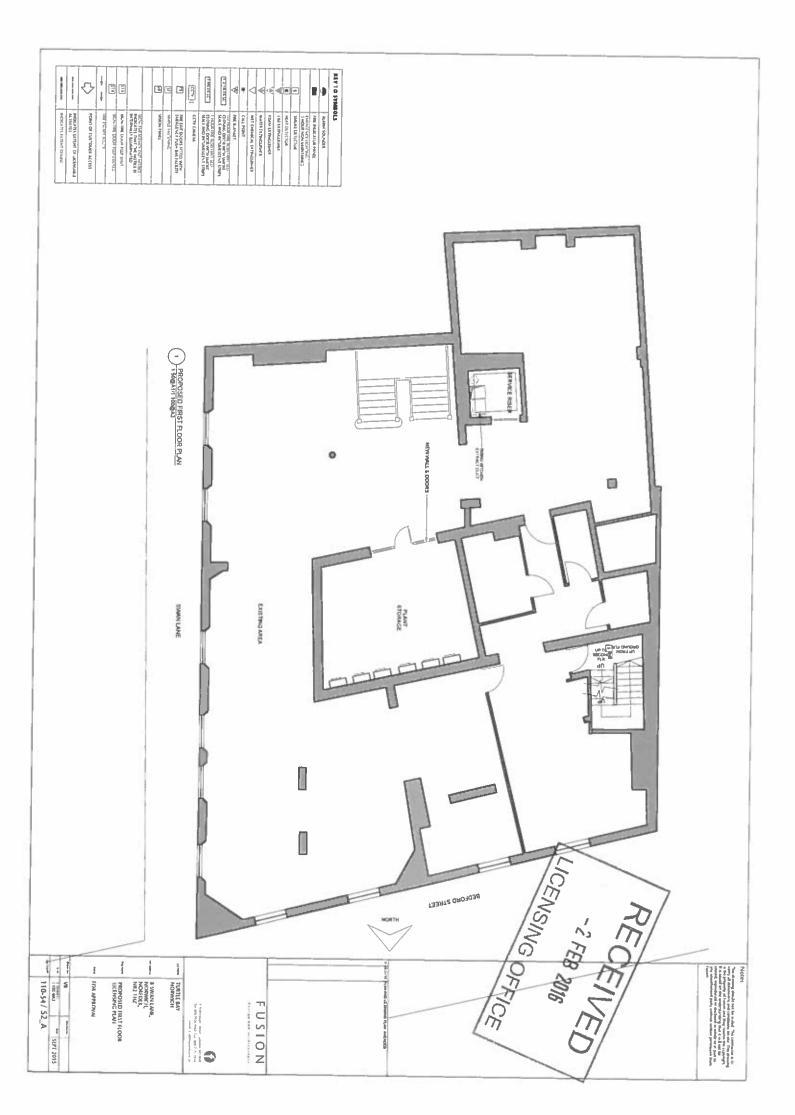
- 1. Noise from amplified music or voices shall not be such as to cause a noise nuisance to occupants of nearby premises.
- 2. The exterior of the building shall be cleared of litter at regular intervals.
- 3. Notices will be positioned at the exits to the building requesting customers to leave in a quiet manner.
- 4. Doors and windows at the premises are to remain closed after 11pm, save for access and egress.
- 5. A Dispersal and Smoking Policy will be implemented and adhered to (see attached).
- 6. The emptying of bins into skips, and refuse collections will not take place between 11pm and 8am.
- 7. No noise shall emanate from the premises nor vibration be transmitted through the structure of the premises which gives rise to a nuisance.

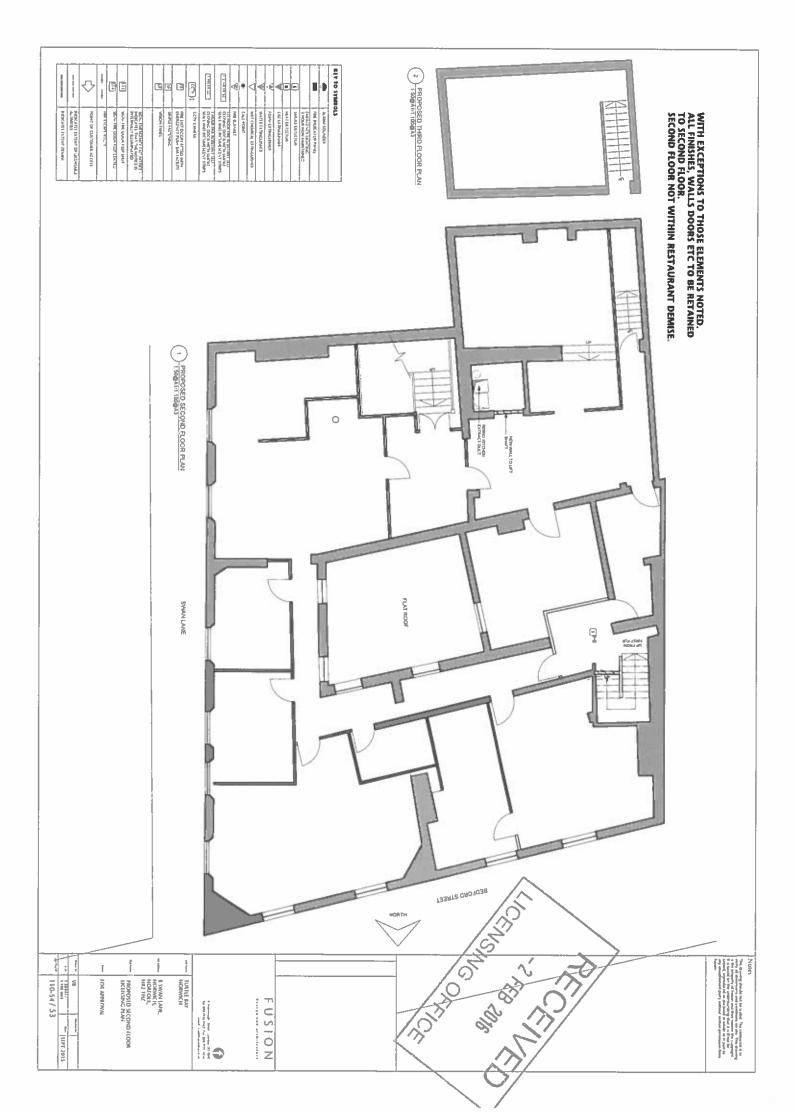
#### D) The Protection of Children From Harm

- 1. A "Challenge 21" Policy shall be implemented in full and appropriate identification sought from any person who appears to be under the age of 21. The only acceptable photographic driving licences, passports, HM forces cards, or a form of identification with the "PASS" hologram.
- 2. Staff training will include the Challenge 21 Policy and its operation. In particular, staff shall be trained to take such action as is necessary to prevent the sale of alcohol to persons over the age of 18 where those customers are engaged in the distribution of alcohol to persons under the age of 18. The training must be given to a new member of staff before they commence employment and all staff must receive refresher training every 6 months.
- 3. Notices advising what forms of ID are acceptable must be displayed.
- 4. Notices must be displayed in prominent positions indicating that the Challenge 21 policy is in force.





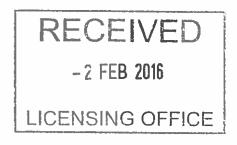




#### **TURTLE BAY NORWICH**

#### **SMOKING & AL FRESCO DINING POLICY**

- 1. Any outside area used by customers wishing to dine, drink or smoke shall be clearly delineated and covered by the CCTV system which will be installed at the premises.
- 2. The outside area shall be monitored on regular basis by staff or door staff (when employed).
- 3. The area will be cleaned regularly
- 4. Suitable receptacles shall be provided for smokers to dispose of cigarette butts.
- 5. Signs will be displayed in the area requesting customers keep noise to a minimum.
- 6. Patrons who disregard signage and verbal instructions regarding noise will be asked to move inside and/or leave the premises.
- 7. Open containers of alcohol shall not be permitted to be taken beyond the boundary of any outside area.



#### **TURTLE BAY NORWICH**

DISPERSAL POLICY

RECEIVED

-2 FEB 2016

LICENSING OFFICE

The purpose of this Dispersal Policy is to ensure, so far as it is possible, that minimum disturbance or nuisance is caused to our neighbours and to ensure that the operation of the premises makes the minimum impact upon the neighbourhood in relation to potential nuisance and anti-social behaviour. This will be achieved by exercising pro-active measures towards and at the end of the evening.

By ensuring that this Dispersal Policy document is brought to the attention of Management and Staff we will seek to encourage the efficient, controlled and safe dispersal of our patrons during our closing period.

- 1. At the end of the evening management and staff will assist with the orderly and gradual dispersal of patrons.
- 2. Staff Members (including door personnel when employed) will advise patrons to leave the premises quickly and quietly out of respect for our neighbours.
- 3. Notices will be displayed requesting our customers to leave quietly and in an orderly manner out of consideration to neighbours and their attention will be drawn to these notices by members of staff.
- 4. We will ensure the removal of all bottles and drinking receptacles from any patron before exiting the premises (this does not apply in the case of consumption in any delineated external drinking area.)
- 5. We will actively discourage our customers from assembling outside the premises at the end of the evening.

## **APPENDIX B**

RECEIVED

1 I FEB 2016

#### Norwich City Council Licensing Authority Licensing Act 2003

#### Statement of support or objection to an application for a premises licence

an application for a premises licence		
Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	Christopher Ellis of Dipples Sewellos	
Postal address	2-6 SWAND LANE NORWICH NR2 ISA	
	NORWICH NR2 15A	
Email address		
Contact telephone number		
Name of the premises you wish to		

Name of the premises you wish to	-		0		
support or object to		octle	Usny		
Address of the premises you wish to	0	0	1		
support or object to.	0	JWAN	Uproe	Norwicz,	NRZIHZ

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2) Licensing Objective Please set out your support or objections below.

	Please use separate sheets if necessary
To prevent crime and disorder	Object. Lan concerned drant late night drunking ad possible vondalism.
Public safety	
To prevent public nuisance	OBJECTION to music Being played. I an concerned about the volume. during Working houd, with noise transmitting through the walks. K 9.302 8.00 pm + Surdays
To protect children from harm	

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.			restricted in toduced	and Mary mum
Signed:	Date: (0)	2/16		

Date: 10	2/2/	116
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Please

reverse

CORPORATE RESOURCES 11 FEB 2016 POST.ROOM

CORPORATE RESOURCES RECEIVED Norwich City Council Licensing Authority 10 FEB 2016 Licensing Act 2003 10 FEB 2016 POST ROOM Statement of support or objection to ICENSING OFEA application for a premises licence Karin Elliott, Residential Tenan Flat above DXfXID, 9-11 Bedfor Street, Normach, NR2 IAR Cour name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1) **Postal address** Email address Contact telephone number Name of the premises you wish to Turtle Ba support or object to NOTWIC NR 2 Address of the premises you wish to 8 SWAN support or object to. Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2) **Licensing Objective** Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary To prevent crime and disorder Drudien + Drug takin Distribunce is have committed oriver already very difficulto bolien windows, assaults, the SUDDON & mardin Public safety heard many women the streets a preatined, assault ed and a men at night in the street. At the street are to late licenses already in place LA SCON To prevent public nuisance already hear 101 OFARUN 4)The noise levels are shouts, screams, commen EXCESSIVE Nº SVEN uninating men, fighting men + women, etc. 75 DB at widt a brady To protect children from harm yound woman repenter winthis license it leave me almo" + RUMNING would write away from her assailant inth Please suggest any conditions which-A license to alcoluo until Wer. all would alleviate your concerns. only + vertito over 215. noise com e.a.1 (DMG C ferm widly Tune Signed: MUSIC 6/2/16. Sire Please ! bar (e) WIDW sound If adequate insulation I were provided. We are architects + Can advise

Licen 10 FEB 2016 Statement of statement o	uncil Licensing Authority sing Act 2003 upport or objection to for a premises licence	CORPORATE RESOURCES 10 FEB 2016 POST ROOM
Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	ORIENTAL RUGS OF NORWIN	W LD
Postal address	4 BEDFORD ST. NORWICHA,	
	NORWICHA,	
Email address Contact telephone number	+	

Name of the premises you wish to support or object to	FURTLE BAY	
Address of the premises you wish to support or object to.	8 SWAN LANE A	VORWIGH NR2142

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2) Licensing Objective Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary To prevent crime and disorder I have concerns over the lake night opening hows. Vomit & smashed glass most night Public safety The sheer weight mumber of definierite and very in to Bedford Streek is already totally unarceptable as is the use of the street To prevent public nuisance mainty by taxis, as a rate run, through to Castle Meadow. The speed with which some cars and bries go To protect children from harm up and down the street is, at times, breath taking Thave personally challenged drivers of there Please suggest any conditions which Vehicles and Eald them this is a pedertrian would alleviate your concerns. street and children are seen running in and and of shops and so an accident will Date: happen sooner or the Later. Sic Pi Whilst on the street must be made into a no parking zone. My shop is permently DIRETAR obscured by private vehicles, delivery lorries 6" fres 2016. and disabled parking - it is literally ridiculous.

#### Shearman, Anthony

From:	Walker, Samuel
Sent:	04 February 2016 10:48
То:	Shearman, Anthony; Fuller, Maxine
Cc:	Brown, Mark
Subject:	RE: New Premises Licence App -Turtle Bay Restaurants

Dear Tony/Maxine,

We have received an application from Turtle Bay for planning permission Reference 15/01696/F, 8 Swan Lane, Norwich.

The application is for change of use from A1 (retail) to A3 (Cafes & Restaurants) and associated development.

The Application has not currently been determined.

As part of the Consultations we received a letter of representation from Norfolk Constabulary dated 18<sup>th</sup> November 2015. As the establishment is outside of the designated late night activity zone they have requested that the Permission (if granted) would be restricted to 00.00 (Midnight) on any day.

On 15<sup>th</sup> December 2015 the agent for the application emailed to confirm that following the Norfolk Constabulary Comments, they would be agreeable to a restriction on the opening hours to midnight.

If Planning Permission was to be granted; it would be likely that we would restrict the opening hours to 00.00 (Midnight) on any day.

Kind Regards

Sam

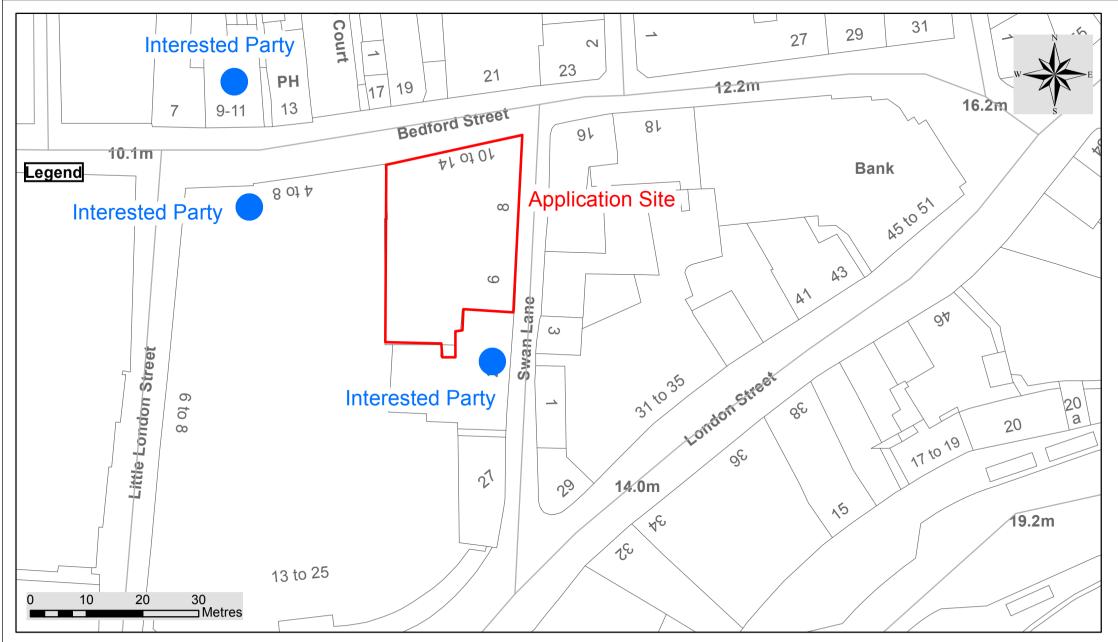
Samuel Walker Planning Assistant (Inner) Norwich City Council Tel: 01603 212257 SamuelWalker@norwich.gov.uk

Finalist in the Council of the Year category – LGC Awards 2016

From: Brown, Mark Sent: 03 February 2016 14:50 To: Walker, Samuel Subject: FW: New Premises Licence App -Turtle Bay Restaurants

Sam,

See attached and below for info – I note the hours are later than we are likely to approve in planning/ It may be worth having a word with licensing about it and see what they are likely to approve given we will restrict hours to midnight.



This copy has been produced specifically to supply an individual with authority data. No further copies can be made.

Norwich City Council - Licensing

Title: Turtle Bay Restaurant

Scale: 1:500

NORWICH

City Council

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#### Local Policy considerations

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.4 The 2003 Act requires the council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the four licensing objectives. These are:
  - The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
  - Public Safety
  - The Prevention of Public Nuisance
  - The Protection of Children from Harm
- 1.5 The 2003 Act also requires that the Council publishes a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that sets out the policies the Council will generally apply to promote the Licensing Objectives when making decisions on applications made under the Act.

#### 2.0 Consultation and Links to other Policies and Strategies

- 2.7 So far as possible, the council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, and will not to use its powers under the Licensing Act 2003 to achieve outcomes that can be achieved by other legislation and other enforcement agencies. As an example, the council will not seek to impose fire safety conditions that may duplicate any requirements or prohibitions that could be imposed under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.
- 3.0 Applications for Licences
- 3.2 Applicants must address the four licensing objectives in their operational plan. The operating plan must have regard to the nature of the area where the premises are situated, the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, operational procedures and the needs of the local community. The operating schedule must demonstrate how the premises will be "good neighbours" both to residents and to other venues and businesses.
- 3.3 Applicants must provide evidence that suitable and sufficient measures, as detailed in their operating schedule, will be implemented and maintained, relevant to the individual style, location and characteristics of their premises and activities. They must also also indicate if additional measures will be taken on an occasional or specific basis, such as when a special event or promotion is planned, which is, for example, likely to attract larger audiences.
- 4.0 Representations
- 4.1 "Responsible Authorities" (see Appendix 7) will be asked to consider all applications and to make representations to the council, if they relate to the promotion of the four licensing objectives and particularly in respect of applications which, might be regarded as contentious. Representations must be

evidentially based and the organisation should attend any hearing when the application is being considered. Representations can be made in opposition to, or in support of, an application.

- 4.2 The council will consider all representations from any "Interested Party" (see Appendix 7), or their representative, which should preferably be evidentially based and supported by attendance at any hearing at which the application is being considered.
- 4.3 A representation will only be accepted by the council if it is 'relevant', i.e. it must relate to the likely effect of granting the licence on the promotion of at least one of the four licensing objectives. Representations, that are regarded as being frivolous or vexatious, will not be considered, and in the case of a review of a licence, any representation which is regarded as repetitious, will also not be considered. A decision as to whether a representation is frivolous, vexatious or repetitive will be made by an officer of the council.
- 5.0 Conditions attaching to licences
- 5.1 Where relevant representations are made, the council will make objective judgments as to whether conditions may need to be attached to the premises licence to secure achievement of the licensing objectives. Any conditions arising as a result of representations will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises, on those attending the premises, and members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned, and will cover matters that are within the control of individual licensees.
- 5.2 All applications will be considered on an individual basis and any condition attached to such a licence, will be tailored to each individual premises, in order to avoid the imposition of disproportionate or burdensome conditions on those premises. Therefore, mandatory conditions, will only be imposed where they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 8.0 The impact of licensed premises
- 8.1 When considering whether any licensed activity should be permitted, and a relevant representation has been received, the likelihood of it causing unacceptable adverse impact will be assessed by taking into account relevant matters including:
  - the type of use, the number of customers likely to attend the premises and the type of customers at the time of the application;
  - the proposed hours of operation;
  - the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public or private transport that will be used by the customers;
  - the means of access to the premises including the location of customer entrances and exits;
  - the provision of toilet facilities;
  - the frequency of the licensable activity.

With any adverse impact it may be possible to take steps to mitigate or prevent the impact and if such measures are reliable an activity may be licensed.

- 13.0 Management of licensed premises
- 13.1 Within the operating schedule for premises from which alcohol will be sold, with the exception of qualifying community premises, a premises supervisor must be designated (designated premises supervisor) and such person must be in possession of a current personal licence. The licensing authority will normally expect the designated premises supervisor [DPS] to have been given the day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder and, as such, would normally be present on the licensed premises on a regular basis. In addition to the DPS holding a personal licence, the licensing authority would strongly encourage the DPS to undergo additional training and to have experience commensurate with the nature and style of entertainment provided and the capacity of the premises.
- 13.2 The act does not require a DPS or any other personal licence holder to be present on the premises at all times when alcohol is sold. However, the DPS and the premises licence holder remain responsible for the premises at all times and have a duty to comply with the terms of the licensing act and any conditions, including the matters set out in the premises' operating schedule, in order to promote the licensing objectives. To that end, the licensing authority will be mindful of the guidance issued by the secretary of state, which recommends that a personal licence holder/DPS gives specific written authorisations to those individuals they are authorising to retail alcohol. Although written authorisation is not a requirement of the act and the designated premises supervisor/personal licence holder remain ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with the act and licensing conditions, this action could assist in demonstrating due diligence should any issues arise with regard to enforcement.

The licensing authority will therefore expect that where the personal licence holder/DPS does not have the premises under their immediate day to day control, written authorisations will be issued to staff acting on their behalf, such authorisations being made available for inspection by a responsible Officer of the licensing authority or the police upon request.

#### LICENSING OBJECTIVES

- 20.0 Objective Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- 20.1 Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 introduced a wide range of measures for preventing crime and disorder and imposed a duty on the City Council, and others, to consider crime and disorder reduction in the exercise of all their duties. The Licensing Act 2003 reinforces this duty for local authorities.
- 20.2 The promotion of the licensing objective, to prevent crime and disorder, places a responsibility on licence holders to become key partners in achieving this objective. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to reduce or prevent crime and disorder on and in the vicinity of

their premises, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and the licensable activities at those premises.

20.3 When addressing the issue of crime and disorder, the applicant should demonstrate that all those factors that impact on crime and disorder have been considered. These include:

Underage drinking

Drunkenness on premises

Public drunkenness

Keeping Illegal activity like drug taking and dealing, offensive weapons and sales of contraband or stolen goods away from the premises.

Preventing disorderly and potentially violent behaviour on and outside the premises.

Reducing Anti-social behaviour and Disorder inside and outside the premises

Litter

Unauthorised advertising

Protecting people and property from theft, vandalism and assault

Guard against glasses and bottles being used as weapons or causing accidents.

20.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or licensable activities:

Effective and responsible management of premises;

Training and supervision of staff;

Employ sufficient numbers of staff to keep numbers down of people awaiting service;

Provide sufficient seating for customers;

Patrols of staff around the premises;

Ensure sufficient lighting and visibility, removing obstructions if necessary, to discourage illegal activity;

Introduce an entry policy – making people aware of it – and apply it consistently and fairly;

Implement a search policy to prevent drugs, offensive weapons etc being brought onto the premises;

Implement effective management of entrance queues – incorporating barriers if necessary;

Adoption of best practice guidance e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy Toolkit, Minor Sales Major Consequences, Clubbing against Racism and other voluntary codes of practice, including those relating to drinks promotions e.g. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA), Security in Design published by BBPA and Drugs and Pubs, published by BBPA;

Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards e.g. Portman proof of age cards, Citizencard, Connexions Card and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs, or passports;

Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises;

Employment of Security Industry Authority licensed door staff to manage the door and minimize disorder;

Ensure glasses are collected on an on going basis, make regular inspections for broken glass and clear up;

Provision of toughened or plastic drinking vessels and bottles;

Provision of 'bottle bins' inside the premises and near exits;

Provision of secure, deposit boxes for confiscated items i.e. Operation Enterprise Drug and Weapon Amnesty Safe's;

Information displayed for staff and customers on Drug Awareness including the 'spiking' of drinks with drugs;

Provision of litterbins and other security measures, such as lighting, outside premises;

Membership of local 'Pubwatch' schemes or similar accreditation schemes or organizations ie Operation Enterprise;

Responsible advertising;

Distribution of promotional leaflets, posters etc;

Drug Seizure Kits (available from Norfolk Police Operation Enterprise);

Member of the 'NiteLink' radio scheme;

Working in partnership with the SOS Bus scheme;

Ban known offenders and share information with other licensed premises in the area;

Implement a dispersal policy;

Introduce a 'closed door' policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2-3 hours before licensable activities finish;

- 24.0 Objective prevention of public nuisance
- 24.1 Licensed premises can potentially have a significantly adverse impact on communities through public nuisances that arise from their operation. The amenity of residents and occupiers of other businesses should be maintained and protected from the potential consequence of the operation of licensed premises, whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.
- 24.2 Public nuisance will be interpreted in its widest sense, and will take it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter and antisocial behaviour, where these matters impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in an area.
- 24.3 Applicants should be aware that stricter conditions, including controls on licensing hours for all or some licensable activities will be applied, where licensed premises

are in residential areas or where their activities may impact on residents or other business premises, and where relevant representations have been received. Conversely, premises for which it can be demonstrated have effective measures to prevent public nuisance, may be suitable for longer opening hours.

- 24.4 The council will normally permit the hours during which alcohol is sold to match the normal trading hours during which other sales take place, unless there are exceptional reasons such as disturbance or disorder attributable to the location and/or the premises, and relevant representations have been made.
- 24.5 The council believe that the impact a licensed premises can have on a neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open, and the times when licensable activities are taking place. Consequently, the council has adopted a policy on hours of trading, (section E) and in so doing, has given full consideration to the secretary of state's guidance on hours of trading.
- 24.6 Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to prevent public nuisance, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. For example, the increasing business requirement for licence holders to provide live or recorded music in premises where this has not previously been the case is especially pertinent, and should be fully assessed on the application.
- 24.7 When addressing the issue of prevention of public nuisance, the applicant must demonstrate that those factors that impact on the likelihood of public nuisance have been considered. These may include:
  - the location of premises and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises, such as hospitals, hospices, care homes and places of worship
  - the hours of opening, particularly between 11pm and 7am
  - the nature of activities to be provided, including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature and whether they are to be held inside or outside premises
  - the design and layout of premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
  - the occupancy capacity of the premises
  - the availability of public transport
  - wind down period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises
  - last admission time
  - preventing litter and refuse becoming an eyesore
  - consideration of local residents that they are not upset by loud or persistent noise or by excessive light
  - preventing cars attending an event or premises from causing a noise nuisance and congestion, and from taking up local people's parking spaces
  - avoid early morning or late night refuse collections
  - avoiding emptying bins into skips, especially if they contain glass, either late at night or early in the morning

- customers eating, drinking or smoking in open air areas (for example beer gardens/forecourts and other open areas adjacent to the premises).
- 24.8 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:
  - Effective and responsible management of premises.
  - Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of public nuisance, eg to ensure customers leave quietly.
  - Fit prominent signs requesting that customers respect local residents and leave quietly.
  - Control of operating hours for all or parts (eg garden areas) of premises, including such matters as deliveries ie not too early in the morning.
  - Adoption of best practice guidance (eg Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, produced by Institute of Acoustics, Licensed Property: Noise, published by BBPA).
  - Installation of soundproofing, air conditioning, acoustic lobbies and sound limitation devices.
  - Management of people, including staff, and traffic (and resulting queues) arriving and leaving premises.
  - Liaison with public transport providers.
  - Siting of external lighting, including security lighting.
  - Management arrangements for collection and disposal of waste, empty bottles etc.
  - Effective ventilation systems to prevent the emission of unwanted odours.
  - Take away packaging to include the name and address of the premises on it.
  - Capacity levels for fast food outlets.
  - Introduce a chill out area with coffee and mellow music where customers can settle before leaving.
  - Introduce a closed door policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2 to 3 hours before licensable activities finish.

To address issues arising from customers smoking, eating and drinking in outdoor areas and on the highway outside the premises could include signage asking customers to keep noise to a minimum when using outdoor areas; restrictions on the numbers of customers permitted in certain outside areas and/or at certain times; and use of door-staff and employees to monitor possible public nuisance issues.

#### Section D – cumulative impact special policy

29.1 Cumulative impact is the potential impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives of a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area e.g. the potential impact on crime and disorder or public nuisance.

29.2 The cumulative impact of licensed premises on the promotion of the licensing objectives is a matter that the licensing authority can take into account. This should not, however, be confused with 'need' which concerns the commercial demand for a

particular type of premises e.g., a pub, restaurant or hotel. The issue of 'need' is therefore primarily a matter for the market to decide and does not form part of this licensing policy statement. (see paragraph 7 of Section A)

29.3 Once away from the licensed premises, a minority of consumers will behave badly and unlawfully. However, there are other mechanisms, both within and outside the licensing regime, that are available for addressing such issues. For example:

- planning controls;
- positive measures to create a safe and clean environment in partnership with local businesses, transport operators and others;
- the provision of CCTV;
- powers to designate parts of the city as places where alcohol may not be consumed publicly;
- confiscation of alcohol from adults and children in designated areas;
- police enforcement of the law with regard to disorder and anti-social behaviour, including the issuing of fixed penalty notices;
- enforcement action against those selling alcohol to people who are drunk;
- police powers to close some premises for up to 24 hours on the grounds of disorder, the likelihood of disorder or excessive noise; and
- the power of police, local businesses or residents to seek a review of the licence or certificate.

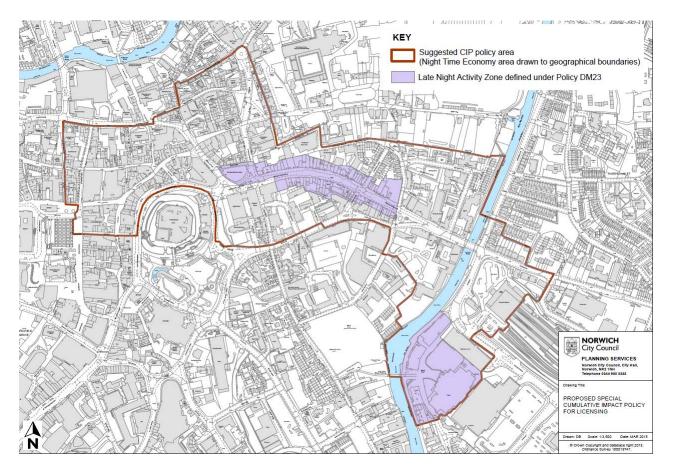
#### Adopted special policy on cumulative impact

29.4 The licensing authority should only adopt a special policy on cumulative impact if there is evidence that a significant number of licensed premises concentrated in one area are causing a cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.

29.5 The licensing authority received representations from Norfolk Constabulary that the high concentration of premises licensed to sell alcohol and/or provide late night refreshment between the hours of 2100 and 0600 within the police's late night economy public order policing zone produced a detrimental impact upon the licensing objectives.

29.6 The special cumulative impact policy applies to those premises applying for the grant or variation of a licence seeking any of the following licensable activities, between the hours of 2100 and 0600 and within the area indicated on the map shown below:

- the sale by retail sale of alcohol;
- the supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order of, a member of the club;
- the provision of late night refreshment.



#### Applications

29.7 The cumulative impact policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates in respect of premises that fall within the designated cumulative impact area will normally be refused if relevant representations are received, unless the applicant can demonstrate in the operating schedule that there will be no negative cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.

29.8 An applicant wishing to obtain a new or varied licence for premises falling within the cumulative impact area must identify, through the risk assessment process (if used) and operating schedule, the steps that he or she intends to take so that the council and responsible authorities can be satisfied that granting a new licence will not add to the impact already being experienced.

29.9 To assist this process applicants are encouraged to submit a full and thoroughly considered application at the earliest opportunity. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate to the responsible authorities the suitability and detail for their site. The applicant is encouraged to make early contact with the responsible authorities to discuss their plans, and suggested control measures. Applicants should also have particular regard to the guidance issued by the Home Office under section 182 of the Act.

29.10 Despite the presumption against grant or variation, responsible authorities and other persons will still need to make a relevant representation before the council may lawfully consider giving effect to its cumulative impact policy.

29.11 The council recognises that a cumulative impact policy should not be absolute. The circumstances of each application will be considered properly and application for

licences that are unlikely to add to the cumulative impact on the licensing objectives may be granted. After receiving representations in relation to a new application or for a variation of a licence, the licensing authority will consider whether it would be justified in departing from its cumulative impact policy in the light of the individual circumstances of the case. The impact can be expected to be different for premises with different styles and characteristics. If the council decides that an application should be refused, it will still need to show that the grant of the application would undermine the promotion of the licensing objectives and that necessary conditions would be ineffective in preventing the problems involved.

29.12 This special policy will not be used:

- as a ground for revoking an existing licence or certificate when representations are received about problems with those premises;
- to justify rejecting applications to vary an existing licence or certificate except where those modifications are directly relevant to the policy (for example, an application to vary a licence with a view to increasing the capacity limits of the premises) and are strictly necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives;
- to impose quotas based on either the number of premises or the capacity of those premises - that restrict the consideration of any application on its individual merits. Quotas have no regard to individual characteristics of the premises concerned. Proper regard will be given to those differences and the differing impact they will have on the promotion of the licensing objectives

29.13 This special policy will be reviewed regularly to assess whether it is still needed or should be expanded.

#### **SECTION E - Hours of Trading**

30.7 Consideration will always be given to an applicant's individual case and if the matter of trading hours has been raised in a representation, the council will take into account any proposals the applicant has to minimise the risk of nuisance or disorder being caused or exacerbated by customers departing from the premises. It is however, unlikely that statements such as the premises being well-managed, or that the applicant is of good character or that the style of the premises is intended and likely to attract a discerning clientele, will alone be sufficient to demonstrate that restrictions on hours of trading should not be applied.

## **APPENDIX E**

### **National Guidance**

## (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

## Licence conditions – general principles

1.16 Conditions on a premises licence or club premises certificate are important in setting the parameters within which premises can lawfully operate. The use of wording such as "must", "shall" and "will" is encouraged. Licence conditions:

- must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives;
- must be precise and enforceable;
- must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve;
- should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer by other legislation;
- must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned;
- should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case;
- should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation;
- should be proportionate, justifiable and be capable of being met, (for example, whilst beer glasses may be available in toughened glass, wine glasses may not);
- cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff, but may impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises or as they enter or leave; and
- should be written in a prescriptive format.

## Each application on its own merits

1.17 Each application must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy; for example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions. Standardised conditions should be avoided and indeed may be unlawful where they cannot be shown to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case.

## Crime and disorder

2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).

2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder. For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.

2.6 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.

2.7 It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. However, licensing authorities must ensure that they do not stray outside their powers and duties under the 2003 Act. This is important to ensure the portability of the personal licence and the offences set out in the 2003 Act and to ensure, for example, that the prevention of disorder is in sharp focus for all managers, licence holders and clubs.

## **Public nuisance**

2.18 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

2.19 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It is important to remember that the prevention of public nuisance could therefore include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally, as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. It may also include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other

persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

2.20 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts. Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.

2.21 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

2.22 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, music noise from premises usually occurs from mid-evening until either late-evening or early-morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

2.23 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.

2.24 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in antisocial behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

## Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.41 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or

other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.42 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

9.43 Determination of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. Whilst this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. As with the consideration of licence variations, the licensing authority should consider wider issues such as other conditions already in place to mitigate potential negative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives and the track record of the business. Further advice on determining what is appropriate when imposing conditions on a licence or certificate is provided in Chapter 10. The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination.

## **Conditions attached to premises licence**

## General

10.1 This chapter provides further guidance in relation to conditions attached to premises licences and club premises certificates. General principles on licence conditions are set out in Chapter 1 (see paragraph 1.16).

10.2 Conditions include any limitations or restrictions attached to a licence or certificate and essentially are the steps or actions that the holder of the premises licence or the club premises certificate will be required to take or refrain from taking in relation to the carrying on of licensable activities at the premises in question. Failure to comply with any condition attached to a licence or certificate is a criminal offence, which on conviction is punishable by a fine of up to £20,000 or up to six months' imprisonment. The courts have made clear that it is particularly important that conditions which are imprecise or difficult for a licence holder to observe should be avoided.

10.3 There are three types of condition that may be attached to a licence or certificate: proposed, imposed and mandatory. Each of these categories is described in more detail below.

## **Proposed conditions**

10.4 The conditions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives should emerge initially from the risk assessment carried out by a prospective licence or certificate holder, which they should carry out before making their application for a premises licence or club premises certificate. This would be translated into the steps

recorded in the operating schedule or club operating schedule, which must also set out the proposed hours during which licensable activities will be conducted and any other hours during which the premises will be open to the public.

10.5 It is not acceptable for licensing authorities to simply replicate the wording from an applicant's operating schedule. A condition should be interpreted in accordance with the applicant's intention.

## Consistency with steps described in operating schedule

10.6 The 2003 Act provides that where an operating schedule or club operating schedule has been submitted with an application and there have been no relevant representations made by responsible authorities or any other person, the licence or certificate must be granted subject only to such conditions as are consistent with the schedule accompanying the application and any mandatory conditions required under the 2003 Act.

10.7 Consistency means that the effect of the condition should be substantially the same as that intended by the terms of the operating schedule. If conditions are broken, this may lead to a criminal prosecution or an application for a review and it is extremely important therefore that they should be expressed on the licence or certificate in unequivocal and unambiguous terms. The duty imposed by conditions on the licence holder or club must be clear to the licence holder, club, enforcement officers and the courts.

## **Imposed conditions**

10.8 The licensing authority may not impose any conditions unless its discretion has been engaged following receipt of relevant representations and it is satisfied as a result of a hearing (unless all parties agree a hearing is not necessary) that it is appropriate to impose conditions to promote one or more of the four licensing objectives.

10.9 It is possible that, in certain cases, where there are other legislative provisions which are relevant and must be observed by the applicant, no additional conditions are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.

## Proportionality

10.10 The 2003 Act requires that licensing conditions should be tailored to the size, type, location and characteristics and activities taking place at the premises concerned. Conditions should be determined on a case-by-case basis and standardised conditions which ignore these individual aspects should be avoided. Licensing authorities and other responsible authorities should be alive to the indirect costs that can arise because of conditions. These could be a deterrent to holding events that are valuable to the community or for the funding of good and important causes. Licensing authorities should therefore ensure that any conditions they impose are only those which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

## Hours of trading

10.13 The Government acknowledges that different licensing strategies may be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in different areas. The 2003 Act gives the licensing authority power to make decisions regarding licensed opening hours as part of the implementation of its licensing policy statement and licensing authorities are best placed to make decisions about appropriate opening hours in their areas based on their local knowledge and in consultation with responsible authorities. However, licensing authorities must always consider each application and must not impose predetermined licensed opening hours, without giving individual consideration to the merits of each application.

10.14 Where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.

## The need for licensed premises

13.18 There can be confusion about the difference between the "need" for premises and the "cumulative impact" of premises on the licensing objectives, for example, on crime and disorder. "Need" concerns the commercial demand for another pub or restaurant or hotel and is a matter for the planning authority and for the market. This is not a matter for a licensing authority in discharging its licensing functions or for its statement of licensing policy.