Local government audit committee briefing

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This sector briefing is one of the ways that we hope to continue to support you and your organisation in an environment that is constantly changing and evolving.

It covers issues which may have an impact on your organisation, the Local government sector and the audits that we undertake.

The public sector audit specialists who transferred from the Audit Commission form part of EY's national Government and Public Sector (GPS) team. Their extensive public sector knowledge is now supported by the rich resource of wider expertise across EY's UK and international

business. This briefing reflects this, bringing together not only technical issues relevant to the local government sector but wider matters of potential interest to you and your organisation.

Links to where you can find out more on any of the articles featured can be found at the end of the briefing, as well as some examples of areas where EY can provide support to Local Authority bodies.

We hope that you find the briefing informative and should this raise any issues that you would like to discuss further please do contact your local audit team.





Government and economic news

EY Item Club Autumn Forecast

The latest EY Item Club forecast (Autumn 2015) predicts tougher times for the UK economy as what it describes as the 'consumer sugar rush' begins to fade.

GDP is forecast to grow by 2.5% this year (compared to 2.9% in 2014) and slow further to 2.4% in 2016 and 2.3% the year after. Consumer Price Inflation is expected to remain below target until 2018. Prospects for exports remain poor, and domestic consumption is likely to be affected by rising inflation and tighter fiscal policy from early 2016. Progress is seen to depend upon productivity gains rather than coming from the commodity price falls that are supporting demand this year. Businesses will need to work hard on overseas markets as opposed to relying on consumer-led domestic markets.

The forecast highlights that the last decade has seen a strong increase in the supply of labour which has depressed real wages and, arguably, productivity, but that we are now seeing a more normal recovery. This is characterised by an increase in the demand for labour, which boosts real wages and productivity. Wage inflation is highlighted as being strong. This is expected to be boosted further in April 2016 by the National Living Wage, the effects of which could be very significant for some sectors and regions.

Provided that increased productivity matches wage inflation, the expectation is that the Monetary Policy Committee will keep base rates on hold until next autumn.

For details of the EY Item Club's latest forecast, see http://www. ey.com/UK/en/Issues/Business-environment/Financial-marketsand-economy/ITEM---Forecast-headlines-and-projections

Housing Associations Right to Buy

The Chartered Institute of Public Financial Accountants (CIPFA) has produced a briefing following the Government's announcement in October that it intends to extend its Right to Buy scheme to Housing Associations. The briefing seeks to explore the potential impact of these plans on Local Authorities.

Local authority housing is intended to be self-financing, based on 30 year business plans established in 2012 with the HRA selffinancing regime, with Council housing for each council financed from its own rental income. This principle was reflected in the 30 year business plans, but CIPFA suggests that these business plans do not reflect recent changes contained within the budget. These changes include amendments to the rent policies as well as the proposed sale of high value local authority housing stock in order to compensate housing associations for the shortfall in income caused by the new Right to Buy scheme.

According to CIPFA, research has shown properties sold under the existing Right to Buy scheme have in many instances returned to the rental market at a higher level of rent than council levels. They have cited the example of Barking and Dagenham where it is said that 41% of properties purchased under the Right to Buy scheme are now let privately.

CIPFA warns 'Any legislation that leads to a negative impact on the housing business plan models of local authorities could seriously undermine the very basis of self-financing which promised autonomy for local authorities in the delivery of housing in their areas.'



However, Communities Secretary Greg Clark said:

"We're determined to ensure that home ownership is seen as a reasonable aspiration for working people.

Right to Buy is a key part of this, offering a helping hand to millions of people who would have no hope of buying their own home without it.

Today's historic agreement with housing associations and the National Housing Federation will extend that offer even more widely, whilst at the same time delivering thousands of new affordable homes across the country."

The Government agreement with housing associations and the National Housing Federation will see housing association tenants able to buy their homes from 2016.

CIPFA's briefing document can be downloaded from http://www. cipfa.org/cipfa-thinks/briefings, and further information from the government is available at https://www.gov.uk/government/news/ historic-agreement-will-extend-right-to-buy-to-13-million-moretenants

Consultation: improving efficiency on Council Tax Collection

Council tax collection rates have been relatively high in recent years: 97% across England in both 2014/15 and 2013/14. However, the Government is looking at ways to enable local authorities to further improve collection rates.

To this end, the Government has issued a consultation on its proposals to improve the collection and enforcement process for council tax. The government's stated intention is to help local authorities to keep council tax rates low, and so the proposals are aimed at ensuring that everyone contributes fairly.

The consultation follows a trial by Manchester City Council, Salford City Council, HMRC and the Cabinet office under the 'Better Business Compliance Cabinet programme', and reflects consideration of the findings from this trial.

An example of this is the Government's proposal to extend the data-sharing gateway which currently exists between HMRC and local authorities. This would enable HMRC to share employment information with councils where council tax debtors have not voluntarily shared the information within 14 days of receiving a liability order. Manchester estimates, based on its pilot with HMRC, that this would recover £2.5mn of debt in its area alone.

The consultation also asks for other suggestions to improve council tax collection.

Responses are requested by 18 November 2015.

For more information on the consultation and details on how to respond, please see https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/ system/uploads/attachment data/file/466386/150930 Improving Efficiency of Council Tax collection Consultation Doc.pdf



Local Plans for New Homes

In October, the Government announced that councils will be required to produce local plans for new homes by 2017. Where councils fail to do so, the Government will consult with local people to ensure that plans are produced for them.

In 2012, the National Planning Policy Framework was introduced to provide guidance for local planning authorities and decisiontakers, both in drawing up plans and making decisions about planning applications. This framework reinforced the role of local plans. It required the plans to include an annual trajectory over a period of around 15 years of how many homes they plan to build in their area, and it required local authorities to review this plan approximately every 5 years. Councils were also encouraged to give local people more say on where new developments would be located and what they would look like.

The Government have said that the response to this has been mixed:

- ▶ 82% of councils have published local plans which state how many homes they intend to build over a given period
- ► 65% have fully adopted these plans
- ► Nearly 20% of councils do not have an up to date plan

If councils fail to produce and bring into force an up to date plan for new homes by 2017, the Government intends to work with local people to ensure one is created.

Read the government press release at https://www.gov.uk/ government/news/prime-minister-councils-must-deliver-localplans-for-new-homes-by-2017



Accounting, auditing and governance

Proposals for further emergency services collaboration announced

The Government has launched a consultation which is looking into how the three core emergency services of Police, Fire and Rescue and the Ambulance service could potentially work together in a more efficient and effective manner. Key features of the consultation include:

- Enabling Police and Crime Commissioners (PCCs) to take on the duties and responsibilities of Fire and Rescue Authorities where a local case was made for this to happen
- Where a case is made by a local PCC to take on such a role, there would also be the possibility for them to take on the role of a single employer and in doing so enable the sharing of back office support functions
- Improving joint working between PCCs and local NHS Ambulance Foundation Trusts by encouraging them to allow PCCs to sit on their Council of Governors

The Government also intends to introduce a new statutory duty for the three emergency services to collaborate with one another; and sees this as not being a burden, but is about seeking efficiencies.

However, a key legal distinction would remain under the new proposals, in that a member of a police force will not be permitted under law to become a firefighter, and firefighters will not be given the power of arrest. In order to maintain transparency for local taxpayers, funding from central government will remain separate for police and fire organisations, as will council tax precepts.

https://www.gov.uk/government/news/proposals-for-furtheremergency-services-collaboration-announced

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ attachment_data/file/459986/Consultation_-_Enabling_closer_ working_between_the_Emergency_Services__w__2_.pdf

Finance in the Cloud?

Cloud computing allows users to rent access to a variety of virtual computing options, conveniently, ranging from networkaccessible data storage and software development environments to fully featured applications. As such, the data and applications are not required to be stored on local servers or 'on-premise'; rather, they are hosted and managed by third-party cloud service providers (CSPs).

Enterprises essentially outsource varying levels of IT functionality to CSPs, and users only need an internet connection to access the data and applications via virtual servers. By moving into the cloud, organisations have the potential to reduce greatly, or even eliminate, the total cost of ownership (TCO) of the IT function, thereby forever altering their business model.

The benefits of cloud adoption are highly touted. However, over a decade ago, on-premise enterprise resource planning (ERP) solutions made similar promises. Although the trigger for rushed ERP implementations in the 1990s was the much-fretted Year 2000 (or Y2K) calamity, Y2K concerns turned out to be largely unfounded, and many finance executives would now argue that they have yet to reap genuine, tangible benefits from investing in costly ERP systems.



Although a company's financial management system is critical to success, EY is finding that many organisations have systems averaging from 10 to 15 years old, with upgrade cycles ranging from 5 to 10 years. Despite aging legacy systems, many finance decision-makers are hazy on how cloud solutions are really any different from the ERP solutions hyped in the previous decade.

Organisations that truly understand cloud technology, as well as the associated challenges and risks, are better placed to manage the impact of cloud computing on the finance function. Moreover, they must engage an agile innovation strategy focused on deploying the right operating model in order to realize fully the benefits of cloud computing.

In EY's experience, organisations that fail to make a robust cloud risk assessment often need to make subsequent, costly changes to the cloud model, thereby negating any savings gained from cloud migration. EY recommends that organisations develop a clear, attainable cloud strategy, including an appropriate operating model accompanied with a cloud risk management approach to mitigate risks and avoid a premature move to the cloud.

EY has a proven framework for cloud models, along with risk assessments and broad-based diagnostics to evaluate and optimise a cloud strategy that enables minimal disruption whilst accelerating an organisation's evolution. For more information on this, please talk to a member of your engagement team or read the EY publication at http://performance.ey.com/wp-content/uploads/ downloads/2015/10/EY-Performance-Finance-in-the-cloud_Final. pdf

Value for Money Conclusion guidance

The NAO have recently released a consultation document (http://www.nao.org.uk/keep-in-touch/wp-content/uploads/ sites/11/2015/08/Vfm-arrangements-auditor-guidanceconsultation-document.pdf) a consultation document for auditors on their review of arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in their use of resources. This is also referred to the as three E's or the Value for Money (VfM) conclusion. The guidance covers the VfM work for 2015/16.

Based on the responses received to a similar consultation in 2014 the new draft guidance seeks to:

- ► Take forward existing guidance and reflect changing circumstance for public sector organisations such as finding savings and maintain financial stability over the medium and long term
- ► Update the definition of 'proper arrangements'
- ► Strengthen guidance on the identification and work around significant risks whilst maintaining a risk based approach
- ▶ Update and clarify the range of reporting opinions available to auditors and expectations at key stages of the audit
- ► Maintain sector specific guidance that will sit outside of the statutory guidance but can provide up-to-date information on sector specific risks

The consultation closed on 30 September and the NAO will communicate a summary of the responses once they have reviewed then. Further information can be found at https://www. nao.org.uk/keep-in-touch/our-surveys/consultation-auditors-workon-value-for-money-arrangements/.



Regulation news

Consultation on 2016/17 proposed fee scales

Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) is currently consulting on both the work programme and scale of fees for 2016/17 audits. The consultation describes the work that auditors will undertake at principal audited bodies for 2016/17 and their associated scales of fees.

There are no planned changes to the overall work programme for 2016/17 and their proposal is to set scale audit fees at the same level as the scale fees for 2015/16 which already reflect a reduction of 25% in addition to the reduction of up to 40% made from 2012/13.

A change in accounting requirements in 2016/17 relating to highways infrastructure assets will require additional audit work at some authorities. As the amount will differ between authorities, the fee variation process will apply in 2016/17 for this additional work.

The consultation closes on Friday 15th January 2016, and the final work programme will be published following this in March 2016.

For details of the consultation, please refer to the PSAA website at http://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-and-certification-fees/consultationon-201617-proposed-fee-scales/

NAO Case Study: Managing reductions in local authority government funding

The National Audit Office (NAO) has made available more than 30 case studies which give examples of how organisations have used their recommendations or analysis to support the achievement of financial savings.

One of these case studies follows the production of its 2014 report 'Financial Sustainability of Local Services'

The NAO case study states that following their report, the Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG) has acknowledged that its processes for estimating local authority spending requirements and assessment the potential impacts of spending reductions need to be improved.

They also note use of their report in the sector, citing the following examples:

- ► Leeds City Council and Birmingham City Council have drawn on the work in their debates with central government over devolution
- ► Wolverhampton City Council and Oldham Council have used the work to inform discussion and decision-making in cabinet meetings and audit and scrutiny meetings
- ► The Local Government Association and treasurers' societies have used the analysis from the report to inform their thinking

Find out more about the impact made by NAO reports in their interactive pdf at https://www.nao.org.uk/wp-content/ uploads/2015/10/Impacts-case-studies-2014.pdf



Find out more

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Value for Money Conclusion guidance

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