Report to Licensing sub committee Item

27 May 2016

**Report of** Head of citywide services

Licensing Act 2003:

**Subject** Application for the variation of a premises licence –

Plasterers Arms PH, 43 Cowgate, Norwich, NR3 1SZ

#### **Purpose**

Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider the application for the variation of a premises licence in respect of the Plasterers Arms PH, following the receipt of relevant representations.

#### Recommendation

That members determine the application to vary a premises licence in respect of The Plasterers Arms PH in accordance with the:

- Licensing Act 2003;
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003; and
- Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy.

#### Corporate and service priorities

The report helps to meet the corporate priority of a safe and clean city and the service plan priority of protecting the interests of the public through the administration of the licensing function.

#### **Financial implications**

None.

Ward/s: Mancroft

**Cabinet member:** Councillor Driver – Neighbourhoods and community safety

#### **Contact officers**

Tony Shearman, Licensing Manager 01603 212761

#### **Background documents**

None

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### Report

#### The application

- 1. The applicant is Spoon Café Ltd.
- 2. In summary the application seeks to:
  - Vary the licence restrictions regarding children
  - Extend opening hours/licensable activities on days preceding a bank holiday
  - Add the licensable activity of provision of films
  - Extend the opening hours in the morning

#### **Operating Schedule**

- 3. A copy of the existing licence and operating schedule is attached at appendix A to the report.
- 4. The a copy of the application form including additional steps put forward by the applicant to promote the licensing objectives as a result of the proposed variation are attached at appendix B to the report.

#### **Relevant representations**

5. The responses from the Responsible Authorities are as follows:

Police – no representations.

Environmental Protection – no representations.

Fire Officer – no representations.

Planning Officer – no representations.

Area Child Protection Committee – no representations.

Trading Standards – no representations.

Primary Care Trust – no representations

6. One representation objecting to the application has been received from a local resident. A copy of the representation and a map showing the location of the relevant premises are attached at appendix C to the report.

#### **Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy**

7. Attached at appendix D are the elements of the city council's local licensing policy which are considered to have a bearing upon the application:

#### National Guidance (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

8. Attached at appendix E are the elements of the national guidance issued by the Secretary of State that are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

#### Summary

- 9. In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives the sub-committee must give appropriate weight to:
  - the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives (i.e. the prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and the protection of children from harm);
  - the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;
  - the guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (national guidance); and
  - the council's own statement of licensing policy.
- 10. The Sub-Committee must take such of the following steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:
  - Grant the application as asked;
  - Modify the conditions of the licence by altering or omitting or adding to them;
  - Reject the whole or part of the application
- 11. The sub-committee is asked to note that it may not modify the conditions or reject the whole or part of the application merely because it considers it desirable to do so. It must actually be appropriate in order to promote the licensing objectives.
- 12. The representations received appear to relate to issues that fall under the licensing objectives. The sub-committee is directed to paragraphs 20 and 24 of the local licensing policy at appendix D which contain examples of factors that impact on the licensing objectives that the applicant could consider when addressing these issues. These paragraphs also contains examples of control measures that may be taken into account in operating schedules having regard to the type of premises and/or the licensable activities.
- 13. The sub-committee is also reminded of the contents of appendices 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the local licensing policy (not re-produced in this report) which contain pools of model conditions relating to the four licensing objectives.



#### **Premises Licence Summary**

#### **Premises Licence Number**

11/02503/PREMTR

#### **Premises Details**

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code

Plasterers Arms 43 Cowgate Norwich Norfolk NR3 1SZ

Telephone number

#### Where the licence is time limited the dates

Not applicable

#### Licensable activities authorised by the licence.

Late Night Refreshment - Activity takes place indoors

Live Music - Activity takes place indoors

Sale by Retail of Alcohol - Activity takes place both indoors and outdoors

Recorded Music - Activity takes place indoors

#### The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Late Night Refreshment

Sunday

12:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Late Night Refreshment

Monday to Thursday

11:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Late Night Refreshment

Friday and Saturday

11:00 - 01:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Live Music

Sunday

20:00 - 23:00

Live Music

Friday and Saturday

20:00 - 23:30

Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Sunday

12:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Monday to Thursday 11:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on

New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol

Friday and Saturday

11:00 - 01:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on

New Years Day.

Recorded Music

Sunday

12:00 - 23:30

Recorded Music

Monday to Saturday

12:00 - 00:00

#### The opening hours of the premises

Monday	11:00 - 01:00
Tuesday	11:00 - 01:00
Wednesday	11:00 - 01:00
Thursday	11:00 - 01:00
Friday	11:00 - 02:00
Saturday	11:00 - 02:00
Sunday	12:00 - 00:30

#### Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies

Alcohol is supplied for consumption both on and off the Premise

#### Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Spoon Cafe Ltd 68 Thorpe Road Norwich NR1 1RY

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

Name of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Mr Benjamin Thompson

#### State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited

No children under 16 will be allowed on the premises.



#### Schedule 12

Regulation 33,34

#### **Premises Licence**

**Premises Licence Number** 

11/02503/PREMTR

#### Part 1 - Premises Details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code

Plasterers Arms 43 Cowgate Norwich Norfolk NR3 1SZ

Telephone number

#### Where the licence is time limited the dates

Not applicable

#### Licensable activities authorised by the licence.

Late Night Refreshment - Activity takes place indoors

Live Music - Activity takes place indoors

Sale by Retail of Alcohol - Activity takes place both indoors and outdoors

Recorded Music - Activity takes place indoors

#### The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

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Late Night Refreshment

Friday and Saturday

11:00 - 01:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Live Music

Sunday

20:00 - 23:00

Live Music

Friday and Saturday

20:00 - 23:30

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Sunday 12:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on

New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Monday to Thursday 11:00 - 00:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on

New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Friday and Saturday 11:00 - 01:00

On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on

New Years Day.

Recorded Music Sunday 12:00 - 23:30

Recorded Music Monday to Saturday 12:00 - 00:00

The opening hours of the premises

Monday11:00- 01:00Tuesday11:00- 01:00Wednesday11:00- 01:00Thursday11:00- 01:00Friday11:00- 02:00Saturday11:00- 02:00Sunday12:00- 00:30

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies

Alcohol is supplied for consumption both on and off the Premise

State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited

No children under 16 will be allowed on the premises.

#### Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence

Spoon Cafe Ltd 68 Thorpe Road Norwich NR1 1RY

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Mr Benjamin Thompson 9 Lincoln Street Norwich NR2 3JY

Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Party Reference: 14/00322/PERS Licensing Authority: Norwich City Council

#### **Annex 1 – Mandatory conditions**

- No supply of alcohol may be made under a premises licence -
- (a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
- (b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
- 2 Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.
- 3 (1) The responsible person shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
- (2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises in a manner which carries a significant risk of leading or contributing to crime and disorder, prejudice to public safety, public nuisance, or harm to children -
- (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to -
- (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
  - (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
- (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic (other than any promotion or discount available to an individual in respect of alcohol for consumption at a table meal, as defined in section 159 of the Act);
- (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less;
- (d) provision of free or discounted alcohol in relation to the viewing on the premises of a sporting event, where that provision is dependent on -
  - (i) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process, or
  - (ii) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring;
- (e) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.
- The responsible person shall ensure that no alcohol is dispensed directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of a disability).
- 5 The responsible person shall ensure that free tap water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.
- 6 (with effect from 1 October 2010)
- (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.
- 7 (with effect from 1 October 2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that -

- (a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures -
  - (i) beer or cider: half pint;
  - (ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and
  - (iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml; and
  - (b) customers are made aware of the availability of these measures.

#### 8 The following are not prohibited:

- a) During the first twenty minutes after the above hours, the taking of the alcohol from the premises unless the alcohol is supplied or taken in an open vessel;
- b) Consumption of the alcohol on the premises or the taking of sale or supply of alcohol to any person residing in the licensed premises;
- c) The ordering of alcohol to be consumed off the premises, or the despatch by the vendor of the alcohol so ordered;
  - d) The sale of alcohol to a trader or club for the purposes of the trade or club;
- e) The sale or supply of alcohol to any canteen or mess, being a canteen in which the sale or supply of alcohol is carried out under the authority of the Secretary of State or an authorised mess of members of Her Majesty's naval, military or air forces;
  - f) The taking of alcohol from the premises by a person residing there; or
- g) The supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises to any private friends of a person residing there who are bona fide entertained by him at his own expense, or the consumption of alcohol by persons so supplied; or
- h) The supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises to persons employed there for the purposes of the business carried on by the holder of the licence, or the consumption of liquor so supplied, if the liquor is supplied at the expense of their employer or of the person carrying on or in charge of the business on the premises.

#### Annex 2 - Conditions consistent with the Operating Schedule

#### 1 General - all four licensing objectives

- 2 A valid Public Liability Insurance is in force at al times.
- 3 Premises must not be altered, threby making it impossible to comply with any existing licence conditions without first seeking a variation of premises licence.
- 4 Required Membership of and Participation in Norwich Licensing Forum and Norwich Pubwatch
- 5 The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- To be restricted to area as detailed on submitted plan
- 7 A proof of age will be requested from persons suspected of being under 18 years of age
- 8 No drinks price reduction promotions to be introduced
- 9 Ensure that Public Information Notices concerning Crime and Disorder are displayed at the request of Norfolk Constabulary or Norwich City Council.
- 10 Public Safety
- 11 External lighting to be provided during period of liicensable activity during hours of darkness.
- 12 Escape routes will be free from obstruction and escape route doore will be unlocked during licecensable activity.
- 13 Fire Brigade will be called at once to any outbreak of fire.
- 14 The Prevention of Public Nuisance
- 15 Clear, prominent and legible notices will be displayed at all exits requesting patrons to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and area quietly
- The applicant will be responsible for disposal of litter on frontage of premises and ensure that receptacles for waste are emptied regularly.
- Adequate and suitable receptacles (with lids) are to be provided for receiving and storing waste from the premises
- 18 The Protection of Children From Harm
- 19 Required participation in the Portman Group Proof of Age Scheme .
- 20 Children below the age of 16 will not be permitted on the premises.

  Children aged between 16 and 18 must be acompanied by an adult when on the premises.

Annex 3 — Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority





## Siteplan° 1:500

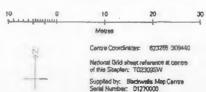


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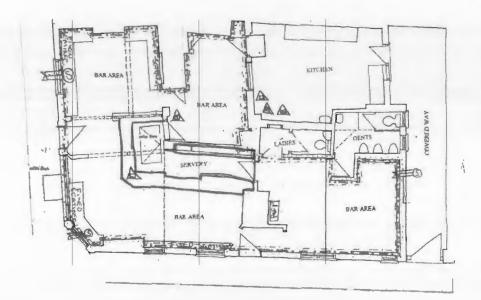
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Plosteress Arks 45 Congste



DRY POWDER EXTINGUISHER

WATER EXTINGUISHER

FIRE BLANKET

CARBON DIOXIDE EXTINGUISHER

SINGKE EXTRACTION FAN

AMP FRUIT MACHINE

NO DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE SCALED OFF THIS DRAWING

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JOB SURVEY AT "THE PLASTERERS ARM 43 COWGATE NORWICH NR3 15: ADNAMS PLC	
PROJECT NO. DRG NO.	SCALE DATE 1:100 Jan 2005
	(whendmen's

## **APPENDIX B**



Norwich Application to vary a premises licence Licensing Act 2003

For help contact

<u>licensingapplications@norwich.gov.uk</u>

Telephone: 0344 980 3333

\* required information

		. oqui ou momune	
Section 1 of 17			
You can save the form at any ti	ime and resume it later. You do not need to be	logged in when you resume.	
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.	
Your reference		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.	
Are you an agent acting on bel	• •	Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.	
Applicant Details			
* First name	Benjamin		
* Family name	Thompson		
* E-mail			
Main telephone number		Include country code.	
Other telephone number			
☐ Indicate here if you wou	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone		
Are you:			
<ul><li>Applying as a business of Applying as an individual</li></ul>	or organisation, including as a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means you are applying so you can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.	
* Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	<ul><li>Yes</li><li>No</li></ul>		
* Registration number			
* Business name Spoon Cafe Ltd		If your business is registered, use its registered name.	
* VAT number -		Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.	
* Legal status	Private Limited Company		

Continued from previous page		
* Your position in the business	Director	
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
* Building number or name	43	
* Street	Cowgate	
District		
* City or town	Norwich	
County or administrative area		
* Postcode	NR3 1SZ	
* Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 17		
APPLICATION DETAILS		
vary substantially the premis you should make a new prem I/we, as named in section 1, be	sed to vary the licence so as to extend the perses to which it relates. If you wish to make the lises licence application under section 17 of the premises licence holder, apply to vary a mises described in section 2 below.	at type of change to the premises licence, the Licensing Act 2003.
* Premises Licence Number	11/02503/PREMTR	
Are you able to provide a posta	al address, OS map reference or description of t	the premises?
<ul><li>Address</li><li>OS map</li></ul>	o reference O Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	43	
Street	Cowgate	
District		
City or town	Norwich	
County or administrative area	Norfolk	
Postcode	NR3 1SZ	
Country	United Kingdom	
<b>Premises Contact Details</b>		
Telephone number		

Continued from previous page		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)		
Section 3 of 17		
VARIATION		
Do you want the proposed variation to have effect as soon as possible?	<ul><li>Yes</li><li>No</li></ul>	
Do you want the proposed var introduction of the late night le	iation to have effect in relation to the evy?	
○ Yes	<ul><li>No</li></ul>	You do not have to pay a fee if the only purpose of the variation for which you are applying is to avoid becoming liable to the late night levy.
If your proposed variation would mean that 5,000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any one time, state the number expected to attend		
Describe Briefly The Nature C	Of The Proposed Variation	
could be relevant to the licensi	mple the type of premises, its general situation ing objectives. Where your application includes on of these off-supplies, you must include a des	s off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to
automatically extend opening	minors from visiting the premises (although on hours and licensable activities on days immed in the morning to allow increased lunch services.	iately preceding a bank holiday
Section 4 of 17		
PROVISION OF PLAYS		
Will the schedule to provide place vary is successful?	ays be subject to change if this application to	
○ Yes	<ul><li>No</li></ul>	
Section 5 of 17		
PROVISION OF FILMS		
Will the schedule to provide fill vary is successful?	ms be subject to change if this application to	
<ul><li>Yes</li></ul>	○ No	
Standard Days And Timings		

Continued from previous	page					
MONDAY						Provide timings in 24 hour clock
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days   of the week when you intend the premises
	Start			End		to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY						
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
	Start			End		
WEDNESDAY						
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
	Start			End		
THURSDAY						
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
	Start			End		
FRIDAY						
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
	Start			End		
SATURDAY						
	Start	00:00		End	01:00	
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
SUNDAY						
	Start	00:00		End	01:00	
	Start	11:00		End	00:00	
Will the exhibition of fil	ms take	e place indoo	ors or outdoors o	r bothí	?	Where taking place in a building or other
<ul><li>Indoors</li></ul>		Outdoo	ors	Both		structure select as appropriate. Indoors may include a tent.
State type of activity to exclusively) whether or			-	_		urther details, for example (but not
			•	<u> </u>		ne premises. These may be during the
afternoon or later in the	e eveni	ngs. The sho	owing of the film	will alv	ways be anci	llary to the primary function of the premises,
lie that of being a public house, however to avoid any lack of clarity over whether the screening is incidental or not I would like to add it to the licence. The screenings may be advertised as a method of attracting custom.						
As all films will be programmed well in advance of their screening, nothing with a rating stricter than PG will be showed during the daytime, during such time as (accompanied) children may be on the premises.						
The premises is small enough for all patrons to be in full sight of staff at all time meaning there is a low risk of copyright						
breach. The films will be screen	ed und	der a Public V	ideo Screening L	.icence	e issued by Fi	Imbank Media.
State any seasonal varia					<u> </u>	

For example (but not exclusively) where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.

Continued from previous page
Non standard timings. Where the premises will be used for the exhibition of film at different times from those listed above, list below.
For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
Section 6 of 17
PROVISION OF INDOOR SPORTING EVENTS
Will the schedule to provide indoor sporting events be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?
○ Yes     ○ No
Section 7 of 17
PROVISION OF BOXING OR WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS
Will the schedule to provide boxing or wrestling entertainments be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?
Section 8 of 17
PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC
Will the schedule to provide live music be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?
○ Yes
Section 9 of 17
PROVISION OF RECORDED MUSIC
Will the schedule to provide recorded music be subject to change if this
application to vary is successful?
○ Yes
Section 10 of 17
PROVISION OF PERFORMANCES OF DANCE
Will the schedule to provide performances of dance be subject to change if this application to vary is successful?
Section 11 of 17

Continued from previous	page	
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	IING OF A SIMILAR DE	SCRIPTION TO LIVE MUSIC, RECORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF
		o live music, recorded music or this application to vary is
○ Yes	<ul><li>No</li></ul>	
Section 12 of 17		
PROVISION OF LATE N	IGHT REFRESHMENT	
Will the schedule to prothis application to vary	<u> </u>	ment be subject to change if
○ Yes	<ul><li>No</li></ul>	
Section 13 of 17		
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL		
Will the schedule to sup vary is successful?	oply alcohol be subject	to change if this application to
<ul><li>Yes</li></ul>	○ No	
Standard Days And Ti	mings	
MONDAY		Drovide timings in 24 hour clock
	Start 11:00	Provide timings in 24 hour clock (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the day
	Start	of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY		
	Start 11:00	End 00:00
	Start	End
WEDNESDAY		
WEDINEODIKI	Start 11:00	End 00:00
	Start	End End
THURCHAY	Start	
THURSDAY		[
	Start 11:00	End 00:00
	Start	End
FRIDAY		
	Start 11:00	End 00:00
	Start	End

Continued from previous pa	ige				
SATURDAY					
S	Start 00:00		End	01:00	
S	Start 11:00		End	00:00	
SUNDAY					
S	Start 00:00		End	01:00	
S	Start 11:00		End	00:00	
Will the sale of alcohol be	for consumption?				
<ul><li>On the premises</li></ul>	Off the premi	ises •	Both		If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.
State any seasonal variation	ons.				
For example (but not excl	usively) where the activ	ritv will occu	ır on a	additional da	ys during the summer months.
list below.	nere the premises will be	e used for t			ol at different times from those listed above, on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
Section 14 of 17	-				
premises that may give ris	tainment or services, act se to concern in respect	of children			It or matters ancillary to the use of the
give rise to concern in resp	pect of children, regard	less of whe	ther y	ou intend ch	ildren to have access to the premises, for oups etc gambling machines etc.
Section 15 of 17					
HOURS PREMISES ARE O	PEN TO THE PUBLIC				
Standard Days And Timi	inas				

Continued from previous page.	••			
MONDAY				Provide timings in 24 hour clock
Star	t 00:00	End	01:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY				
Star	t 00:00	End	01:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
WEDNESDAY				
Star	t 00:00	End	01:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
THURSDAY				
Star	t 00:00	End	01:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
FRIDAY	,			
Star	t 00:00	End	01:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
SATURDAY				
Star	t 00:00	End	02:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
SUNDAY				
Star	t 00:00	End	02:00	
Star	t 09:00	End	00:00	
State any seasonal variations				
-		e activity will occur on	additional da	lys during the summer months.
As per hours of service of alc hour.	ohol, any day	immediately precedinç	g a bank holic	day will have opening hours extended by one
Non standard timings. Where those listed above, list below		use the premises to b	e open to the	e members and guests at different times from
For example (but not exclusive	vely), where yo	ou wish the activity to g	go on longer	on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.

Continued from previous page
Identify those conditions currently imposed on the licence which you believe could be removed as a consequence of the proposed variation you are seeking.
No children under 16 will be allowed on the premises Entirety of condition 6 appears to be a hangover from previous licensing law and as such is irrelevant and inappropriate to the current condition of the licence.
☑ I have enclosed the premises licence
☐ I have enclosed the relevant part of the premises licence
Reasons why I have failed to enclose the premises licence or relevant part of premises licence.

#### Section 16 of 17

#### LICENSING OBJECTIVES

Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.

Regular and thorough training of all staff to be aware of all licensing conditions, general licensing law and licensing objectives. The keeping of records pertaining to such training and any incidents that may arise due to enforcement of licence, all of which are kept on site and are available to management or relevant authorities. CCTV is currently in place in the premises but will be extended to allow more thorough/extensive monitoring of all areas of the pub. Staff are trained particularly to be vigilant with strict refusals of alcohol sales to anyone under the age of 18. Anti-social behaviour of any sort is not tolerated within the premises and staff are trained to refuse any customer or potential customer who displays any aspect of aggressive, inflammatory, disorderly, salacious or otherwise insalubrious or criminal activity.

The intention of the business is to promote a alcohol consumption as part of a wider culture and that pubs serve as spaces of community value, not just to be used for drinking. As such we support specialist and artisan producers and promote events that explore diversity and modernism of manufacture, especially in the context of variegated activities. All of our events and advertising is centered around the idea of small volumes of higher quality products as an integral part of a more general social environment.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

Staff are regularly trained to refuse service to any customer appearing to be intoxicated or in any way inflammatory. A record of any refusals kept on site at all times.

A clear and legible notice outside the premises displays the normal opening hours and hours of service. Clear internal notices promoting respectful behaviour and presence of CCTV are displayed.

The current CCTV system is shortly to be extended to provide closer monitoring of all areas of the premises.

#### c) Public safety

Internal and external lighting fixed and maintained during all opening hours to ensure safe visibility. Regular staff training to ensure all aspects of health and safety law are strictly adhered to, records of this are kept on the premises. Daily monitoring of H&S, cleaning, & food safety currently takes place, records of these checks are also on the premises. Any increase in food service accompanying earlier opening hours (eg service of breakfast foods or pastries along with hot drinks) will be in strict accordance of food safety guidelines.

#### Continued from previous page...

#### d) The prevention of public nuisance

The business currently operates with an attitude of open communication with local residents, and any complaints or issues are dealt with as a matter of priority. Currently no music performances happen after 2230 at which point all doors and windows are kept shut. This would not change with any extension of opening hours. No bins or glass waste will be emptied and no goods received outside the premises prior to 0900. Outside areas are regularly monitored to ensure customers are not standing outside the premises making noise or blocking public highways.

#### e) The protection of children from harm

The premises operates a strict 'No ID - No Sale' policy, with the Challenge 21 scheme implemented to ensure no sales to persons under 18 years of age. Staff are well trained on requesting identification and only current UK drivers licence or passport will be accepted. A log book of refusals will be kept on the premises at all times.

Children must be accompanied at all times, and no children will be allowed onto the premises after 2030 hrs. Special attention to be paid by staff to families visiting the premises, supply of alcohol to such parties as may have children with them to be strictly monitored and regularly assessed on staff walk-throughs of public area.

Any television, film or music played in the premises prior to 2030hrs will be strictly age appropriate, consideration of this will be made well in advance of any broadcasts of performances being made or advertised.

No alcohol is kept in reach of the public, so no licensable substances will be available except through staff.

#### Section 17 of 17

#### **PAYMENT DETAILS**

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Variation Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/business\_rates/index.htm

Band A - No RV to £4300	£100.00
Band B - £4301 to £33000	£190.00
Band C - £33001 to £87000	£315.00
Band D - £87001 to £12500	£450.00*
Band E - £125001 and over	£635.00*

\*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Band D - £87001 to £125000	£900.00
Band E - £125001 and over	£1,905.00

If you own a large premise you are subject to additional fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time

Capacity 5000-9999	£1,000.00
Capacity 10000 -14999	£2,000.00
Capacity 15000-19999	£4,000.00
Capacity 20000-29999	£8,000.00
Capacity 30000-39999	£16,000.00

Continued from previous page.	
Capacity 40000-49999	£24,000.00
Capacity 50000-59999	£32,000.00
Capacity 60000-69999	£40,000.00
Capacity 70000-79999	£48,000.00
Capacity 80000-89999	£56,000.00
Capacity 90000 and over	£64,000.00
* F (C)	100.00
* Fee amount (£)	190.00

#### **DECLARATION**

- I/we understand it is an offence, liable on conviction to a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale, under section 158 of the licensing act 2003, to make a false statement in or in connection with this application.
- Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration

This section should be completed by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?"

\* Full name

\* Capacity

\* Date

Benjamin Thompson

Director

31 / 03 / 2016

dd mm yyyy

Add another signatory

Once you're finished you need to do the following:

- 1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as...
- 2. Go back to <a href="https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/norwich/change-1">https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/norwich/change-1</a> to upload this file and continue with your application.

Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.

IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING LEVEL 5 ON THE STANDARD SCALE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

OFFICE USE ONLY	
Applicant reference number	
Fee paid	
Payment provider reference	
ELMS Payment Reference	
Payment status	
Payment authorisation code	
Payment authorisation date	
Date and time submitted	
Approval deadline	
Error message	
Is Digitally signed	
< Previous <u>1</u> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u>	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 Next >

# Norwich City Council Licensing Authority Licensing Act 2003



# Statement of support or objection to an application for a premises licence

Your name/organisation	Anna Pelham
name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	
Postal address	48 Cowgate Norwich
	NR3 1SY
Email address	
Contact telephone number	
Address of the premises	The Plasterers Arms PH Cowgate
you wish to support or object to	Norwich
Your support or objection	on must relate to one of the four licensing
objectives (see note 2)	
Licensing objective	Please set out your support or objections below.  Please use separate sheets if necessary.
To prevent crime and disorder	·
disorder	
Public safety	
To prevent public	I strongly object to the opening hours being extended in such
nuisance	a residential area, in fact I fail to see how they got their
	current licence terms being so close to peoples homes.  There is already excessive noise as late as 1am, with
	smokers standing outside shouting and blocking the
	pavement and road, and despite the owners claims there appears to be no attempt by staff to police this. I now have
	to sleep in the smaller back bedroom due to the regular level
	of noise from the pub, it really should be a term of their licence that smokers have to stay indoors after 10pm.
To protect children from	·
harm	

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns	
Signed: Anna Pelham	<b>Date:</b> 1 May 2016

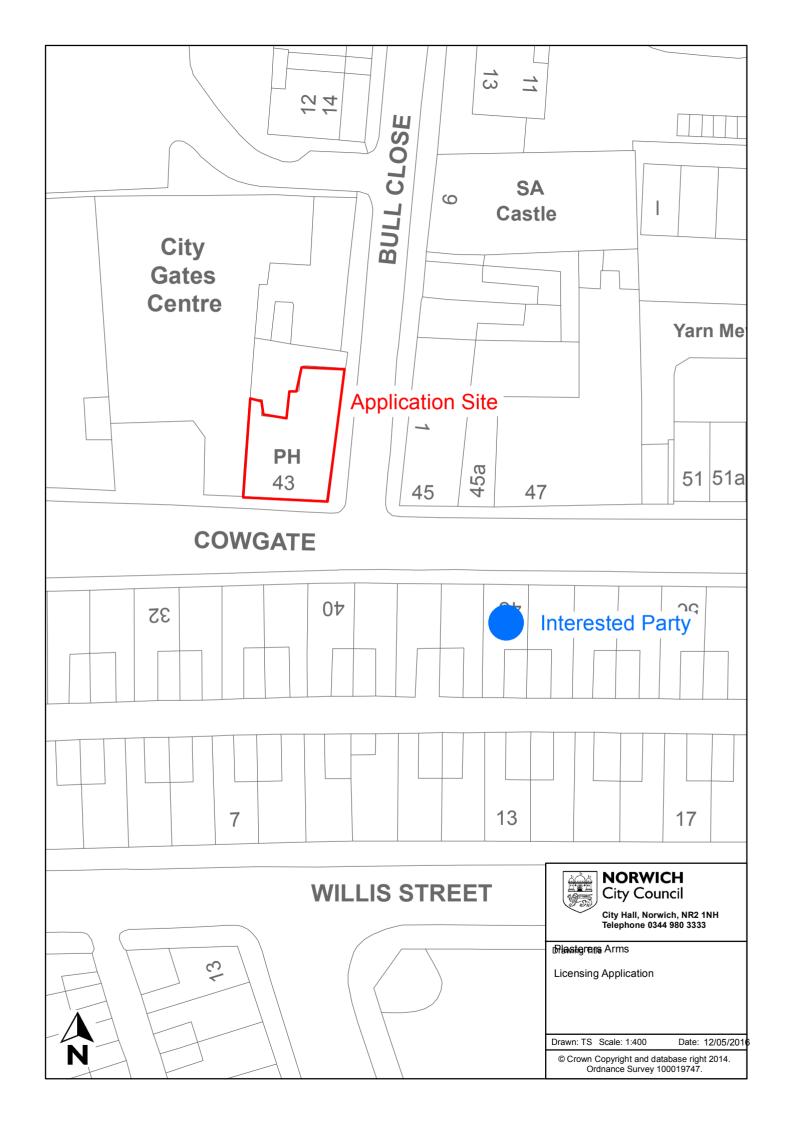
## **Notes**

- In order for you to be able to support or object to an application for a premises licence you must live, work or represent a body that is in the vicinity of the premises.
- 2. Comments of support or objection must relate to the four licensing objectives, which are:
  - to prevent crime and disorder
  - public safety
  - to prevent public nuisance
  - to protect children from harm.
- 3. An application for a premises licence will be notified to residents by displaying it on the premises and in the local press. Comments in support or objections must be made within 28 days of the date given in the public notice.
- 4. If you have made valid comments of support or objection you will be expected to attend a meeting of the authority's licensing sub-committee and any subsequent appeal proceeding. If you do not attend, the sub-committee will still consider your comments, but they may not carry the same weight as if you had attended if, for example, the contents are disputed or challenged.
- 5. Your comments of support or objection will be passed to the applicant to allow them the opportunity to address your concerns in line with the Licensing Act 2003. Your comments will also be published in the report to the licensing subcommittee, which is publicly available and displayed on the city council's website.
- 6. Please return this form when completed to:

Norwich City Council Licensing section City Hall St Peter Street Norwich NR2 1NH

t: 01603 212761 f: 01603 212040

e: licensing@norwich.gov.uk



## APPENDIX D

## **Local Policy considerations**

- 1.0 Introduction
- 1.4 The 2003 Act requires the council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the four licensing objectives. These are:
  - The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
  - Public Safety
  - The Prevention of Public Nuisance
  - The Protection of Children from Harm
- 1.5 The 2003 Act also requires that the Council publishes a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that sets out the policies the Council will generally apply to promote the Licensing Objectives when making decisions on applications made under the Act.
- 2.0 Consultation and Links to other Policies and Strategies
- 2.7 So far as possible, the council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, and will not to use its powers under the Licensing Act 2003 to achieve outcomes that can be achieved by other legislation and other enforcement agencies. As an example, the council will not seek to impose fire safety conditions that may duplicate any requirements or prohibitions that could be imposed under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.
- 3.0 Applications for Licences
- 3.2 Applicants must address the four licensing objectives in their operational plan. The operating plan must have regard to the nature of the area where the premises are situated, the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, operational procedures and the needs of the local community. The operating schedule must demonstrate how the premises will be "good neighbours" both to residents and to other venues and businesses.
- 3.3 Applicants must provide evidence that suitable and sufficient measures, as detailed in their operating schedule, will be implemented and maintained, relevant to the individual style, location and characteristics of their premises and activities. They must also also indicate if additional measures will be taken on an occasional or specific basis, such as when a special event or promotion is planned, which is, for example, likely to attract larger audiences.
- 4.0 Representations
- 4.1 "Responsible Authorities" (see Appendix 7) will be asked to consider all applications and to make representations to the council, if they relate to the promotion of the four licensing objectives and particularly in respect of applications which, might be regarded as contentious. Representations must be

- evidentially based and the organisation should attend any hearing when the application is being considered. Representations can be made in opposition to, or in support of, an application.
- 4.2 The council will consider all representations from any "Interested Party" (see Appendix 7), or their representative, which should preferably be evidentially based and supported by attendance at any hearing at which the application is being considered.
- 4.3 A representation will only be accepted by the council if it is 'relevant', i.e. it must relate to the likely effect of granting the licence on the promotion of at least one of the four licensing objectives. Representation's, that are regarded as being frivolous or vexatious, will not be considered, and in the case of a review of a licence, any representation which is regarded as repetitious, will also not be considered. A decision as to whether a representation is frivolous, vexatious or repetitive will be made by an officer of the council.
- 5.0 Conditions attaching to Licences
- 5.1 Where relevant representations are made, the council will make objective judgments as to whether conditions may need to be attached to the premises licence to secure achievement of the licensing objectives. Any conditions arising as a result of representations will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises, on those attending the premises, and members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned, and will cover matters that are within the control of individual licensees.
- 5.2 All applications will be considered on an individual basis and any condition attached to such a licence, will be tailored to each individual premises, in order to avoid the imposition of disproportionate or burdensome conditions on those premises. Therefore, mandatory conditions, will only be imposed where they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 8.0 The Impact of Licensed Premises
- 8.1 When considering whether any licensed activity should be permitted, and a relevant representation has been received, the likelihood of it causing unacceptable adverse impact will be assessed by taking into account relevant matters including:
  - the type of use, the number of customers likely to attend the premises and the type of customers at the time of the application;
  - the proposed hours of operation;
  - the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public or private transport that will be used by the customers;
  - the means of access to the premises including the location of customer entrances and exits:
  - the provision of toilet facilities;
  - the frequency of the licensable activity.

With any adverse impact it may be possible to take steps to mitigate or prevent the impact and if such measures are reliable an activity may be licensed.

- 13.0 Management of Licensed Premises
- 13.1 Within the operating schedule for premises from which alcohol will be sold, with the exception of qualifying community premises, a premises supervisor must be designated (designated premises supervisor) and such person must be in possession of a current personal licence. The licensing authority will normally expect the designated premises supervisor [DPS] to have been given the day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder and, as such, would normally be present on the licensed premises on a regular basis. In addition to the DPS holding a personal licence, the licensing authority would strongly encourage the DPS to undergo additional training and to have experience commensurate with the nature and style of entertainment provided and the capacity of the premises.
- 13.2 The act does not require a DPS or any other personal licence holder to be present on the premises at all times when alcohol is sold. However, the DPS and the premises licence holder remain responsible for the premises at all times and have a duty to comply with the terms of the licensing act and any conditions, including the matters set out in the premises' operating schedule, in order to promote the licensing objectives. To that end, the licensing authority will be mindful of the guidance issued by the secretary of state, which recommends that a personal licence holder/DPS gives specific written authorisations to those individuals they are authorising to retail alcohol. Although written authorisation is not a requirement of the act and the designated premises supervisor/personal licence holder remain ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with the act and licensing conditions, this action could assist in demonstrating due diligence should any issues arise with regard to enforcement.

The licensing authority will therefore expect that where the personal licence holder/DPS does not have the premises under their immediate day to day control, written authorisations will be issued to staff acting on their behalf, such authorisations being made available for inspection by a responsible Officer of the licensing authority or the police upon request.

#### **LICENSING OBJECTIVES**

- 20.0 Objective Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- 20.1 Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 introduced a wide range of measures for preventing crime and disorder and imposed a duty on the City Council, and others, to consider crime and disorder reduction in the exercise of all their duties. The Licensing Act 2003 reinforces this duty for local authorities.
- 20.2 The promotion of the licensing objective, to prevent crime and disorder, places a responsibility on licence holders to become key partners in achieving this objective. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to reduce or prevent crime and disorder on and in the vicinity of

their premises, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and the licensable activities at those premises.

20.3 When addressing the issue of crime and disorder, the applicant should demonstrate that all those factors that impact on crime and disorder have been considered. These include:

Underage drinking

Drunkenness on premises

Public drunkenness

Keeping Illegal activity like drug taking and dealing, offensive weapons and sales of contraband or stolen goods away from the premises.

Preventing disorderly and potentially violent behaviour on and outside the premises.

Reducing Anti-social behaviour and Disorder inside and outside the premises

Litter

Unauthorised advertising

Protecting people and property from theft, vandalism and assault

Guard against glasses and bottles being used as weapons or causing accidents.

20.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or licensable activities:

Effective and responsible management of premises;

Training and supervision of staff;

Employ sufficient numbers of staff to keep numbers down of people awaiting service;

Provide sufficient seating for customers;

Patrols of staff around the premises;

Ensure sufficient lighting and visibility, removing obstructions if necessary, to discourage illegal activity;

Introduce an entry policy – making people aware of it – and apply it consistently and fairly;

Implement a search policy to prevent drugs, offensive weapons etc being brought onto the premises;

Implement effective management of entrance queues – incorporating barriers if necessary;

Adoption of best practice guidance e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy Toolkit, Minor Sales Major Consequences, Clubbing against Racism and other voluntary codes of practice, including those relating to drinks promotions e.g. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA), Security in Design published by BBPA and Drugs and Pubs, published by BBPA;

Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards e.g. Portman proof of age cards, Citizencard, Connexions Card and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs, or passports;

Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises;

Employment of Security Industry Authority licensed door staff to manage the door and minimize disorder;

Ensure glasses are collected on an on going basis, make regular inspections for broken glass and clear up;

Provision of toughened or plastic drinking vessels and bottles;

Provision of 'bottle bins' inside the premises and near exits;

Provision of secure, deposit boxes for confiscated items i.e. Operation Enterprise Drug and Weapon Amnesty Safe's:

Information displayed for staff and customers on Drug Awareness including the 'spiking' of drinks with drugs;

Provision of litterbins and other security measures, such as lighting, outside premises;

Membership of local 'Pubwatch' schemes or similar accreditation schemes or organizations ie Operation Enterprise;

Responsible advertising;

Distribution of promotional leaflets, posters etc;

Drug Seizure Kits (available from Norfolk Police Operation Enterprise);

Member of the 'NiteLink' radio scheme;

Working in partnership with the SOS Bus scheme;

Ban known offenders and share information with other licensed premises in the area:

Implement a dispersal policy;

Introduce a 'closed door' policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2-3 hours before licensable activities finish;

- 24.0 Objective prevention of public nuisance
- 24.1 Licensed premises can potentially have a significantly adverse impact on communities through public nuisances that arise from their operation. The amenity of residents and occupiers of other businesses should be maintained and protected from the potential consequence of the operation of licensed premises, whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.
- 24.2 Public nuisance will be interpreted in its widest sense, and will take it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter and antisocial behaviour, where these matters impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in an area.
- 24.3 Applicants should be aware that stricter conditions, including controls on licensing hours for all or some licensable activities will be applied, where licensed premises

are in residential areas or where their activities may impact on residents or other business premises, and where relevant representations have been received. Conversely, premises for which it can be demonstrated have effective measures to prevent public nuisance, may be suitable for longer opening hours.

- 24.4 The council will normally permit the hours during which alcohol is sold to match the normal trading hours during which other sales take place, unless there are exceptional reasons such as disturbance or disorder attributable to the location and/or the premises, and relevant representations have been made.
- 24.5 The council believe that the impact a licensed premises can have on a neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open, and the times when licensable activities are taking place. Consequently, the council has adopted a policy on hours of trading, (section E) and in so doing, has given full consideration to the secretary of state's guidance on hours of trading.
- 24.6 Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to prevent public nuisance, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. For example, the increasing business requirement for licence holders to provide live or recorded music in premises where this has not previously been the case is especially pertinent, and should be fully assessed on the application.
- 24.7 When addressing the issue of prevention of public nuisance, the applicant must demonstrate that those factors that impact on the likelihood of public nuisance have been considered. These may include:
  - the location of premises and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises, such as hospitals, hospices, care homes and places of worship
  - the hours of opening, particularly between 11pm and 7am
  - the nature of activities to be provided, including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature and whether they are to be held inside or outside premises
  - the design and layout of premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
  - the occupancy capacity of the premises
  - the availability of public transport
  - wind down period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises
  - last admission time
  - preventing litter and refuse becoming an eyesore
  - consideration of local residents that they are not upset by loud or persistent noise or by excessive light
  - preventing cars attending an event or premises from causing a noise nuisance and congestion, and from taking up local people's parking spaces
  - avoid early morning or late night refuse collections
  - avoiding emptying bins into skips, especially if they contain glass, either late at night or early in the morning

- customers eating, drinking or smoking in open air areas (for example beer gardens/forecourts and other open areas adjacent to the premises).
- 24.8 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:
  - Effective and responsible management of premises.
  - Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of public nuisance, eg to ensure customers leave quietly.
  - Fit prominent signs requesting that customers respect local residents and leave quietly.
  - Control of operating hours for all or parts (eg garden areas) of premises, including such matters as deliveries ie not too early in the morning.
  - Adoption of best practice guidance (eg Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, produced by Institute of Acoustics, Licensed Property: Noise, published by BBPA).
  - Installation of soundproofing, air conditioning, acoustic lobbies and sound limitation devices.
  - Management of people, including staff, and traffic (and resulting queues) arriving and leaving premises.
  - Liaison with public transport providers.
  - Siting of external lighting, including security lighting.
  - Management arrangements for collection and disposal of waste, empty bottles etc.
  - Effective ventilation systems to prevent the emission of unwanted odours.
  - Take away packaging to include the name and address of the premises on it.
  - Capacity levels for fast food outlets.
  - Introduce a chill out area with coffee and mellow music where customers can settle before leaving.
  - Introduce a closed door policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2 to 3 hours before licensable activities finish.

To address issues arising from customers smoking, eating and drinking in outdoor areas and on the highway outside the premises could include signage asking customers to keep noise to a minimum when using outdoor areas; restrictions on the numbers of customers permitted in certain outside areas and/or at certain times; and use of door-staff and employees to monitor possible public nuisance issues.

#### **SECTION E - Hours of Trading**

30.7 Consideration will always be given to an applicant's individual case and if the matter of trading hours has been raised in a representation, the council will take into account any proposals the applicant has to minimise the risk of nuisance or disorder being caused or exacerbated by customers departing from the premises. It is however, unlikely that statements such as the premises being well-managed, or that the applicant is of good character or that the style of the premises is intended and likely to attract a discerning clientele, will alone be sufficient to demonstrate that restrictions on hours of trading should not be applied.

## **APPENDIX E**

#### **National Guidance**

## (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

## **Licence conditions – general principles**

- 1.16 Conditions on a premises licence or club premises certificate are important in setting the parameters within which premises can lawfully operate. The use of wording such as "must", "shall" and "will" is encouraged. Licence conditions:
  - must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives;
  - must be precise and enforceable;
  - must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve;
  - should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer by other legislation;
  - must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned;
  - should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case;
  - should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation;
  - should be proportionate, justifiable and be capable of being met, (for example, whilst beer glasses may be available in toughened glass, wine glasses may not);
  - cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff, but may impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises or as they enter or leave: and
  - should be written in a prescriptive format.

## Each application on its own merits

1.17 Each application must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy; for example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions. Standardised conditions should be avoided and indeed may be unlawful where they cannot be shown to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case.

#### Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder. For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.6 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.
- 2.7 It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. However, licensing authorities must ensure that they do not stray outside their powers and duties under the 2003 Act. This is important to ensure the portability of the personal licence and the offences set out in the 2003 Act and to ensure, for example, that the prevention of disorder is in sharp focus for all managers, licence holders and clubs.

#### **Public nuisance**

- 2.18 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.19 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It is important to remember that the prevention of public nuisance could therefore include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally, as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. It may also include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other

persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

- 2.20 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts. Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.21 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.
- 2.22 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, music noise from premises usually occurs from mid-evening until either late-evening or early-morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.23 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.24 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in antisocial behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

## Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.41 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or

other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

- 9.42 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.
- 9.43 Determination of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. Whilst this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. As with the consideration of licence variations, the licensing authority should consider wider issues such as other conditions already in place to mitigate potential negative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives and the track record of the business. Further advice on determining what is appropriate when imposing conditions on a licence or certificate is provided in Chapter 10. The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination.

## Conditions attached to premises licence

#### General

- 10.1 This chapter provides further guidance in relation to conditions attached to premises licences and club premises certificates. General principles on licence conditions are set out in Chapter 1 (see paragraph 1.16).
- 10.2 Conditions include any limitations or restrictions attached to a licence or certificate and essentially are the steps or actions that the holder of the premises licence or the club premises certificate will be required to take or refrain from taking in relation to the carrying on of licensable activities at the premises in question. Failure to comply with any condition attached to a licence or certificate is a criminal offence, which on conviction is punishable by a fine of up to £20,000 or up to six months' imprisonment. The courts have made clear that it is particularly important that conditions which are imprecise or difficult for a licence holder to observe should be avoided.
- 10.3 There are three types of condition that may be attached to a licence or certificate: proposed, imposed and mandatory. Each of these categories is described in more detail below.

## **Proposed conditions**

10.4 The conditions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives should emerge initially from the risk assessment carried out by a prospective licence or certificate holder, which they should carry out before making their application for a premises licence or club premises certificate. This would be translated into the steps

recorded in the operating schedule or club operating schedule, which must also set out the proposed hours during which licensable activities will be conducted and any other hours during which the premises will be open to the public.

10.5 It is not acceptable for licensing authorities to simply replicate the wording from an applicant's operating schedule. A condition should be interpreted in accordance with the applicant's intention.

## Consistency with steps described in operating schedule

10.6 The 2003 Act provides that where an operating schedule or club operating schedule has been submitted with an application and there have been no relevant representations made by responsible authorities or any other person, the licence or certificate must be granted subject only to such conditions as are consistent with the schedule accompanying the application and any mandatory conditions required under the 2003 Act.

10.7 Consistency means that the effect of the condition should be substantially the same as that intended by the terms of the operating schedule. If conditions are broken, this may lead to a criminal prosecution or an application for a review and it is extremely important therefore that they should be expressed on the licence or certificate in unequivocal and unambiguous terms. The duty imposed by conditions on the licence holder or club must be clear to the licence holder, club, enforcement officers and the courts.

## Imposed conditions

10.8 The licensing authority may not impose any conditions unless its discretion has been engaged following receipt of relevant representations and it is satisfied as a result of a hearing (unless all parties agree a hearing is not necessary) that it is appropriate to impose conditions to promote one or more of the four licensing objectives.

10.9 It is possible that, in certain cases, where there are other legislative provisions which are relevant and must be observed by the applicant, no additional conditions are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.

## **Proportionality**

10.10 The 2003 Act requires that licensing conditions should be tailored to the size, type, location and characteristics and activities taking place at the premises concerned. Conditions should be determined on a case-by-case basis and standardised conditions which ignore these individual aspects should be avoided. Licensing authorities and other responsible authorities should be alive to the indirect costs that can arise because of conditions. These could be a deterrent to holding events that are valuable to the community or for the funding of good and important causes. Licensing authorities should therefore ensure that any conditions they impose are only those which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

## **Hours of trading**

10.13 The Government acknowledges that different licensing strategies may be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in different areas. The 2003 Act gives the licensing authority power to make decisions regarding licensed opening hours as part of the implementation of its licensing policy statement and licensing authorities are best placed to make decisions about appropriate opening hours in their areas based on their local knowledge and in consultation with responsible authorities. However, licensing authorities must always consider each application and must not impose predetermined licensed opening hours, without giving individual consideration to the merits of each application.

10.14 Where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.

## The need for licensed premises

13.18 There can be confusion about the difference between the "need" for premises and the "cumulative impact" of premises on the licensing objectives, for example, on crime and disorder. "Need" concerns the commercial demand for another pub or restaurant or hotel and is a matter for the planning authority and for the market. This is not a matter for a licensing authority in discharging its licensing functions or for its statement of licensing policy.