Report to	Licensing sub committee	Item
	11 April 2018	
Report of Subject	Head of citywide services Licensing Act 2003: Application for the Grant of a Premises Licence –	3
Casjoot	S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd, Unit 4 Denmark Opening, Norwich NR3 4JG	

Purpose

Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider the application for the grant of a premises licence in respect of S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd, Unit 4 Denmark Opening, Norwich NR3 4JG following the receipt of relevant representations.

Recommendation

That members determine the application to grant a premises licence in respect S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd, Unit 4 Denmark Opening, Norwich NR3 4JG in accordance with the:

- Licensing Act 2003;
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003; and
- Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy

Corporate and service priorities

The report helps to meet the corporate priority of a safe and clean city and the service plan priority of protecting the interests of the public through the administration of the licensing function.

Financial implications

None.

Ward/s: Sewell

Cabinet member: Councillor Maguire - safe city environment

Contact officers

Maxine Fuller – licensing assistant

01603 212761

Background documents

None

Report

The application

- 1. The applicant is S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd, Cedar House, 41 Thorpe Road, Norwich NR1 1ES.
- 2. The application seeks to allow the licensable activities, times and opening hours as set out in the application form, which is attached at appendix A. This also includes the steps proposed to promote the licensing objectives (operating schedule).

Relevant representations

3. The responses from the Responsible Authorities are as follows:

Police – representations (applicant has agreed to their proposals).

Environmental Protection – no representations.

Fire Officer – no representations.

Planning Officer - no representations.

Area Child Protection Committee – no representations.

Trading Standards – no representations.

Primary Care Trust - no representations

4. 8 representations objecting to the application have been received from local residents and 2 from councillors. Copies are attached at appendix B to the report.

Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy

5. Attached at appendix C are the elements of the city council's local licensing policy, which are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

National Guidance (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

6. Attached at appendix D are the elements of the national guidance issued by the Secretary of State that are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

Summary

- 7. In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives the sub-committee must give appropriate weight to:
 - the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives (i.e. the prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and the protection of children from harm);
 - the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;

- the guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (national guidance); and
- the council's own statement of licensing policy.
- 8. The Sub-Committee must take such of the following steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:
 - Grant the application as asked;
 - Modify the conditions of the licence by altering or omitting or adding to them;
 - Reject the whole or part of the application
- 9. The sub-committee is asked to note that it may not modify the conditions or reject the whole or part of the application merely because it considers it desirable to do so. It must actually be appropriate in order to promote the licensing objectives.
- 10. The representations received appear to relate to issues that fall under the licensing objectives. The sub-committee is directed to paragraphs 20 and 24 of the local licensing policy at appendix D which contain examples of factors that impact on the licensing objectives that the applicant could consider when addressing these issues. These paragraphs also contains examples of control measures that may be taken into account in operating schedules having regard to the type of premises and/or the licensable activities.
- 11. The sub-committee is also reminded of the contents of appendices 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the local licensing policy (not re-produced in this report) which contain pools of model conditions relating to the four licensing objectives.

APPENDIX A

NORWICH App	wich olication for a premises licence ensing Act 2003	For help contact licensingapplications@norwich.gov.uk Telephone: 0344 980 3333
		required information
Section 1 of 21		
You dan save the form at	any time and resume it later. You do not ne	ed to be logged in when you resume.
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.
Your reference		You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.
	n behalf of the applicant?No	Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for. RECEIVED B FEB 2010 LICENSING OFFICE
Applicant Details		TOTED
* First name	Sean	LICENIC /
* Family name	Davies	ENSING OFFICE
* E-mail		
Main telephone number		Include country code.
Other telephone number		
Indicate here if you	would prefer not to be contacted by teleph	none
Are you:		
Applying as a busir	ness or organisation, including as a sole trad	er A sole trader is a business owned by one
C Applying as an indi	vidual	person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual means you are applying so you can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.
Applicant Business		
Is your business registere the UK with Companies House?	d in 🙆 Yes 🦳 No	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.
Registration number	09559861	
Business name	S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd	If your business is registered, use its registered name.
VAT number -	none	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.
Legal status	Private Limited Company	

Continued from previous page						
Your position in the business	Director					
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the h business is located.	headquarters of your			
Registered Address		Address registered with	Companies House.			
Building number or name	Cedar House					
Street	41 Thorpe Road					
District						
City or town	Norwich					
County or administrative area	Norfolk					
Postcode	NR1 1ES					
Country	United Kingdom					
Section 2 of 21						
PREMISES DETAILS						
	ply for a premises licence under section 17 of tl he premises) and I/we are making this applicat of the Licensing Act 2003.					
Premises Address						
Are you able to provide a post	al address, OS map reference or description of t	he premises?				
Address C OS ma	p reference C Description					
Postal Address Of Premises						
Building number or name	Unit 4					
Street	Denmark Opening					
District]				
City or town	Norwich]				
County or administrative area Norfolk]				
Postcode	NR3 4JG					
Country	United Kingdom]				
Further Details						
Telephone number]				
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)	3,000]				

1.000

Cast						
100	Section 3 of 21					
	APPLICATION DETAILS					
		ving for the premises licence?				
	An individual or individu	Jals				
\boxtimes	A limited company / lim					
	A partnership (other tha	n limited liab(lity)				
	An unincorporated asso	ciation				
	Other (for example a sta	tutory corporation)				
	A recognised club					
	A charity					
	The proprietor of an edu	Jcational establishment				
	A health service body					
		red under part 2 of the Care Standards Act				
	2000 (c14) in respect of	an independent hospital in Wales				
_		red under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and respect of the carrying on of a regulated				
		ning of that Part) in an independent hospital in				
	The chief officer of polic	e of a police force in England and Wales				
Conf	irm The Following					
\boxtimes		osing to carry on a business which involves				
	the use of the premises	for licensable activities				
	I am making the applica	tion pursuant to a statutory function				
	I am making the applica virtue of Her Majesty's p	tion pursuant to a function discharged by rerogative				
Secti	on 4 of 21					
NON	INDIVIDUAL APPLICAN	TS				
Provide name and registered address of applicant in full. Where appropriate give any registered number. In the case of a partnership or other joint venture (other than a body corporate), give the name and address of each party concerned.						
Non Individual Applicant's Name						
Nam	e	S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd				
Deta	ils					
	stered number (where	09559861				
	applicable)					
Description of applicant (for example partnership, company, unincorporated association etc)						

Continued from previous page	
A Private Limited Company	+)
Address	
Building number or name	Cedar House
Street	41 Thorpe Road
District	
City or town	Norwich
County or administrative area	Norfolk
Postcode	NR1 1ES
Country	United Kingdom
Contact Details	
E-mail	
Telephone number	
Other telephone number	
* Date of birth	
	dd mm yyyy
* Nationality	British Documents that demonstrate entitlement to workin the UK
	Add another applicant
Section 5 of 21	
OPERATING SCHEDULE	
When do you want the premises licence to start?	10 / 03 / 2018 dd mm yyyy
If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end	dd mm yyyy
Provide a general description	of the premises
licensing objectives. Where yo	ises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant to the our application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for plies you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the
freezer. The main area which is side entrance leading into Uni secured stock room. The yard i	e-purposed Meat Locker comprising of two separate rooms. A main floor and an old walk in s being utilized as an office space has roller shutters on the front leading out to the yard and a t 3. Unit 4 is completely independent of and secured from unit 3. The walk in freezer is now a is a shared thoroughfare leading from the respective units to the main road, the entrance to gate, chained and padlocked. The entire premises is surrounded by high fence secured with

Continued from previou	
named Daisy.	site is maintained and guarded by a live-in night watchman and a 4 year old German Shepherd
	ordered by the customer remotely for delivery to a designated address. No customers will be present
on site.	
l	
If 5,000 or more peop	
expected to attend th premises at any one t	
state the number exp	
attend	
Section 6 of 21	
PROVISION OF PLAY	
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	plays?
C Yes	No
Section 7 of 21	
PROVISION OF FILMS	5
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	films?
C Yes	No
Section 8 of 21	
PROVISION OF INDO	OR SPORTING EVENTS
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	indoor sporting events?
C Yes	No
Section 9 of 21	
PROVISION OF BOXI	NG OR WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	boxing or wrestling entertainments?
C Yes	No
Section 10 of 21	
PROVISION OF LIVE	MUSIC
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	live music?
C Yes	No
Section 11 of 21	
PROVISION OF RECO	RDED MUSIC
See guidance on regu	ulated entertainment
Will you be providing	recorded music?
() Yes	No

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Continued from previous	page		
Section 12 of 21			
PROVISION OF PERFO	RMANCES OF DANCE		
See guidance on regul	ated entertainment		
Will you be providing p	performances of dance?		
	No		
Section 13 of 21			
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	HING OF A SIMILAR DESCR	IPTION TO LIVE MUSIC, RECORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF	:
See guidance on regul	ated entertainment		
Will you be providing a performances of dance	anything similar to live musi e?	c, recorded music or	
← Yes	(No		
Section 14 of 21	and the first states		
LATE NIGHT REFRESH	MENT		
Will you be providing I	ate night refreshment?		
Yes	C No		
Standard Days And T	imings		
MONDAY		Give timings in 24 hour clock.	
	Start 00:00	End 05:00 (e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59 of the week when you intend the premis	ses
TUESDAY			
TUESDAT	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	
WEDNESDAY			
	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	
THURSDAY			
	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	
	Start 25.00		
FRIDAY			
	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	
SATURDAY			
	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	

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Continued from previo	ous page		
SUNDAY			
	Start 00:00	End 05:00	
	Start 23:00	End 23:59	
harti d			
both?	late night refreshment take p	blace indoors or outdoor	sor
Indoors	C Outdoors	← Both	Where taking place in a building or other structure tick as appropriate. Indoors may include a tent.
	to be authorised, if not alrea or not music will be amplifie		rant further details, for example (but not
	nt refreshment will only take	-	ents address.
<u> </u>	•		
State any seasonal va		a. 118 - 8 Auro	
	t exclusively) where the activ	ity will occur on addition	hal days during the summer months.
N/A			
	gs. Where the premises will be dumn on the left, list below	e used for the supply of I	ate night refreshments at different times from
For example (but not	t exclusively), where you wish	n the activity to go on lo	nger on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
N/A			iger on a particular day e.g. emistrias Eve.
Section 15 of 21			
SUPPLY OF ALCOHO)L		
Will you be selling or			
Yes	C No		
Standard Days And			
MONDAY			
MONDAY	Stort 00:00	End lotter	Give timings in 24 hour clock.
	Start 00:00	End 04:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start 12:00	End 23:59	to be used for the activity.

		1			
Continued from previous	page				
TUESDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
WEDNESDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
THURSDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
FRIDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
SATURDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
SUNDAY					
	Start	00:00	End	04:00	
	Start	12:00	End	23:59	
Will the sale of alcohol	be for c	consumption:			If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol
C On the premises		● Off the premises ○	Botł	ı	is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.
State any seasonal varia	ations				
For example (but not e	xclusive	ely) where the activity will oc	cur on	additional da	ays during the summer months.
N/A					· · · · ·
				a -	
Non-standard timings. column on the left, list		the premises will be used for	r the su	ipply of alcol	nol at different times from those listed in the
For example (but not e	xclusiv	ely), where you wish the activ	vity to	go on longer	on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
N/A					

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Continued from previous page		
State the name and details of t licence as premises supervisor	the individual whom you wish to specify on the	
Name		
First name	Sean	
Family name	Davies	
Date of birth	aq mm yyyy	
Enter the contact's address		
Building number or name		
Street		
District		
City or town		
County or administrative area		
Postcode		
Country		
Personal Licence number (if known)		
Issuing licensing authority (if known)	<u> </u>	
PROPOSED DESIGNATED PRE	MISES SUPERVISOR CONSENT	
How will the consent form of t be supplied to the authority?	he proposed designated premises supervisor	
C Electronically, by the pro	posed designated premises supervisor	
As an attachment to this	application	
Reference number for consent form (if known)	1	e consent form is already submitted, ask proposed designated premises
	supe	ervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your - rence'.
Section 16 of 21		
ADULT ENTERTAINMENT		
	nent or services, activities, or other entertainment or r concern in respect of children	natters ancillary to the use of the
rise to concern in respect of ch	ing intended to occur at the premises or ancillary to th nildren, regardless of whether you intend children to h semi-nudity, films for restricted age groups etc gamb	ave access to the premises, for example
N/A		

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Continued from previous p	age		
Section 17 of 21			
HOURS PREMISES ARE C			
Standard Days And Tim	nings		
MONDAY			Give timings in 24 hour clock.
	Start	End	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start	End	to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY			
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
WEDNESDAY			
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
THURSDAY	N		
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
FRIDAY			
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
SATURDAY			
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
SUNDAY			
	Start	End	
	Start	End	
State any seasonal varia	tions		
For example (but not ex	clusively) where the activity w	vill occur on addit	ional days during the summer months.
The Premises is never op	en to the public, all stock is fo	or offsale only. To	be delivered to a customer's specified address.

a. 1171

Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises to be open to the members and guests at different times from those listed in the column on the left, list below

For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.

N/A

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LICENSING OBJECTIVES

Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General - all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e)

List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.

Strong management controls and effective training of all staff in all areas of the licensing objectives. The workspace will be filled with reminders like 'think 25' posters and drink aware leaflets. Any medium through which we interface with the public will contain plentiful information about how we are committed to setting the bar high for companies such as ourselves and will continuously en-devour to maintain the highest standards pertaining to all four licensing objectives.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

All delivery drivers will be required to wear a body-cam that records footage of each new customer's first order. Any criminal activity, anti-social behavior or any form of aggression towards our drivers will be reported to the police, the individual and the address will no longer be eligible for delivery. The body-cam footage has proven to be effective in the past, having helped Norfolk Police identify and take action against a 'customer' of ours involved in card fraud. The premises itself will be secured at both entrances. At the first with a heavy, reinforced fire door and secondary locks. The secondary entrance, the roller shutters are primarily secured by the internal hoisting mechanism, that can only be operated manually once the padlock fastening it is removed. Unit 3 is also fitted with independent CCTV and an alarm system with motion sensors and door triggers. This is on top of the adequate security already provided by Unit 4. It is also worth adding that the nature of the business reduces the risk of various criminal activity risk taking place all over the city. As we accept all sort of payment methods this reduces the amount of people visiting cash points at night, it reduces the amount of people out trying to procure alcohol from the city center at night. We facilitate an impromptu night in making staying at home a viable option.

c) Public safety

All staff will be strictly trained to refuse service to anyone deemed to be too intoxicated. Whilst this ultimately will come down to the driver's discretion, we will make sure all staff know what to look out for to be confident in judging any given situation appropriately. i.e. Confusion, Poor coordination, bloodshot eyes, slurred speech etc...

With every first order we will give out a free drink aware leaflet and provide information on responsible alcohol consumption via social media.

All products we sell will be sourced from reputable suppliers.

d) The prevention of public nuisance

Our service allows people to stay at home, avoiding late night trips to a cash point and/or a local off license. Customers will not be able to, at any time, visit the premises.

We will only fulfill an order if it is received at a residential or commercial address.

We reserve the right to refuse service to any customers and will do so if we have reason to believe access to our service will cause or exacerbate any kind of public nuisance.

e) The protection of children from harm

A strict think 25 policy will be enforced. All staff will be trained and reminded regularly about the think 25 policy. The website will feature clear indication of the age restriction enforced. Any one we believe to be attempting to purchase alcohol underage or on behalf of someone underage will have their details reported to the police and the individual and address will be blacklisted.

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NOTES ON DEMONSTRATING ENTITLEMENT TO WORK IN THE UK

Entitlement to work/immigration status for individual applicants and applications from partnerships which are not limited liability partnerships:

A licence may not be held by an individual or an individual in a partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any premises licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have an entitlement to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. They do this by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the following documents (which do not need to be certified).

Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is A British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport
 as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A current Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A full birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK which includes the name(s) of at least one of the holder's
 parents or adoptive parents, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's
 permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, when produced in combination with an
 official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a
 Government agency or a previous employer.
- A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to
 work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a
 licensable activity.

- A current Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A current Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, **less than 6 months old**, issued by the Home Office under regulation 17(3) or 18A (2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in the UK including:-
 - evidence of the applicant's own identity such as a passport,
 - evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
 - evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
 - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
 - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,
 - (iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
 - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHIC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities. If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

(i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;

(ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;

(iii) any page containing the holder's signature;

(iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and

(v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

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NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT

In terms of specific regulated entertainments please note that:

- Plays: no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- Films: no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- Indoor sporting events: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment: no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- Live music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
 - Recorded Music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

Continued f	rom previous page				
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Section 21	of 21				
PAYMENT	DETAILS				
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Band D - £8	87001 to £125000 £4	450.00*			
Band E - £1	25001 and over £63	5.00*			
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DECLARATION

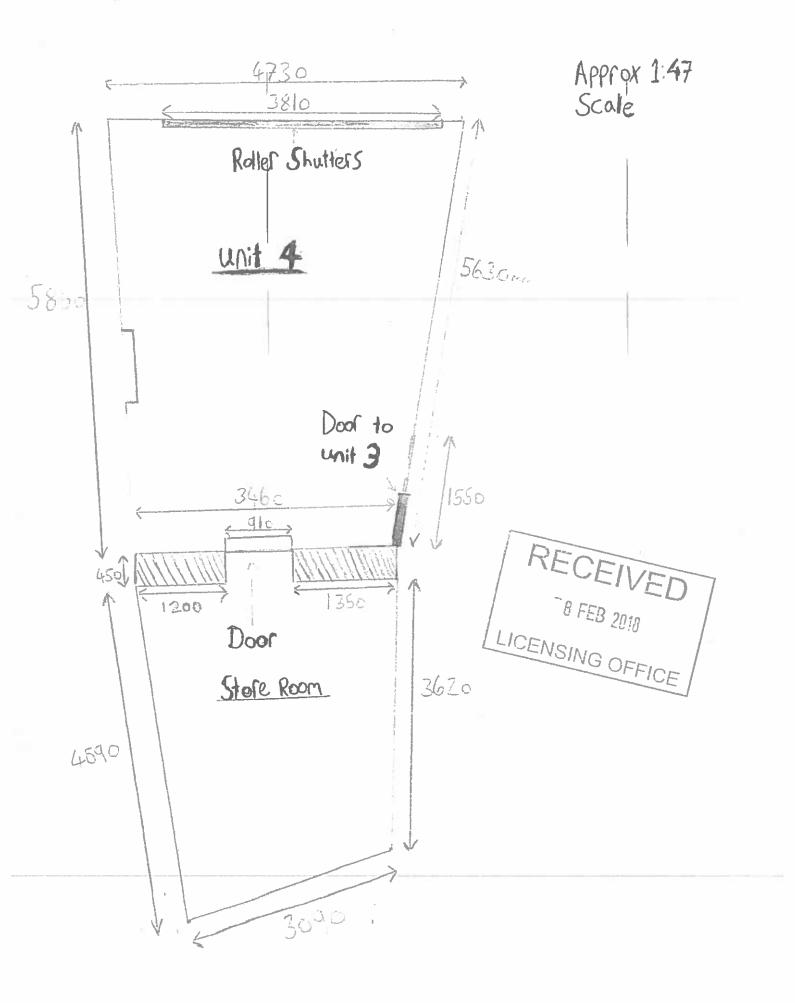
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Continued from previous page				
I/we understand it is an offence, liable on conviction to a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale, under section 158 of the licensing act 2003, to make a false statement in or in connection with this application.				
Ticking this box indicat	es you have read and understood the above declaration			
This section should be comple behalf of the applicant?"	ted by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on			
* Full name	Sean Graham Davies			
* Capacity	Director			
* Date	08 / 02 / 2018 dd mm yyyy			
	Add another signatory			
Once you're finished you need to do the following: 1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as 2. Go back to <u>https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/norwich/apply-1</u> to upload this file and continue with your application. Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.				
IT IS AN OFFENCE LIABLE TO SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION				
IT IS AN OFFENCE UNDER SECTION 24B OF THE IMMIGRATION ACT 1971 FOR A PERSON TO WORK WHEN THEY KNOW, OR HAVE REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THEY ARE DISQUALIFIED FROM DOING SO BY REASON OF THEIR IMMIGRATION STATUS. THOSE WHO EMPLOY AN ADULT WITHOUT LEAVE OR WHO IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT WILL BE LIABLE TO A CIVIL PENALTY UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE IMMIGRATION, ASYLUM AND NATIONALITY ACT 2006 AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE SAME ACT, WILL BE COMMITTING AN OFFENCE WHERE THEY DO SO IN THE KNOWLEDGE, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS DISQUALIFIED				

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ELMS Payment Reference	
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Norwich City Council Licensing Authority Licensing Act 2003

Statement of support or objection to an application for a premises licence

Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	Sam Adams
Postal address	4 Layson Drive, Norwich, NR34JH
Email address	
Contact telephone number	

Name of the premises you wish to support or object to	S&S Enterprises Norwich Ltd
Address of the premises you wish to support or object to	Unit 4, Denmark Opening, Norwich, NR34JG

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2)

Licensing Objective	Please set out your support or objections below.
	Please use separate sheets if necessary
To prevent crime and disorder	DEC
	RECEIVED
Public safety	2 S FEB 2019 LICENSING OFFICE
	LICENSING OFF
	OFFICE
To prevent public nuisance	The proposed business will operate between 12:00 - 4:00
	which includes antisocial hours and, as a delivery service, will
	mean traffic constantly enteringing and leaving Denmark
	Opening. This will cause a nuisance to the nearby residential
	areas of Layson Drive and Sprouston Road and interfere with the
	resident's right to sleep. Although there is already industrial traffic on Denmark Opening this is primarily during office hours.
To protect children from harm	

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.	If the deliveries weren't being made from the premises during antisocial hours.

Fuller, Maxine

From:	Terry Day	
Sent:	07 March 2018 17:30	
То:	LICENSING	
Cc:	Cllr Packer, Matthew; Cllr Brociek-Coulton, Julie	
Subject:	Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing application - S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd	
Importance:	High	

Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing application - S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd

The location of the proposed Licensed premises sits within a very tight residential area surrounded by Lason Drive, Sprowston Road, Denmark Road & Massingham Road with many homes affected by the type of business carried out in Denmark Opening. Over the 30+ years that I have lived in my home, the nature of the businesses in Denmark Opening has been allowed to become more industrial and less restricted. George Moore's meat plant was allowed to expand, a tile warehouse and later a furniture warehouse became a Chinese food preparation unit and gradually what had been mainly warehousing took on a more industrial nature with much more activity and more comings and goings. Denmark Opening has at times been the location of criminal activity and police interest – I once found a policeman in my garden, which backs onto one of the units, searching for drugs dumped by a suspected dealer whom the police had arrested. There are still times when we suspect some of the activity in Denmark Opening to be drug related.

LICENSING HOURS

The application is effectively for hours from 23.00 till 05.00 minus one minute at midnight when local residents will be in their beds trying to sleep. Their sleep will be disturbed by the coming and going of vans taking out deliveries at all hours of the night.

The applicant stresses the security of the site - padlocked metal gate

_ metal security shutters opened with metal chain hoist Both of the security measures can be heard during the day already over the hum of traffic on Sprowston Road. How much more audible will they be in the early hours of the morning as delivery vans come and go, and are loaded up? The sleep of residents in all 4 adjoining roads will be adversely affected by this. At the moment business activity ceases at about 18.00 and disturbances have largely been limited to guard dogs barking, Mr Shift it's Xmas Carol Singing Van and Lights and the riding of mini motorbikes up and down the Opening.

SEVEN DAYS A WEEK

It is my understanding that Business activity is not permitted on Sunday in the area. The Chinese food preparation unit was granted an exemption at "busy times" like Chinese New Year. Seven day working and the hours of work would, therefore, represent a major change from the present conditions.

IS THIS LICENSE NEEDED?

The applicant says "We facilitate an impromptu night-in making staying in at home a viable option" Is staying in not already a viable option with other licensed premises open till late already across the City? What kind of people will be sending out for alcohol in the middle of the night and why do they need this sort of out of hours delivery? My suspicion is that they will already be well on the road to intoxication, having exhausted their stocks at home. Delivering alcohol in this situation will not be the same as delivering a pizza, nor will it be the same as serving a pint in a pub or refusing service in a pub. The deliverer will be alone at night without the support of other bar staff. There will also be, I

believe, pressure to make the delivery rather than lose the sale in a way that does not exist in other licensed premises.

NUISANCE ACROSS THE CITY

It must also be borne in mind that noise and nuisance will not only be caused at the site in Denmark Opening but also across the city at the delivery locations. Hardworking residents may be woken from their sleep by the arrival of a delivery van, the opening and closing of the van's doors, the knocking at the address being delivered to, the opening and closing of said door and the noise that would ensue whenever the recipient was intoxicated and especially if the delivery were withheld.

As residents we object most strongly to this application and to the changes of use and conditions at this site.

Mr. T. T. Day, 36 Massingham Road Mr. P. A. Brown, 36 Massingham Road Mr. and Mrs J. Yaxley, 38 Massingham Road Mrs. B. Williams, 34 Massingham Road

Norwich City Council Licensing Authority Licensing Act 2003

Statement of support or objection to an application for a premises licence

Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	MR. J. & MRS. V. HUTSON
Postal address	5 LAYSON DRIVE NORWICH NR3 4JH
Email address Contact telephone number	
Name of the premises you wish to support or object to	S.+S. Entrepasso.
Address of the premises you wish to support or object to.	Unit 3-4 Demark Opening Norwich NR3 4JG.

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2) Please set out your support or objections below. Licensing Objective

	Please use separate sheets if necessary		
To prevent crime and disorder			
		RECEIVED	
Public safety		- 8 MAR 2010 LICENSING OFFICE	
To prevent public nuisance	Please read attach out concern at in Denmark g A am each.	ed letter which explains sout having more traffic pening, cope cially up to morning	
To protect children from harm			

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.		which	0				
						Aller I	
Signed:		Da	ate: 5th	march ?	1018		

Please see notes on reverse

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CORPORATE RESOURCE€ 08 MAR 2018 POST ROOM

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Norwich City Council City Hall Norwich

5 Layson Drive Norwich

5th March 2018

Dear Sirs,

We were most unhappy to know that an application has been put in by S & S Enterprises to sell and deliver alcohol from Unit 3-4 Denmark Opening, 7 days a week until 4 in the morning. This unit is directly opposite the opening to our drive which is not very long and the noise from traffic there in the small hours of the morning is not acceptable. Also, we believe that someone will be sleeping there. Other businesses in the Opening have been told they can work Monday to Saturday, but must close at 6.30pm. and nobody is to sleep on their premises overnight.

We moved into Layson Drive in 1973 and the Council told us that this would be a residential area, hence our houses are numbered 3,4 and 5, leaving space for numbers 1 and 2, when the time came. Since then, they have given permission for 2 garages, 1 recycling business, a Chinese kitchen and a woodyard, which means we are at the far end of an industrial estate and not residential as aforesaid.

There are cars parked on double yellow lines, often double parked, we presume waiting to be worked on at one of the garages. When will these people realise that Denmark Opening is an adopted road and not a carpark? We had an oil delivery last week and the driver had to ask for a lorry to be moved so that he could access our Drive. What if this had been an ambulance or, worse still, a fire engine trying to get to us. We shudder to think! Finally, there is the matter of fly-tipping. Over the years, we have had several items left lying about, the largest being a 3 seater settee. Now, there are 2 fridges and 2 freezers against the wall, having been there for several months. These are nothing to do with Mr Shift It and they have not been collected despite requests for their removal.

Please, we do not require another business, causing traffic problems in Denmark Opening, and perhaps our other problems could be dealt with soon.

Yours sincerely,

J & VJ Hutson 5 Layson Drive.

RECEIVED - 8 MAR 2010 LICENSING OFFICE

Norwich City Council Licensing Authority Licensing Act 2003

Statement of support or objection to an application for a premises licence

Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	EILEEN BARCLAY
	COLIN BARCLAY
Postal address	3 LAVSON DRIVE Norwich NR3 454
Email address Contact telephone number	
Name of the premises you wish to support or object to Address of the premises you wish to	S& S ENTERPRISES NORWICH LTD UNIT H DENMARIC OPENING

NR3 4JG

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2)

Licensing Objective	Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary	
To prevent crime and disorder		
Public safety		
To prevent public nuisance	Our objection is to the hours of business. None of the other businesses in Denmonk Opening trade after 6-30 p.m. or Sunday.	
To protect children from harm	RECA	
Please suggest any conditions w would alleviate your concerns.	Date: 5. 3. 18	
Signed:	Date: 5. 3. 18	

Please see notes on reverse

support or object to.

Objection to application contid. MAR 2018 CORPORATE RESOURCES These conditions on hours have been put onto permission for other businesses to, in the phrase of the council, preserv the amenity of the area. I fail to see how allowing a business to trade until 04:00 seven days a weele is going to do this. There is also an ongoing problem covering the last 13 years of vehicles blocking Denmark Opening / Layson Drive, how will allowing more vehicle movements help in this long running problem? In my opinion this type of business working these hours is far better suited to an industrial estate and not 50 metros from a residential RECEIVED - A MAR 2010 LICENSING OFFICE





Licensing Team	The Licensing Team	
Norwich City Council St Peters Street, Norwich NR1 2NN	Bethel Street Police Station Norwich Norfolk NR2 1NN	
Date: 6 th March 2018	Tel: 01603 276020 Fax: 01603 276025 Email: licensingteam@norfolk.pnn.police.uk	
Dear Sir/Madam Application for a premises licence – S & S Enterprises	www.norfolk.police.uk Non-Emergency Tel: 0845 456 4567	

Police have received a copy of the application for Unit 4 Denmark Opening Norwich.

This application is to request the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises until 4am daily.

The applicant has previously been granted other premises licence at different locations to operate as an alcohol delivery company. The Police have no previous issues with the other locations.

The application offers a number of conditions which were attached previously which include use of body cam footage of sales, Challenge 25 Policy and CCTV at the site.

Although I have no concern with Mr Davies requesting a new premises licence, I do request that some of the old conditions are attached to the new licence such as:

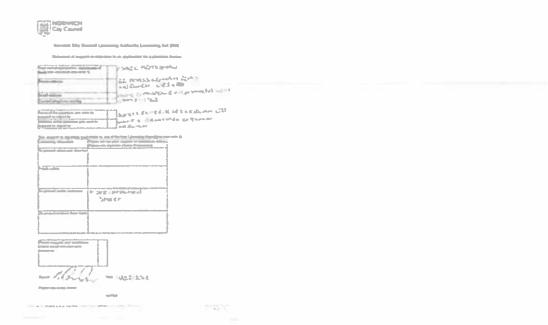
- Staff will be trained in relation to the sale of alcohol and will sign paperwork to acknowledge this.
- The website will contain information to customers that orders can only be taken from patrons over 18 and proof of age requirements.
- Alcohol shall not be supplied to public places, an address residential or business must be provided.
- Records of sales shall be kept and made available to Police or licensing authority on request for the last two months of trading.
- CCTV of the premises is to record footage for a minimum of 28 days and be available to Police or Licensing Authority on request.
- There will be no access to the premises by customers at all time.

With these conditions added to the licence, there are no Police objections. I have spoken to Mr Davies and he has verbally agreed these so I don't anticipate there to be outstanding representations.

Fuller, Maxine

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: Mark Armishaw 12 March 2018 09:16 LICENSING S & S Enterprises License Application Blank.pages

>



Hopefully this will be clearer to read and you can open attachment

Many thanks

Mark Armishaw

<u>Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing Application - S and S</u> <u>Enterprises Norwich Ltd</u>

Objection - To prevent a Public Nuisance

Denmark Opening is situated in a residential area, we already have to tolerate excessive noise from the businesses operating from the units 08.00 - 18.00 on a daily basis.

This application is for the business to operate through the night, 7 days a week when local residents need to sleep! There are many families with young children in this area, which the noise from this business will effect

The application states that no alcohol will be sold from the premises but delivered to the customers home, this will generate noise from staff and vehicles used to deliver the goods during the night and the general noise of a business operating, doors, gates opening, etc.

Once people become aware of what is available from the premises what's going to stop people trying to purchase alcohol directly from these premises? This may cause disturbances for local residents and another strain on an already stretched police force.

People can already source alcohol from local supermarkets and shops until late in the evening or even visit a local pub or club, I do not understand the need to offer an out of hours alcohol delivery service in this surrounding area.

Surely, if needed, this would be better suited to an industrial estate in a NON residential area!



Fuller, Maxine

From:	Cllr Packer, Matthew	
Sent:	12 March 2018 21:37	
То:	LICENSING	
Subject:		
Jubject.	RE: Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing application - S & S Enterprises Nonwich Ltd	н

I would like to add my objection to the proposed application for Unit 4 Denmark Opening.

If the license is granted I feel that it would have a negative impact on the lives of the local residents – particularly those in the immediate surrounding area - as the points below highlight. Of key concern to me is the noise and disruption for residents which would be caused from a business operating throughout the night.

Kind regards

Matthew

Cllr Matthew Packer Labour Party (Sewell)

From: Terry Day [
Sent: 07 March 2018 17:30	
To: LICENSING <licensing@norwich.gov.uk></licensing@norwich.gov.uk>	
Cc: Clin Television and the second state of th	
< <u>i.b</u>	
Subject: Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing applica	tion - S.R. S Enternation New Victory

Subject: Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing application - S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd Importance: High

Unit 4 Denmark Opening Licensing application - S & S Enterprises Norwich Ltd

The location of the proposed Licensed premises sits within a very tight residential area surrounded by Lason Drive, Sprowston Road, Denmark Road & Massingham Road with many homes affected by the type of business carried out in Denmark Opening. Over the 30+ years that I have lived in my home, the nature of the businesses in Denmark Opening has been allowed to become more industrial and less restricted. George Moore's meat plant was allowed to expand, a tile warehouse and later a furniture warehouse became a Chinese food preparation unit and gradually what had been mainly warehousing took on a more industrial nature with much more activity and more comings and goings. Denmark Opening has at times been the location of criminal activity and police interest – I once found a policeman in my garden, which backs onto one of the units, searching for drugs dumped by a suspected dealer whom the police had arrested. There are still times when we suspect some of the activity in Denmark Opening to be drug related.

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The applicant stresses the security of the site - padlocked metal gate

_ metal security shutters opened with metal chain hoist Both of the security measures can be heard during the day already over the hum of traffic on Sprowston Road. How much more audible will they be in the early hours of the morning as delivery vans come and go, and are loaded up? The sleep of residents in all 4 adjoining roads will be adversely affected by this. At the moment business activity ceases at about 18.00 and disturbances have largely been limited to guard dogs barking, Mr Shift it's Xmas Carol Singing Van and Lights and the riding of mini motorbikes up and down the Opening.

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It is my understanding that Business activity is not permitted on Sunday in the area. The Chinese food preparation unit was granted an exemption at "busy times" like Chinese New Year. Seven day working and the hours of work would, therefore, represent a major change from the present conditions.

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NUISANCE ACROSS THE CITY

It must also be borne in mind that noise and nuisance will not only be caused at the site in Denmark Opening but also across the city at the delivery locations. Hardworking residents may be woken from their sleep by the arrival of a delivery van, the opening and closing of the van's doors, the knocking at the address being delivered to, the opening and closing of said door and the noise that would ensue whenever the recipient was intoxicated and especially if the delivery were withheld.

As residents we object most strongly to this application and to the changes of use and conditions at this site.

Mr. T. T. Day, 36 Massingham Road Mr. P. A. Brown, 36 Massingham Road Mr. and Mrs J. Yaxley, 38 Massingham Road Mrs. B. Williams, 34 Massingham Road Cllr Brociek-Coulton Sewell Ward City and County Councillor 159 Angel Road Norwich NR3 3HX

To whom it may concern.

I have been the City Councillor for nearly 14 years in Sewell Ward and right from the start there has been various problems in Denmark Opening. We have had to fight the Chinese Preparation Unit, fly tipping from supposively Mr Shift it and illegal parking and working in the garage on the corner coming into the Opening. All of this time the three families who live in Layson Drive have suffered, mainly due to traffic parking illegally (ie over their road to their houses), working out of the hours that the planning has given them which is 6.30pm, having to suffer from having large vans delivering to the Chinese preparation unit and also blocked drains because of fat being allowed to go down sinks.

So I would like to put forward that allowing S & S Enterprises to have a late night refreshment licence should be declined. Denmark Opening businesses all have or suppose to finish at 6.30pm to allow a business to be open till 4am would give presidence and make the other businesses feel they can put in for longer times to. I am talking about the garage who already parks illegally and hasn't in the past stuck to times it should.

Also because the Opening sits in a dip the families on Layson Drive can hear everything that happens. It is unreasonable to allow the late night opening when it is effecting families in the area. The opening is not an industrial estate. Also lve heard from other residents on Massingham road who also because of the location of the opening hear everything that is happening in it. This is going to disturb around 20 residents should this application go through.

Lastly, they already have to deal with hearing the guard dog barking a lot and I don't think it should be granted that someone can live or stay on the premises overnight. I believe that someone is living there now from what ive heard from residents saying that the caravan on the property is lit up every night and during the night.

I really hope the panel will see to decline this application. It would be for the benefit of my residents who do not live on an industrial estate they live on a housing estate.

Yours sincerely

(c) (c) (c)

Cllr Brociek-Coulton.

Local Policy considerations

1.0 Introduction

- 1.4 The 2003 Act requires the council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the four licensing objectives. These are:
 - The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
 - Public Safety
 - The Prevention of Public Nuisance
 - The Protection of Children from Harm
- 1.5 The 2003 Act also requires that the Council publishes a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that sets out the policies the Council will generally apply to promote the Licensing Objectives when making decisions on applications made under the Act.

2.0 Consultation and Links to other Policies and Strategies

- 2.7 So far as possible, the council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, and will not to use its powers under the Licensing Act 2003 to achieve outcomes that can be achieved by other legislation and other enforcement agencies. As an example, the council will not seek to impose fire safety conditions that may duplicate any requirements or prohibitions that could be imposed under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.
- 3.0 Applications for Licences
- 3.2 Applicants must address the four licensing objectives in their operational plan. The operating plan must have regard to the nature of the area where the premises are situated, the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, operational procedures and the needs of the local community. The operating schedule must demonstrate how the premises will be "good neighbours" both to residents and to other venues and businesses.
- 3.3 Applicants must provide evidence that suitable and sufficient measures, as detailed in their operating schedule, will be implemented and maintained, relevant to the individual style, location and characteristics of their premises and activities. They must also also indicate if additional measures will be taken on an occasional or specific basis, such as when a special event or promotion is planned, which is, for example, likely to attract larger audiences.
- 4.0 Representations
- 4.1 "Responsible Authorities" (see Appendix 7) will be asked to consider all applications and to make representations to the council, if they relate to the promotion of the four licensing objectives and particularly in respect of applications which, might be regarded as contentious. Representations must be

evidentially based and the organisation should attend any hearing when the application is being considered. Representations can be made in opposition to, or in support of, an application.

- 4.2 The council will consider all representations from any "Interested Party" (see Appendix 7), or their representative, which should preferably be evidentially based and supported by attendance at any hearing at which the application is being considered.
- 4.3 A representation will only be accepted by the council if it is 'relevant', i.e. it must relate to the likely effect of granting the licence on the promotion of at least one of the four licensing objectives. Representation's, that are regarded as being frivolous or vexatious, will not be considered, and in the case of a review of a licence, any representation which is regarded as repetitious, will also not be considered. A decision as to whether a representation is frivolous, vexatious or repetitive will be made by an officer of the council.
- 5.0 Conditions attaching to Licences
- 5.1 Where relevant representations are made, the council will make objective judgments as to whether conditions may need to be attached to the premises licence to secure achievement of the licensing objectives. Any conditions arising as a result of representations will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises, on those attending the premises, and members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned, and will cover matters that are within the control of individual licensees.
- 5.2 All applications will be considered on an individual basis and any condition attached to such a licence, will be tailored to each individual premises, in order to avoid the imposition of disproportionate or burdensome conditions on those premises. Therefore, mandatory conditions, will only be imposed where they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 8.0 The Impact of Licensed Premises
- 8.1 When considering whether any licensed activity should be permitted, and a relevant representation has been received, the likelihood of it causing unacceptable adverse impact will be assessed by taking into account relevant matters including:
 - the type of use, the number of customers likely to attend the premises and the type of customers at the time of the application;
 - the proposed hours of operation;
 - the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public or private transport that will be used by the customers;
 - the means of access to the premises including the location of customer entrances and exits;
 - the provision of toilet facilities;
 - the frequency of the licensable activity.

With any adverse impact it may be possible to take steps to mitigate or prevent the impact and if such measures are reliable an activity may be licensed.

- 13.0 Management of Licensed Premises
- 13.1 Within the operating schedule for premises from which alcohol will be sold, with the exception of qualifying community premises, a premises supervisor must be designated (designated premises supervisor) and such person must be in possession of a current personal licence. The licensing authority will normally expect the designated premises supervisor [DPS] to have been given the day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder and, as such, would normally be present on the licensed premises on a regular basis. In addition to the DPS holding a personal licence, the licensing authority would strongly encourage the DPS to undergo additional training and to have experience commensurate with the nature and style of entertainment provided and the capacity of the premises.
- 13.2 The act does not require a DPS or any other personal licence holder to be present on the premises at all times when alcohol is sold. However, the DPS and the premises licence holder remain responsible for the premises at all times and have a duty to comply with the terms of the licensing act and any conditions, including the matters set out in the premises' operating schedule, in order to promote the licensing objectives. To that end, the licensing authority will be mindful of the guidance issued by the secretary of state, which recommends that a personal licence holder/DPS gives specific written authorisations to those individuals they are authorising to retail alcohol. Although written authorisation is not a requirement of the act and the designated premises supervisor/personal licence holder remain ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with the act and licensing conditions, this action could assist in demonstrating due diligence should any issues arise with regard to enforcement.

The licensing authority will therefore expect that where the personal licence holder/DPS does not have the premises under their immediate day to day control, written authorisations will be issued to staff acting on their behalf, such authorisations being made available for inspection by a responsible Officer of the licensing authority or the police upon request.

LICENSING OBJECTIVES

- 20.0 Objective Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- 20.1 Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 introduced a wide range of measures for preventing crime and disorder and imposed a duty on the City Council, and others, to consider crime and disorder reduction in the exercise of all their duties. The Licensing Act 2003 reinforces this duty for local authorities.
- 20.2 The promotion of the licensing objective, to prevent crime and disorder, places a responsibility on licence holders to become key partners in achieving this objective. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to reduce or prevent crime and disorder on and in the vicinity of

their premises, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and the licensable activities at those premises.

20.3 When addressing the issue of crime and disorder, the applicant should demonstrate that all those factors that impact on crime and disorder have been considered. These include:

Underage drinking

Drunkenness on premises

Public drunkenness

Keeping Illegal activity like drug taking and dealing, offensive weapons and sales of contraband or stolen goods away from the premises.

Preventing disorderly and potentially violent behaviour on and outside the premises.

Reducing Anti-social behaviour and Disorder inside and outside the premises

Litter

Unauthorised advertising

Protecting people and property from theft, vandalism and assault

Guard against glasses and bottles being used as weapons or causing accidents.

20.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or licensable activities:

Effective and responsible management of premises;

Training and supervision of staff;

Employ sufficient numbers of staff to keep numbers down of people awaiting service;

Provide sufficient seating for customers;

Patrols of staff around the premises;

Ensure sufficient lighting and visibility, removing obstructions if necessary, to discourage illegal activity;

Introduce an entry policy – making people aware of it – and apply it consistently and fairly;

Implement a search policy to prevent drugs, offensive weapons etc being brought onto the premises;

Implement effective management of entrance queues – incorporating barriers if necessary;

Adoption of best practice guidance e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy Toolkit, Minor Sales Major Consequences, Clubbing against Racism and other voluntary codes of practice, including those relating to drinks promotions e.g. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA), Security in Design published by BBPA and Drugs and Pubs, published by BBPA;

Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards e.g. Portman proof of age cards, Citizencard, Connexions Card and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs, or passports;

Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises;

Employment of Security Industry Authority licensed door staff to manage the door and minimize disorder;

Ensure glasses are collected on an on going basis, make regular inspections for broken glass and clear up;

Provision of toughened or plastic drinking vessels and bottles;

Provision of 'bottle bins' inside the premises and near exits;

Provision of secure, deposit boxes for confiscated items i.e. Operation Enterprise Drug and Weapon Amnesty Safe's;

Information displayed for staff and customers on Drug Awareness including the 'spiking' of drinks with drugs;

Provision of litterbins and other security measures, such as lighting, outside premises;

Membership of local 'Pubwatch' schemes or similar accreditation schemes or organizations ie Operation Enterprise;

Responsible advertising;

Distribution of promotional leaflets, posters etc;

Drug Seizure Kits (available from Norfolk Police Operation Enterprise);

Member of the 'NiteLink' radio scheme;

Working in partnership with the SOS Bus scheme;

Ban known offenders and share information with other licensed premises in the area;

Implement a dispersal policy;

Introduce a 'closed door' policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2-3 hours before licensable activities finish;

- 24.0 Objective prevention of public nuisance
- 24.1 Licensed premises can potentially have a significantly adverse impact on communities through public nuisances that arise from their operation. The amenity of residents and occupiers of other businesses should be maintained and protected from the potential consequence of the operation of licensed premises, whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.
- 24.2 Public nuisance will be interpreted in its widest sense, and will take it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter and antisocial behaviour, where these matters impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in an area.
- 24.3 Applicants should be aware that stricter conditions, including controls on licensing hours for all or some licensable activities will be applied, where licensed premises

are in residential areas or where their activities may impact on residents or other business premises, and where relevant representations have been received. Conversely, premises for which it can be demonstrated have effective measures to prevent public nuisance, may be suitable for longer opening hours.

- 24.4 The council will normally permit the hours during which alcohol is sold to match the normal trading hours during which other sales take place, unless there are exceptional reasons such as disturbance or disorder attributable to the location and/or the premises, and relevant representations have been made.
- 24.5 The council believe that the impact a licensed premises can have on a neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open, and the times when licensable activities are taking place. Consequently, the council has adopted a policy on hours of trading, (section E) and in so doing, has given full consideration to the secretary of state's guidance on hours of trading.
- 24.6 Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to prevent public nuisance, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. For example, the increasing business requirement for licence holders to provide live or recorded music in premises where this has not previously been the case is especially pertinent, and should be fully assessed on the application.
- 24.7 When addressing the issue of prevention of public nuisance, the applicant must demonstrate that those factors that impact on the likelihood of public nuisance have been considered. These may include:
 - the location of premises and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises, such as hospitals, hospices, care homes and places of worship
 - the hours of opening, particularly between 11pm and 7am
 - the nature of activities to be provided, including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature and whether they are to be held inside or outside premises
 - the design and layout of premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
 - the occupancy capacity of the premises
 - the availability of public transport
 - wind down period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises
 - last admission time
 - preventing litter and refuse becoming an eyesore
 - consideration of local residents that they are not upset by loud or persistent noise or by excessive light
 - preventing cars attending an event or premises from causing a noise nuisance and congestion, and from taking up local people's parking spaces
 - avoid early morning or late night refuse collections
 - avoiding emptying bins into skips, especially if they contain glass, either late at night or early in the morning

- customers eating, drinking or smoking in open air areas (for example beer gardens/forecourts and other open areas adjacent to the premises).
- 24.8 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:
 - Effective and responsible management of premises.
 - Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of public nuisance, eg to ensure customers leave quietly.
 - Fit prominent signs requesting that customers respect local residents and leave quietly.
 - Control of operating hours for all or parts (eg garden areas) of premises, including such matters as deliveries ie not too early in the morning.
 - Adoption of best practice guidance (eg Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, produced by Institute of Acoustics, Licensed Property: Noise, published by BBPA).
 - Installation of soundproofing, air conditioning, acoustic lobbies and sound limitation devices.
 - Management of people, including staff, and traffic (and resulting queues) arriving and leaving premises.
 - Liaison with public transport providers.
 - Siting of external lighting, including security lighting.
 - Management arrangements for collection and disposal of waste, empty bottles etc.
 - Effective ventilation systems to prevent the emission of unwanted odours.
 - Take away packaging to include the name and address of the premises on it.
 - Capacity levels for fast food outlets.
 - Introduce a chill out area with coffee and mellow music where customers can settle before leaving.
 - Introduce a closed door policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2 to 3 hours before licensable activities finish.

To address issues arising from customers smoking, eating and drinking in outdoor areas and on the highway outside the premises could include signage asking customers to keep noise to a minimum when using outdoor areas; restrictions on the numbers of customers permitted in certain outside areas and/or at certain times; and use of door-staff and employees to monitor possible public nuisance issues.

SECTION E - Hours of Trading

30.7 Consideration will always be given to an applicant's individual case and if the matter of trading hours has been raised in a representation, the council will take into account any proposals the applicant has to minimise the risk of nuisance or disorder being caused or exacerbated by customers departing from the premises. It is however, unlikely that statements such as the premises being well-managed, or that the applicant is of good character or that the style of the premises is

intended and likely to attract a discerning clientele, will alone be sufficient to demonstrate that restrictions on hours of trading should not be applied.

National Guidance

(issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

Licence conditions – general principles

1.16 Conditions on a premises licence or club premises certificate are important in setting the parameters within which premises can lawfully operate. The use of wording such as "must", "shall" and "will" is encouraged. Licence conditions:

- must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives;
- must be precise and enforceable;
- must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve;
- should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer by other legislation;
- must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned;
- should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case;
- should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation;
- should be proportionate, justifiable and be capable of being met, (for example, whilst beer glasses may be available in toughened glass, wine glasses may not);
- cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff, but may impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises or as they enter or leave; and
- should be written in a prescriptive format.

Each application on its own merits

1.17 Each application must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority's statement of licensing policy; for example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions. Standardised conditions should be avoided and indeed may be unlawful where they cannot be shown to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case.

Crime and disorder

2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).

2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder. For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.

2.6 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.

2.7 It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. However, licensing authorities must ensure that they do not stray outside their powers and duties under the 2003 Act. This is important to ensure the portability of the personal licence and the offences set out in the 2003 Act and to ensure, for example, that the prevention of disorder is in sharp focus for all managers, licence holders and clubs.

Public nuisance

2.18 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

2.19 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It is important to remember that the prevention of public nuisance could therefore include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally, as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. It may also include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other

persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

2.20 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts. Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.

2.21 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

2.22 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, music noise from premises usually occurs from mid-evening until either late-evening or early-morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

2.23 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.

2.24 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in antisocial behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.41 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or

other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.42 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

9.43 Determination of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. Whilst this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. As with the consideration of licence variations, the licensing authority should consider wider issues such as other conditions already in place to mitigate potential negative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives and the track record of the business. Further advice on determining what is appropriate when imposing conditions on a licence or certificate is provided in Chapter 10. The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination.

Conditions attached to premises licence

General

10.1 This chapter provides further guidance in relation to conditions attached to premises licences and club premises certificates. General principles on licence conditions are set out in Chapter 1 (see paragraph 1.16).

10.2 Conditions include any limitations or restrictions attached to a licence or certificate and essentially are the steps or actions that the holder of the premises licence or the club premises certificate will be required to take or refrain from taking in relation to the carrying on of licensable activities at the premises in question. Failure to comply with any condition attached to a licence or certificate is a criminal offence, which on conviction is punishable by a fine of up to £20,000 or up to six months' imprisonment. The courts have made clear that it is particularly important that conditions which are imprecise or difficult for a licence holder to observe should be avoided.

10.3 There are three types of condition that may be attached to a licence or certificate: proposed, imposed and mandatory. Each of these categories is described in more detail below.

Proposed conditions

10.4 The conditions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives should emerge initially from the risk assessment carried out by a prospective licence or certificate holder, which they should carry out before making their application for a premises licence or club premises certificate. This would be translated into the steps

recorded in the operating schedule or club operating schedule, which must also set out the proposed hours during which licensable activities will be conducted and any other hours during which the premises will be open to the public.

10.5 It is not acceptable for licensing authorities to simply replicate the wording from an applicant's operating schedule. A condition should be interpreted in accordance with the applicant's intention.

Consistency with steps described in operating schedule

10.6 The 2003 Act provides that where an operating schedule or club operating schedule has been submitted with an application and there have been no relevant representations made by responsible authorities or any other person, the licence or certificate must be granted subject only to such conditions as are consistent with the schedule accompanying the application and any mandatory conditions required under the 2003 Act.

10.7 Consistency means that the effect of the condition should be substantially the same as that intended by the terms of the operating schedule. If conditions are broken, this may lead to a criminal prosecution or an application for a review and it is extremely important therefore that they should be expressed on the licence or certificate in unequivocal and unambiguous terms. The duty imposed by conditions on the licence holder or club must be clear to the licence holder, club, enforcement officers and the courts.

Imposed conditions

10.8 The licensing authority may not impose any conditions unless its discretion has been engaged following receipt of relevant representations and it is satisfied as a result of a hearing (unless all parties agree a hearing is not necessary) that it is appropriate to impose conditions to promote one or more of the four licensing objectives.

10.9 It is possible that, in certain cases, where there are other legislative provisions which are relevant and must be observed by the applicant, no additional conditions are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.

Proportionality

10.10 The 2003 Act requires that licensing conditions should be tailored to the size, type, location and characteristics and activities taking place at the premises concerned. Conditions should be determined on a case-by-case basis and standardised conditions which ignore these individual aspects should be avoided. Licensing authorities and other responsible authorities should be alive to the indirect costs that can arise because of conditions. These could be a deterrent to holding events that are valuable to the community or for the funding of good and important causes. Licensing authorities should therefore ensure that any conditions they impose are only those which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

Hours of trading

10.13 The Government acknowledges that different licensing strategies may be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in different areas. The 2003 Act gives the licensing authority power to make decisions regarding licensed opening hours as part of the implementation of its licensing policy statement and licensing authorities are best placed to make decisions about appropriate opening hours in their areas based on their local knowledge and in consultation with responsible authorities. However, licensing authorities must always consider each application and must not impose predetermined licensed opening hours, without giving individual consideration to the merits of each application.

10.14 Where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.

The need for licensed premises

13.18 There can be confusion about the difference between the "need" for premises and the "cumulative impact" of premises on the licensing objectives, for example, on crime and disorder. "Need" concerns the commercial demand for another pub or restaurant or hotel and is a matter for the planning authority and for the market. This is not a matter for a licensing authority in discharging its licensing functions or for its statement of licensing policy.