

### **Licensing sub committee**

**Date:** Monday, 02 November 2015

**Time:** 14:00

**Venue:** Mancroft room

**City Hall, St Peters Street, Norwich, NR2 1NH**

**Pre-meeting briefing for members of the committee only  
15 minutes before the start of the meeting**

**Committee members:**

**For further information please contact:**

**Councillors:**

Button (chair)

Henderson

Schmierer

**Committee officer:** Lucy Palmer

t: (01603) 212416

e: [lucypalmer@norwich.gov.uk](mailto:lucypalmer@norwich.gov.uk)

Democratic services

City Hall

Norwich

NR2 1NH

[www.norwich.gov.uk](http://www.norwich.gov.uk)

### **Information for members of the public**

Members of the public and the media have the right to attend meetings of full council, the cabinet and committees except where confidential information or exempt information is likely to be disclosed, and the meeting is therefore held in private.

For information about attending or speaking at meetings, please contact the committee officer above or refer to the council's website.

## **Agenda**

### **1 Apologies**

To receive apologies for absence

### **2 Declarations of interest**

(Please note that it is the responsibility of individual members to declare an interest prior to the item if they arrive late for the meeting)

### **3 Application for the variation of a premises licence The White Lion PH 73 Oak Street Norwich NR3 3AQ 3 - 40**

**Purpose** - Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider the application for the variation of a premises licence in respect of The White Lion, 73 Oak Street, Norwich, NR3 3AQ following the receipt of relevant representations.

Date of publication: **Friday, 23 October 2015**

<b>Report to</b>	Licensing sub committee 2 November 2015	<b>Item</b>
<b>Report of</b>	Head of citywide services Licensing Act 2003:	<b>3</b>
<b>Subject</b>	Application for the variation of a premises licence – The White Lion PH, 73 Oak Street, Norwich, NR3 3AQ	

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## **Purpose**

Members are asked, in accordance with the delegation of licensing functions contained in the Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy (Licensing Act 2003), to consider the application for the variation of a premises licence in respect of The White Lion, 73 Oak Street, Norwich, NR3 3AQ following the receipt of relevant representations.

## **Recommendation**

That Members determine the application to vary a Premises Licence in respect of The White Lion, 73 Oak Street, Norwich NR3 3AQ in accordance with the:

- Licensing Act 2003;
- Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003; and
- Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy.

## **Corporate and service priorities**

The report helps to meet the corporate priority of a safe and clean city and the service plan priority of protecting the interests of the public through the administration of the licensing function.

## **Financial implications**

None.

**Ward/s:** All Wards

**Cabinet member:** Councillor Driver – Neighbourhoods and community safety

## **Contact officers**

Tony Shearman, licensing manager

01603 212761

## **Background documents**

None

## Report

### The application

1. The applicant is The Milton Brewery, Cambridge Ltd of Pegasus House, Pembroke Avenue, Waterbeach, Cambridge, CB25 9PY.
2. The application seeks to:
  - Extend the regular hours for the licensable activities and opening hours as set out below
  - Removal of regulated entertainment
  - Alteration of the site plan to include the garden
  - Removal of annex 2 condition 7 and replace with the condition in the operating schedule
3. The proposed extra hours for the licensable activity are:

the sale by retail of alcohol (for consumption on and off the premises)

Monday	23:00 – 00:00
Tuesday	23:00 – 00:00
Wednesday	23:00 – 00:00
Thursday	23:00 – 00:00
Friday	23:00 – 01:00
Saturday	23:00 – 01:00
Sunday	22:30 – 23:00

Where the following day is a bank holiday from the standard finish time on that day to 01:00 the next day

Late night refreshment

Monday	23:30 – 01:00
Tuesday	23:30 – 01:00
Wednesday	23:30 – 01:00

Thursday	23:30 – 01:00
Friday	23:30 – 02:00
Saturday	23:30 – 02:00
Sunday	23:00 – 00:00

Where the following day is a bank holiday from the standard finish time on that day to 02:00 the next day

4. The opening hours requested are:

Monday	23:30 – 01:00
Tuesday	23:30 – 01:00
Wednesday	23:30 – 01:00
Thursday	23:30 – 01:00
Friday	23:30 – 02:00
Saturday	23:30 – 02:00
Sunday	23:00 – 00:00

Where the following day is a bank holiday from the standard finish time on that day to 02:00 the next day

### **Operating Schedule**

5. A copy of the existing licence and operating schedule is attached at appendix A to the report. The additional steps put forward by the applicant to promote the licensing objectives as a result of the proposed variation and the new plan are attached at appendix B to the report.

### **Relevant representations**

6. The responses from the Responsible Authorities are as follows:

Police – representations received (attached at appendix C).

Environmental Protection – no representations.

Fire Officer – no representations.

Planning Officer – no representations.

Area Child Protection Committee – no representations.

Trading Standards – no representations.

## Primary Care Trust – no representations

7. Three representations objecting to the application have been received from local residents with concerns which appear primarily to relate to the licensing objectives of the prevention of crime and disorder and the prevention of public nuisance. Copies of these representations and a map showing the location of the relevant premises are attached at appendix D to the report.

## Norwich City Council Statement of Licensing Policy

8. Attached at appendix E are the elements of the city council's local licensing policy which are considered to have a bearing upon the application:

## National Guidance (issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

9. Attached at appendix F are the elements of the national guidance issued by the Secretary of State that are considered to have a bearing upon the application.

## Summary

10. In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives the sub-committee must give appropriate weight to:
  - the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives (i.e. the prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and the protection of children from harm);
  - the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;
  - the guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (national guidance); and
  - the council's own statement of licensing policy.
11. The sub-committee must take such of the following steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives:
  - Grant the application as asked;
  - Modify the conditions of the licence by altering or omitting or adding to them;
  - Reject the whole or part of the application
12. The sub-committee is asked to note that it may not modify the conditions or reject the whole or part of the application merely because it considers it desirable to do so. It must actually be appropriate in order to promote the licensing objectives.
13. The representations received appear to relate to issues that fall under the licensing objectives of the prevention of crime and disorder and the prevention of public nuisance. The sub-committee is directed to paragraphs 20 and 24 of the local licensing policy at appendix D which contain examples of factors that impact on the licensing objectives that the applicant could consider when addressing these issues. These paragraphs also contains examples of control measures that may be taken into

account in operating schedules having regard to the type of premises and/or the licensable activities.

14. The sub-committee is also reminded of the contents of appendices 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the local licensing policy (not re-produced in this report) which contain pools of model conditions relating to the four licensing objectives.



**Premises Licence Summary**

**Premises Licence Number**

**08/02010/PREM**

**Premises Details**

**Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code**

The White Lion  
73 Oak Street  
Norwich  
Norfolk  
NR3 3AQ

**Telephone number** 01603 632333

**Where the licence is time limited the dates**

Not applicable

**Licensable activities authorised by the licence.**

Late Night Refreshment - Activity takes place indoors  
Sale by Retail of Alcohol - Activity takes place indoors  
Recorded Music - Activity takes place indoors

**The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities**

Late Night Refreshment Monday to Saturday 23:00 - 23:30  
On New Years Eve from the end of permitted hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted hours on New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Sunday 12:00 - 22:30  
From the end of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Day.

Sale by Retail of Alcohol Monday to Saturday 10:00 - 23:00  
From the end of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Eve to the start of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Day.

Recorded Music Sunday 12:00 - 22:00  
From the end of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Eve to the beginning of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Day.

Recorded Music Monday to Saturday 10:00 - 23:30  
From the end of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Eve to the beginning of permitted alcohol hours on New Years Day.



**The opening hours of the premises**

Monday	10:00 - 23:30
Tuesday	10:00 - 23:30
Wednesday	10:00 - 23:30
Thursday	10:00 - 23:30
Friday	10:00 - 23:30
Saturday	10:00 - 23:30
Sunday	12:00 - 23:00

**Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies**

Alcohol is supplied for consumption both on and off the Premise

**Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence**

The Milton Brewery, Cambridge Ltd  
Pegasus House  
Pembroke Avenue  
Waterbeach  
Cambridge  
CB25 9PY

**Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)**

Registered Business Number      3786790

**Name of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol**

Mr Alex James Waters

**State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited**



**Premises Licence**

**Premises Licence Number**

**08/02010/PREM**

**Part 1 – Premises Details**

**Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description, including Post Town, Post Code**

The White Lion  
73 Oak Street  
Norwich  
Norfolk  
NR3 3AQ

**Telephone number** 01603 632333

**Where the licence is time limited the dates**

Not applicable

**Licensable activities authorised by the licence.**

Late Night Refreshment - Activity takes place indoors  
Sale by Retail of Alcohol - Activity takes place indoors  
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Friday	10:00 - 23:30
Saturday	10:00 - 23:30
Sunday	12:00 - 23:00

**Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies**

Alcohol is supplied for consumption both on and off the Premise

**State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited**

## Part 2

**Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence**

The Milton Brewery, Cambridge Ltd  
Pegasus House  
Pembroke Avenue  
Waterbeach  
Cambridge  
CB25 9PY

Telephone Number 01223 226198

**Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)**

Registered Business Number 3786790

**Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol**

Mr Alex James Waters  
The White Lion  
73 Oak Street  
Norwich  
NR3 3AQ

**Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol**

Party Reference: 14/01298/PERS

Licensing Authority: Norwich City Council

## **Annex 1 – Mandatory conditions**

1 No supply of alcohol may be made under a premises licence -

(a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or

(b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.

2 Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

3 (1) The responsible person shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

(2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises in a manner which carries a significant risk of leading or contributing to crime and disorder, prejudice to public safety, public nuisance, or harm to children -

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to -

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic (other than any promotion or discount available to an individual in respect of alcohol for consumption at a table meal, as defined in section 159 of the Act);

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less;

(d) provision of free or discounted alcohol in relation to the viewing on the premises of a sporting event, where that provision is dependent on -

(i) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process, or

(ii) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring;

(e) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.

4 The responsible person shall ensure that no alcohol is dispensed directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of a disability).

5 The responsible person shall ensure that free tap water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

6 (with effect from 1 October 2010)

(1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

(2) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.

7 (with effect from 1 October 2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that -

(a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures -

(i) beer or cider: half pint;

(ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml; and

(b) customers are made aware of the availability of these measures.

8 The Licensing Act 2003 (Mandatory Licensing Conditions)  
Order 2014

Mandatory Licensing Condition

1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1?

a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979(a);

b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula?

$$P = D + (D \times V)$$

where:

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the rate of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;

c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence:

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or

(iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994(b).

(a) 1979 c. 4. Section 1 was amended by regulation 2 of the Excise Duty (Amendment of the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979 and the Hydrocarbon Oil Duties Act 1979) Regulations 1992 (S.I. 1992/3158), section 162 of and Part I of Schedule 29 to the Finance Act 1995 (c. 4), section 7 of and paragraph 2(a) of Schedule 2 to the Finance Act 1991 (c. 31), section 3 of the Finance Act 1993 (c. 34), section 227 of and paragraph 51 of Schedule 39 to the Finance Act 2012 (c. 14), section 1 of the Finance Act 1995, section 1 of and Part 2 of Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 1988 (c. 39), section 5 of the Finance Act 1997 (c. 16) and article 2 of the Alcoholic Liquor Duties (Definition of Cider) Order 2010 (S.I. 2010/1914). Section 2 was amended by article 6 of the Alcoholic Liquors (Amendment of Enactments Relating to Strength and to Units of Measurement) Order 1979 (S.I. 1979/241), regulation 2 of S.I. 1992/3158, section 11 of and Part 2 of Schedule 8 to the Finance Act 1981 (c. 35), section 7 of and paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 to the Finance Act 1991 and section 5 of the Finance Act 1997. Section 3 was amended by article 7 of S.I. 1979/241. Section 4 was amended by article 8 of S.I. 1979/241,

section 15 of and paragraphs 2 and 3 of Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 2011 (c. 11) and section 227 of and paragraph 51 of Schedule 39 to the Finance Act 2012 (c. 14). Section 5 was amended by section 1 of the Finance Act 1982 (c. 39) and section 180 of the Finance Act 2013. Section 36 was amended by section 7 of the Finance Act 1991, section 4 of and paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 2002 (c. 23), sections 14 and 15 of and paragraphs 2 and 4 of Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 2011, section 180 of the Finance Act 2013 and section 1 of and paragraph 9 of Schedule 1 to the Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 (c. 48).

Section 37 was amended by section 15 of and paragraph 1 of Schedule 1 to the Finance Act 2011 and section 180 of the Finance Act 2013. Section 54 was amended by section 1 of and paragraph 12 of Schedule 1 to the Finance (No. 2) Act 1992 and section 5 of the Finance Act 1985 (c. 54). Section 55 was amended by section 1 of the Finance Act 1984 (c. 43) and section 1 of and paragraph 13 of Schedule 1 to the Finance (No. 2) Act 1992. Section 62 was

amended by section 3 of the Finance Act 1996 (c. 8), section 10 of the Finance (No. 2) Act 1997 (c. 58), section 180 of the Finance Act 2013, section 4 of the Finance Act 1998 (c. 36) and section 3 of the Finance Act 1997. There are other amendments which are not relevant to this Order.

(b) 1994 c. 23. Section 2 was amended by section 3 of the Finance (No. 2) Act 2010 (c. 31). Section 7 was amended by section 76 of and Part 1 of Schedule 36 to the Finance Act 2009 (c. 10) and section 203 of and paragraphs 2 and 3 of Schedule 28 to the Finance Act 2012 (c. 14). Section 24 was amended by section 19 of and paragraph 1 of Schedule 8 to the Finance (No. 3) Act 2010 (c. 33). There are other amendments which are not relevant to this Order.

## **Annex 2 – Conditions consistent with the Operating Schedule**

### **1 The Prevention of Crime and Disorder**

2 A 30 minute extension of opening hours after the end of the hours for the sale of alcohol will be in operation at the premises with access to the pubs toilets facilities.

3 The licensee will be a member of the Norwich Pub and Club watch scheme.

4 Photographic proof of age will be required to be shown by anyone seeking to purchase alcohol who appears to be under 18 years of age.

5 The applicant shall install CCTV at the licensed premises.

### **6 The Prevention of Public Nuisance**

7 There will be no use of the flat roof or external areas of the premises for the consumption of alcohol.

### **8 The Protection of Children From Harm**

9 Photographic ID will be required to be shown by anyone seeking to purchase alcohol who appears to be under the age of 18 years of age.



### **Annex 3 – Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority**

1 When recorded music other than background music is taking place, the doors and windows to the licensed premises will be kept closed save for normal use for ingress and egress.

2 The licensee shall place a sign in a prominent position at the door to the premises to say that no patrons shall be allowed to leave the premises whilst in the possession of any drinking vessel or open glass bottle, whether empty or containing any beverage.

3 The licensee shall collect all glasses and/or bottles from the area around the licensed premises at closing time.

4 The licensee shall store empty bottles in a lidded skip within the curtilage of the premises prior to collection. Operationally, bottles must be removed from the public area on a frequent basis and transferred to a skip. It is recommended the transfer to an external skip must not be undertaken after 23:00 or before 08:00 to minimise noise disturbance to adjoining properties.

5 The licensee shall provide clear and legible notices displayed at exits and other circulatory areas requesting that patrons leave the premises having regard to the needs of local residents, in particular emphasising the need to refrain from shouting and slamming car doors. The sounding of car horns must also be discouraged.

## Annex 4 – Plans



**P** Describe any additional steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives as a result of the proposed variation:

**a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e) (please read guidance note 9)**

N/A

**b) The prevention of crime and disorder**

N/A

**c) Public safety**

N/A

**d) The prevention of public nuisance**

There will be no use of the flat roof of the premises for the consumption of alcohol.

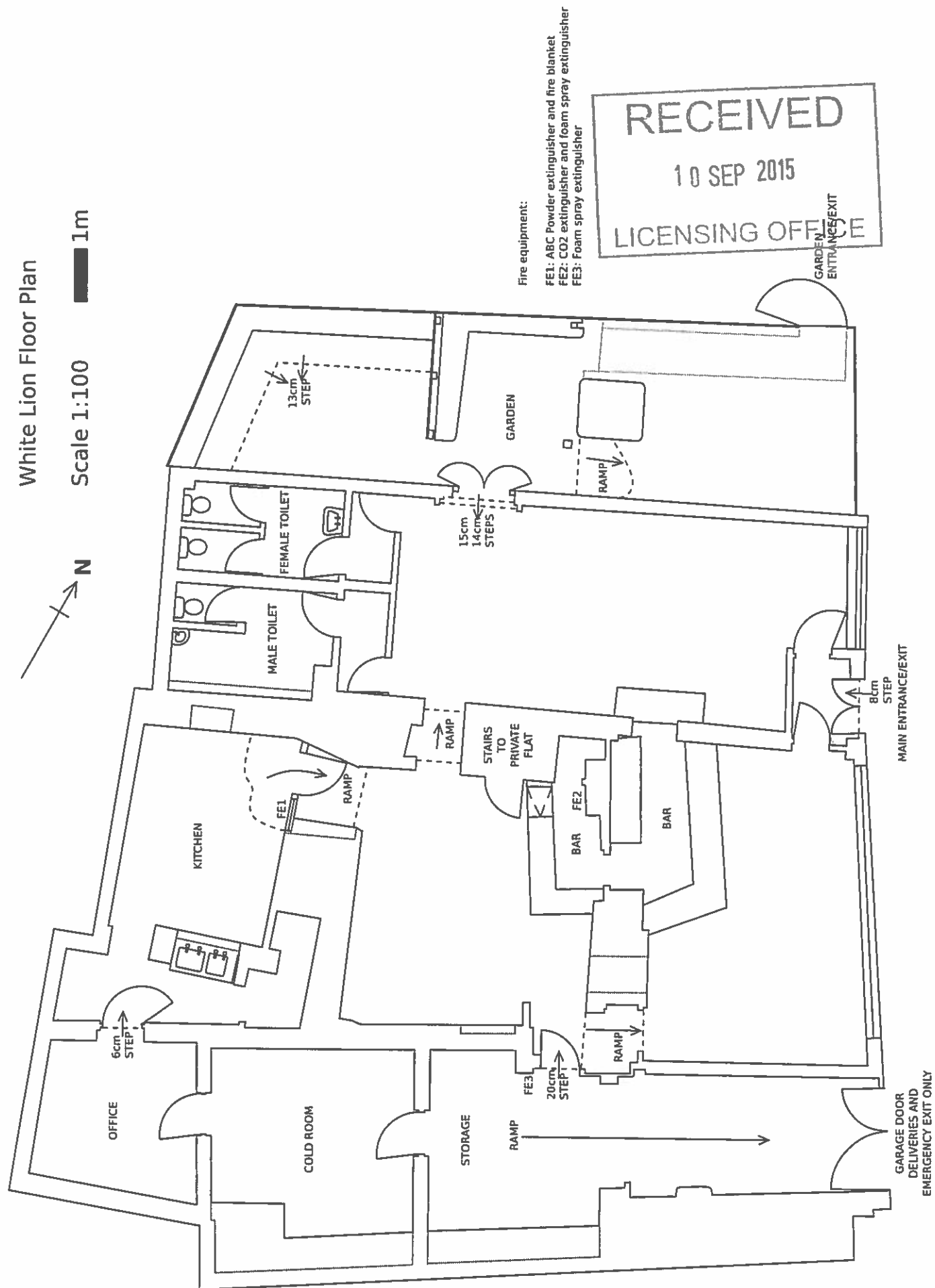
**e) The protection of children from harm**

# White Lion Floor Plan

Scale 1:100



N



Fire equipment:

FE1: ABC Powder extinguisher and fire blanket  
FE2: CO2 extinguisher and foam spray extinguisher  
FE3: Foam spray extinguisher

RECEIVED

10 SEP 2015

LICENSING OFFICE

GARDEN ENTRANCE/EXIT

MAIN ENTRANCE/EXIT

GARAGE DOOR  
DELIVERIES AND  
EMERGENCY EXIT ONLY



**NORFOLK**  
CONSTABULARY

*Our Priority is You*

Mr Anthony Shearman  
Licensing Manager  
Norwich City Council  
St Peters Street  
Norwich  
NR2 1NN

The Licensing Team

Bethel Street Police Station  
Norwich  
Norfolk  
NR2 1NN

Tel: 01603 276020

Fax: 01603 276025

Email: [bartramm@norfolk.pnn.police.uk](mailto:bartramm@norfolk.pnn.police.uk)

[www.norfolk.police.uk](http://www.norfolk.police.uk)

Non-Emergency Tel: 0845 456 4567

Date: 6th October 2015

Dear Mr Shearman

**Re: Application to vary the Premises Licence – White Lion, Oak Street**

I can confirm that Police have received a copy of the application for White Lion, Oak Street Norwich to vary the premises licence.

The purpose of the application is to permit an extension of licensing hours for the sale of alcohol until 1am Friday and Saturdays and extend the opening hours.

It is not anticipated that this extension will cause any significant impact to crime and disorder however in order to promote the licensing objectives, the Police request the following conditions are added to the premises licence:

- **There will be no new entry to the premises for patrons after midnight if the premises operates after this time.**
- **CCTV will cover the main public areas of the bar and the outside smoking area. CCTV footage to record for a minimum of 28 days and be available to Police and Licensing Authority on request.**

**With these conditions added to the premises there will be no Police objections**

Yours faithfully,

Michelle Bartram  
Licensing Officer



**Norwich City Council Licensing Authority  
Licensing Act 2003**

**Statement of support or objection to  
an application for a premises licence**

<b>Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)</b>	MRS HAZEL GARE.
<b>Postal address</b>	36, SILKFIELDS MANDELA CLOSE NORWICH NR3 3BD
<b>Email address</b>	
<b>Contact telephone number</b>	

<b>Name of the premises you wish to support or object to</b>	WHITE LION
<b>Address of the premises you wish to support or object to.</b>	73 OAK ST. NORWICH NR3 3AQ

**Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2)**

<b>Licensing Objective</b>	<b>Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary</b>
<b>To prevent crime and disorder</b>	WE HAVE A LOT OF DRUNKS ETC. AROUND OUR SITE, AND WE DO NOT THEM INCORRAGED WITH DRINK.
<b>Public safety</b>	
<b>To prevent public nuisance</b>	THIS IS A SHELTERED ACCOMODATION AND WE DO NOT LIKE A LOT OF NOISE - ESPECIALLY AFTER 9.p.m.
<b>To protect children from harm</b>	



**RECEIVED**

<b>Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.</b>	<p align="center">01 OCT 2015</p> <p align="center">LICENSING OFFICE</p>
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Signed: [Redacted]

Date: 28-09-15

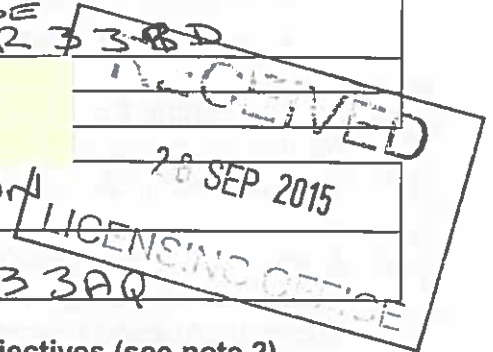
Please see notes on reverse

Norwich City Council Licensing Authority  
Licensing Act 2003

Statement of support or objection to  
an application for a premises licence



Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	MRS DIANE BODY
Postal address	6 SILKFIELDS MADEIRA CLOSE NORWICH NR3 3BD
Email address	
Contact telephone number	
Name of the premises you wish to support or object to	THE WHITE LION
Address of the premises you wish to support or object to.	30A ST NORWICH NR3 3AQ



Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2)

Licensing Objective	Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary
To prevent crime and disorder	MY OBJECTION AS THIS IS AN OLD PEOPLES SHELTERED PROPERTY AND I AM AFRAID OF LARVY CONDUCT AND NOISE. WE SUFFER BREAKINS AND DISORDER AS IT IS ALSO A DRUGS AREA
Public safety	MY CONCERN FOR ELDERLY RESIDENTS AND AS THIS IS A AREA WHICH SUFFERS FROM HOMELESSNESS AND ALCOHOLICS ALREADY IN THE AREA LONGER OPENING HOURS COULD AGGRAVATE THIS PROBLEM AND BRING MORE LATE NIGHT PROBLEMS
To prevent public nuisance	CONCERNED LONGER HOURS COULD CAUSE DRUNKENNESS AND NOISE FROM THE SO CALLED GARDEN AT THESE PREMISES WHICH BACK ONTO OUR ENTRANCE AND ACCESS ROAD AND FLAT OVERLOOKING THIS PUBLIC HOUSE
To protect children from harm	A SMALL CHILDRENS PARK IN THE AREA COULD CAUSE CONCERN AND ANY NUISANCE COULD FRIGHTEN THEM AND THEIR CARERS

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.	OPENING HOURS TO REMAIN THE SAME
--	----------------------------------

Signed

Date: 19/9/2015

Please see notes on reverse



Norwich City Council Licensing Authority  
Licensing Act 2003

Organisational Development
06 OCT 2015
Post Room

Statement of support or objection to  
an application for a premises licence

Your name/organisation name/name of body you represent (see note 1)	MS. I.S. MOHUN & MR NICHOLAS HARRISON Residents of property next door to White Lion
Postal address	40 Mandela Close, NORWICH NR3 3BA
Email address	[REDACTED]
Contact telephone number	[REDACTED]
Name of the premises you wish to support or object to	The White Lion P.H.
Address of the premises you wish to support or object to.	73 OAK STREET NORWICH NR3 3AQ

Your support or objection must relate to one of the four Licensing Objectives (see note 2)

Licensing Objective	Please set out your support or objections below. Please use separate sheets if necessary
To prevent crime and disorder	
Public safety	
To prevent public nuisance	At present, we experience quite a lot of noise when people are leaving the premises at the end of the evening, so we don't felish the idea of an extension making it even later.
To protect children from harm	Also on occasion, there is excessive noise from the back garden, so we object to any extension of opening hours. [REDACTED] want on sep sheet.

Please suggest any conditions which would alleviate your concerns.	
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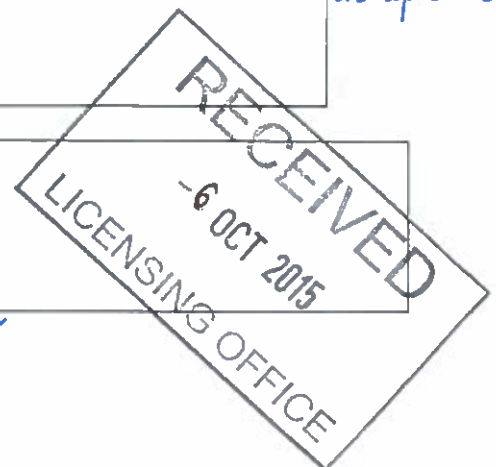
Signed:

Date:

05/10/15

Please see notes on reverse

05/10/2015



With reference to point 5) Alter the site plan to include the garden, we are not clear as to exactly what this means - could you elaborate please?

With regard to the condition 'There will be no use of the flat roof of the premises for the consumption of alcohol' - it should be, no use of the flat roof at all as it is, and always has been, a fire escape and nothing more!

## Local Policy considerations

### 1.0 Introduction

1.4 The 2003 Act requires the council to carry out its various licensing functions so as to promote the four licensing objectives. These are:

- The Prevention of Crime and Disorder
- Public Safety
- The Prevention of Public Nuisance
- The Protection of Children from Harm

1.5 The 2003 Act also requires that the Council publishes a 'Statement of Licensing Policy' that sets out the policies the Council will generally apply to promote the Licensing Objectives when making decisions on applications made under the Act.

### 2.0 Consultation and Links to other Policies and Strategies

2.7 So far as possible, the council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, and will not to use its powers under the Licensing Act 2003 to achieve outcomes that can be achieved by other legislation and other enforcement agencies. As an example, the council will not seek to impose fire safety conditions that may duplicate any requirements or prohibitions that could be imposed under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

### 3.0 Applications for Licences

**3.2 Applicants must address the four licensing objectives in their operational plan. The operating plan must have regard to the nature of the area where the premises are situated, the type of premises, the licensable activities to be provided, operational procedures and the needs of the local community. The operating schedule must demonstrate how the premises will be "good neighbours" both to residents and to other venues and businesses.**

**3.3 Applicants must provide evidence that suitable and sufficient measures, as detailed in their operating schedule, will be implemented and maintained, relevant to the individual style, location and characteristics of their premises and activities. They must also indicate if additional measures will be taken on an occasional or specific basis, such as when a special event or promotion is planned, which is, for example, likely to attract larger audiences.**

### 4.0 Representations

4.1 "Responsible Authorities" (see Appendix 7) will be asked to consider all applications and to make representations to the council, if they relate to the promotion of the four licensing objectives and particularly in respect of applications which, might be regarded as contentious. Representations must be

evidentially based and the organisation should attend any hearing when the application is being considered. Representations can be made in opposition to, or in support of, an application.

- 4.2 The council will consider all representations from any “Interested Party” (see Appendix 7), or their representative, which should preferably be evidentially based and supported by attendance at any hearing at which the application is being considered.
- 4.3 A representation will only be accepted by the council if it is ‘relevant’, i.e. it must relate to the likely effect of granting the licence on the promotion of at least one of the four licensing objectives. Representations, that are regarded as being frivolous or vexatious, will not be considered, and in the case of a review of a licence, any representation which is regarded as repetitious, will also not be considered. A decision as to whether a representation is frivolous, vexatious or repetitive will be made by an officer of the council.
- 5.0 Conditions attaching to Licences
- 5.1 Where relevant representations are made, the council will make objective judgments as to whether conditions may need to be attached to the premises licence to secure achievement of the licensing objectives. Any conditions arising as a result of representations will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises, on those attending the premises, and members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned, and will cover matters that are within the control of individual licensees.
- 5.2 All applications will be considered on an individual basis and any condition attached to such a licence, will be tailored to each individual premises, in order to avoid the imposition of disproportionate or burdensome conditions on those premises. Therefore, mandatory conditions, will only be imposed where they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 8.0 The Impact of Licensed Premises
- 8.1 When considering whether any licensed activity should be permitted, and a relevant representation has been received, the likelihood of it causing unacceptable adverse impact will be assessed by taking into account relevant matters including:
- the type of use, the number of customers likely to attend the premises and the type of customers at the time of the application;
  - the proposed hours of operation;
  - the level of public transport accessibility for customers either arriving or leaving the premises and the likely means of public or private transport that will be used by the customers;
  - the means of access to the premises including the location of customer entrances and exits;
  - the provision of toilet facilities;
  - the frequency of the licensable activity.

With any adverse impact it may be possible to take steps to mitigate or prevent the impact and if such measures are reliable an activity may be licensed.

### 13.0 Management of Licensed Premises

- 13.1 Within the operating schedule for premises from which alcohol will be sold, with the exception of qualifying community premises, a premises supervisor must be designated (designated premises supervisor) and such person must be in possession of a current personal licence. The licensing authority will normally expect the designated premises supervisor [DPS] to have been given the day to day responsibility for running the premises by the premises licence holder and, as such, would normally be present on the licensed premises on a regular basis. In addition to the DPS holding a personal licence, the licensing authority would strongly encourage the DPS to undergo additional training and to have experience commensurate with the nature and style of entertainment provided and the capacity of the premises.
- 13.2 The act does not require a DPS or any other personal licence holder to be present on the premises at all times when alcohol is sold. However, the DPS and the premises licence holder remain responsible for the premises at all times and have a duty to comply with the terms of the licensing act and any conditions, including the matters set out in the premises' operating schedule, in order to promote the licensing objectives. To that end, the licensing authority will be mindful of the guidance issued by the secretary of state, which recommends that a personal licence holder/DPS gives specific written authorisations to those individuals they are authorising to retail alcohol. Although written authorisation is not a requirement of the act and the designated premises supervisor/personal licence holder remain ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with the act and licensing conditions, this action could assist in demonstrating due diligence should any issues arise with regard to enforcement.

**The licensing authority will therefore expect that where the personal licence holder/DPS does not have the premises under their immediate day to day control, written authorisations will be issued to staff acting on their behalf, such authorisations being made available for inspection by a responsible Officer of the licensing authority or the police upon request.**

## **LICENSING OBJECTIVES**

### 20.0 Objective - Prevention of Crime and Disorder

- 20.1 Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 introduced a wide range of measures for preventing crime and disorder and imposed a duty on the City Council, and others, to consider crime and disorder reduction in the exercise of all their duties. The Licensing Act 2003 reinforces this duty for local authorities.
- 20.2 The promotion of the licensing objective, to prevent crime and disorder, places a responsibility on licence holders to become key partners in achieving this objective. Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to reduce or prevent crime and disorder on and in the vicinity of

their premises, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and the licensable activities at those premises.

- 20.3 When addressing the issue of crime and disorder, the applicant should demonstrate that all those factors that impact on crime and disorder have been considered. These include:

Underage drinking

Drunkenness on premises

Public drunkenness

Keeping Illegal activity like drug taking and dealing, offensive weapons and sales of contraband or stolen goods away from the premises.

Preventing disorderly and potentially violent behaviour on and outside the premises.

Reducing Anti-social behaviour and Disorder inside and outside the premises

Litter

Unauthorised advertising

Protecting people and property from theft, vandalism and assault

Guard against glasses and bottles being used as weapons or causing accidents.

- 20.4 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or licensable activities:

Effective and responsible management of premises;

Training and supervision of staff;

Employ sufficient numbers of staff to keep numbers down of people awaiting service;

Provide sufficient seating for customers;

Patrols of staff around the premises;

Ensure sufficient lighting and visibility, removing obstructions if necessary, to discourage illegal activity;

Introduce an entry policy – making people aware of it – and apply it consistently and fairly;

Implement a search policy to prevent drugs, offensive weapons etc being brought onto the premises;

Implement effective management of entrance queues – incorporating barriers if necessary;

Adoption of best practice guidance e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Strategy Toolkit, Minor Sales Major Consequences, Clubbing against Racism and other voluntary codes of practice, including those relating to drinks promotions e.g. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association (BBPA), Security in Design published by BBPA and Drugs and Pubs, published by BBPA;

Acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' cards e.g. Portman proof of age cards, Citizencard, Connexions Card and/or 'new type' driving licences with photographs, or passports;

Provision of effective CCTV in and around premises;

Employment of Security Industry Authority licensed door staff to manage the door and minimize disorder;

Ensure glasses are collected on an on going basis, make regular inspections for broken glass and clear up;

Provision of toughened or plastic drinking vessels and bottles;

Provision of 'bottle bins' inside the premises and near exits;

Provision of secure, deposit boxes for confiscated items i.e. Operation Enterprise Drug and Weapon Amnesty Safe's;

Information displayed for staff and customers on Drug Awareness including the 'spiking' of drinks with drugs;

Provision of litterbins and other security measures, such as lighting, outside premises;

Membership of local 'Pubwatch' schemes or similar accreditation schemes or organizations ie Operation Enterprise;

Responsible advertising;

Distribution of promotional leaflets, posters etc;

Drug Seizure Kits (available from Norfolk Police Operation Enterprise);

Member of the 'NiteLink' radio scheme;

Working in partnership with the SOS Bus scheme;

Ban known offenders and share information with other licensed premises in the area;

Implement a dispersal policy;

Introduce a 'closed door' policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2-3 hours before licensable activities finish;

#### 24.0 Objective - prevention of public nuisance

24.1 Licensed premises can potentially have a significantly adverse impact on communities through public nuisances that arise from their operation. The amenity of residents and occupiers of other businesses should be maintained and protected from the potential consequence of the operation of licensed premises, whilst recognising the valuable cultural, social and business importance that such premises provide.

24.2 Public nuisance will be interpreted in its widest sense, and will take it to include such issues as noise, light, odour, litter and antisocial behaviour, where these matters impact on those living, working or otherwise engaged in normal activity in an area.

24.3 Applicants should be aware that stricter conditions, including controls on licensing hours for all or some licensable activities will be applied, where licensed premises

are in residential areas or where their activities may impact on residents or other business premises, and where relevant representations have been received. Conversely, premises for which it can be demonstrated have effective measures to prevent public nuisance, may be suitable for longer opening hours.

- 24.4 The council will normally permit the hours during which alcohol is sold to match the normal trading hours during which other sales take place, unless there are exceptional reasons such as disturbance or disorder attributable to the location and/or the premises, and relevant representations have been made.
- 24.5 The council believe that the impact a licensed premises can have on a neighbourhood is significantly influenced by the times when those licensed premises are open, and the times when licensable activities are taking place. Consequently, the council has adopted a policy on hours of trading, (section E) and in so doing, has given full consideration to the secretary of state's guidance on hours of trading.
- 24.6 **Applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their operating schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to prevent public nuisance, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events. For example, the increasing business requirement for licence holders to provide live or recorded music in premises where this has not previously been the case is especially pertinent, and should be fully assessed on the application.**
- 24.7 When addressing the issue of prevention of public nuisance, the applicant must demonstrate that those factors that impact on the likelihood of public nuisance have been considered. These may include:
- the location of premises and proximity to residential and other noise sensitive premises, such as hospitals, hospices, care homes and places of worship
  - the hours of opening, particularly between 11pm and 7am
  - the nature of activities to be provided, including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature and whether they are to be held inside or outside premises
  - the design and layout of premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
  - the occupancy capacity of the premises
  - the availability of public transport
  - wind down period between the end of the licensable activities and closure of the premises
  - last admission time
  - preventing litter and refuse becoming an eyesore
  - consideration of local residents that they are not upset by loud or persistent noise or by excessive light
  - preventing cars attending an event or premises from causing a noise nuisance and congestion, and from taking up local people's parking spaces
  - avoid early morning or late night refuse collections
  - avoiding emptying bins into skips, especially if they contain glass, either late at night or early in the morning



- customers eating, drinking or smoking in open air areas (for example beer gardens/forecourts and other open areas adjacent to the premises).

24.8 The following examples of control measures are given to assist applicants who may need to take account of them in their operating schedule, having regard to their particular type of premises and/or activities:

- Effective and responsible management of premises.
- Appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of public nuisance, eg to ensure customers leave quietly.
- Fit prominent signs requesting that customers respect local residents and leave quietly.
- Control of operating hours for all or parts (eg garden areas) of premises, including such matters as deliveries ie not too early in the morning.
- Adoption of best practice guidance (eg Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs, produced by Institute of Acoustics, Licensed Property: Noise, published by BBPA).
- Installation of soundproofing, air conditioning, acoustic lobbies and sound limitation devices.
- Management of people, including staff, and traffic (and resulting queues) arriving and leaving premises.
- Liaison with public transport providers.
- Siting of external lighting, including security lighting.
- Management arrangements for collection and disposal of waste, empty bottles etc.
- Effective ventilation systems to prevent the emission of unwanted odours.
- Take away packaging to include the name and address of the premises on it.
- Capacity levels for fast food outlets.
- Introduce a chill out area with coffee and mellow music where customers can settle before leaving.
- Introduce a closed door policy, with attendance prohibited for new customers 2 to 3 hours before licensable activities finish.

To address issues arising from customers smoking, eating and drinking in outdoor areas and on the highway outside the premises could include signage asking customers to keep noise to a minimum when using outdoor areas; restrictions on the numbers of customers permitted in certain outside areas and/or at certain times; and use of door-staff and employees to monitor possible public nuisance issues.

## **SECTION E - Hours of Trading**

30.7 Consideration will always be given to an applicant's individual case and if the matter of trading hours has been raised in a representation, the council will take into account any proposals the applicant has to minimise the risk of nuisance or disorder being caused or exacerbated by customers departing from the premises. It is however, unlikely that statements such as the premises being well-managed, or that the applicant is of good character or that the style of the premises is intended and likely to attract a discerning clientele, will alone be sufficient to demonstrate that restrictions on hours of trading should not be applied.

## National Guidance

(issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003)

### Licence conditions – general principles

1.16 Conditions on a premises licence or club premises certificate are important in setting the parameters within which premises can lawfully operate. The use of wording such as “must”, “shall” and “will” is encouraged. Licence conditions:

- must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives;
- must be precise and enforceable;
- must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve;
- should not duplicate other statutory requirements or other duties or responsibilities placed on the employer by other legislation;
- must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned;
- should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case;
- should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation;
- should be proportionate, justifiable and be capable of being met, (for example, whilst beer glasses may be available in toughened glass, wine glasses may not);
- cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff, but may impact on the behaviour of customers in the immediate vicinity of the premises or as they enter or leave; and
- should be written in a prescriptive format.

### Each application on its own merits

1.17 Each application must be considered on its own merits and in accordance with the licensing authority’s statement of licensing policy; for example, if the application falls within the scope of a cumulative impact policy. Conditions attached to licences and certificates must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned. This is essential to avoid the imposition of disproportionate and overly burdensome conditions on premises where there is no need for such conditions. Standardised conditions should be avoided and indeed may be unlawful where they cannot be shown to be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case.

## **Crime and disorder**

2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).

2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder. For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.

2.6 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.

2.7 It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. However, licensing authorities must ensure that they do not stray outside their powers and duties under the 2003 Act. This is important to ensure the portability of the personal licence and the offences set out in the 2003 Act and to ensure, for example, that the prevention of disorder is in sharp focus for all managers, licence holders and clubs.

## **Public nuisance**

2.18 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.

2.19 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It is important to remember that the prevention of public nuisance could therefore include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally, as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. It may also include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other

persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.

2.20 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or more sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts. Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises. Licensing authorities should be aware of the need to avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community, such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are very expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.

2.21 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

2.22 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods. For example, music noise from premises usually occurs from mid-evening until either late-evening or early-morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise immediately surrounding the premises may also prove appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.

2.23 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.

2.24 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

## **Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives**

9.41 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or

other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.42 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

9.43 Determination of whether an action or step is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives requires an assessment of what action or step would be suitable to achieve that end. Whilst this does not therefore require a licensing authority to decide that no lesser step will achieve the aim, the authority should aim to consider the potential burden that the condition would impose on the premises licence holder (such as the financial burden due to restrictions on licensable activities) as well as the potential benefit in terms of the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it is imperative that the authority ensures that the factors which form the basis of its determination are limited to consideration of the promotion of the objectives and nothing outside those parameters. As with the consideration of licence variations, the licensing authority should consider wider issues such as other conditions already in place to mitigate potential negative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives and the track record of the business. Further advice on determining what is appropriate when imposing conditions on a licence or certificate is provided in Chapter 10. The licensing authority is expected to come to its determination based on an assessment of the evidence on both the risks and benefits either for or against making the determination.

## **Conditions attached to premises licence**

### **General**

10.1 This chapter provides further guidance in relation to conditions attached to premises licences and club premises certificates. General principles on licence conditions are set out in Chapter 1 (see paragraph 1.16).

10.2 Conditions include any limitations or restrictions attached to a licence or certificate and essentially are the steps or actions that the holder of the premises licence or the club premises certificate will be required to take or refrain from taking in relation to the carrying on of licensable activities at the premises in question. Failure to comply with any condition attached to a licence or certificate is a criminal offence, which on conviction is punishable by a fine of up to £20,000 or up to six months' imprisonment. The courts have made clear that it is particularly important that conditions which are imprecise or difficult for a licence holder to observe should be avoided.

10.3 There are three types of condition that may be attached to a licence or certificate: proposed, imposed and mandatory. Each of these categories is described in more detail below.

### **Proposed conditions**

10.4 The conditions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives should emerge initially from the risk assessment carried out by a prospective licence or certificate holder, which they should carry out before making their application for a premises licence or club premises certificate. This would be translated into the steps

recorded in the operating schedule or club operating schedule, which must also set out the proposed hours during which licensable activities will be conducted and any other hours during which the premises will be open to the public.

10.5 It is not acceptable for licensing authorities to simply replicate the wording from an applicant's operating schedule. A condition should be interpreted in accordance with the applicant's intention.

## **Consistency with steps described in operating schedule**

10.6 The 2003 Act provides that where an operating schedule or club operating schedule has been submitted with an application and there have been no relevant representations made by responsible authorities or any other person, the licence or certificate must be granted subject only to such conditions as are consistent with the schedule accompanying the application and any mandatory conditions required under the 2003 Act.

10.7 Consistency means that the effect of the condition should be substantially the same as that intended by the terms of the operating schedule. If conditions are broken, this may lead to a criminal prosecution or an application for a review and it is extremely important therefore that they should be expressed on the licence or certificate in unequivocal and unambiguous terms. The duty imposed by conditions on the licence holder or club must be clear to the licence holder, club, enforcement officers and the courts.

## **Imposed conditions**

10.8 The licensing authority may not impose any conditions unless its discretion has been engaged following receipt of relevant representations and it is satisfied as a result of a hearing (unless all parties agree a hearing is not necessary) that it is appropriate to impose conditions to promote one or more of the four licensing objectives.

10.9 It is possible that, in certain cases, where there are other legislative provisions which are relevant and must be observed by the applicant, no additional conditions are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives.

## **Proportionality**

10.10 The 2003 Act requires that licensing conditions should be tailored to the size, type, location and characteristics and activities taking place at the premises concerned. Conditions should be determined on a case-by-case basis and standardised conditions which ignore these individual aspects should be avoided. Licensing authorities and other responsible authorities should be alive to the indirect costs that can arise because of conditions. These could be a deterrent to holding events that are valuable to the community or for the funding of good and important causes. Licensing authorities should therefore ensure that any conditions they impose are only those which are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

## **Hours of trading**

10.13 The Government acknowledges that different licensing strategies may be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in different areas. The 2003 Act gives the licensing authority power to make decisions regarding licensed opening hours as part of the implementation of its licensing policy statement and licensing authorities are best placed to make decisions about appropriate opening hours in their areas based on their local knowledge and in consultation with responsible authorities. However, licensing authorities must always consider each application and must not impose predetermined licensed opening hours, without giving individual consideration to the merits of each application.

10.14 Where there are objections to an application to extend the hours during which licensable activities are to be carried on and the licensing authority determines that this would undermine the licensing objectives, it may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested.

## **The need for licensed premises**

13.18 There can be confusion about the difference between the “need” for premises and the “cumulative impact” of premises on the licensing objectives, for example, on crime and disorder. “Need” concerns the commercial demand for another pub or restaurant or hotel and is a matter for the planning authority and for the market. This is not a matter for a licensing authority in discharging its licensing functions or for its statement of licensing policy.

