13 January 2016

**Report of** Chief finance officer

Subject Risk management report

## Purpose

To update members on the results of the review of

- a) the key risks facing the council and the associated mitigating actions recorded in the council's corporate risk register; and,
- b) the council's risk management policy

## Recommendations

To approve the:

- 1) updated corporate risk register; and,
- 2) minor updates to the risk management policy.

## **Corporate and service priorities**

The report helps to meet the corporate priority "Value for money services".

## **Financial implications**

None

Ward/s: All wards

Cabinet member: Councillor Stonard – Resources and income generation

## **Contact officers**

Justine Hartley, head of finance	01603 212440
Steve Dowson, audit manager	01603 212575

## **Background documents**

None

## Report

## Background

- 1. Risk management is a fundamental aspect of the council's business practices. Cabinet has an executive role in the management of risks across the council as a key element in ensuring the delivery of the council's priorities.
- 2. Audit committee provides independent assurance of the adequacy of the council's risk management framework and the associated control environment.
- 3. Cabinet approved the council's updated risk management policy on 10 December 2014.
- 4. The corporate risk register was previously reported to cabinet on 8 July 2015.

## **Review of corporate risks**

- 5. Corporate leadership team (CLT) carried out a review of corporate risks on 14 October 2015 and updated the corporate risk register accordingly.
- 6. The updated risk register was reported to audit committee on 17 November 2015, where it was resolved to endorse and recommend to cabinet that it approves the proposed amendments to the corporate risk register and risk management policy.

### Corporate risk register

- 7. The updated risk register, with tracked changes since the version previously reported to cabinet, is attached at **appendix 1.**
- 8. The template for risk registers includes scoring for **inherent** risks (before any mitigating controls are considered) and **residual** risk (after taking account of key controls, which are listed). Any planned actions to further mitigate risks are also shown.
- 9. The first point to note is that the residual risk score of 20 for risk B1, public sector funding, remains above the council's risk appetite (maximum 15). This was approved by cabinet on 8 July 2015.
- 10. Significant changes to the risk register are as follows:
- 11. Risk A1, customer demand action added relating to the refresh of the council's website to incorporate improvements such as interactive forms, customer portal, full functionality on mobile devices, all of which should help to reduce visits to City Hall.
- 12. Risk A4, safeguarding duties key controls and actions updated.
- 13. Risk A6, delivery of the joint core strategy (JCS) the first cause, relating to failure to identify sufficient sites, has been removed as all districts now have plans at or through examination. The other causes still apply, and in some cases the risks have increased. For example, the rate of allocated sites being brought forward is slow; a funding deficit still remains; there is a risk to income from business rates as conversions from office use to residential use no longer require planning permission.

For these reasons the residual likelihood score has increase from two to three, meaning the overall residual risk score is now nine (still amber).

- 14. Risk A8, housing investment strategy causes have been amended to reflect the 1% government cut in social housing rent and improved right to buy incentives, with the effect that the housing investment plan may need to be reprogrammed. This has increased both the inherent and residual risk scores to twelve and nine respectively (both amber), and an action has been added to review the housing investment plan. Also, the provisions in the draft housing and planning bill currently going through parliament will have significant implications for the council's housing investment plan. Once further details are known the effects on the plan will be looked at in detail and reported to members, with the corporate risk register updated accordingly.
- 15. Risk B2, income generation action added relating to the commissioning of an independent review of income generating opportunities.
- 16. Risk C1, emergency planning and business continuity further controls added around business continuity.
- 17. Risk D1, industrial action based on the low impact from the most recent industrial action the residual impact score has reduced from three to two, as there are well embedded business continuity and industrial action plans. The residual likelihood score has increased from two to three to reflect uncertainties over a pay deal for 2016-17 or longer and further government plans for pension funds. The overall risk score remains at six (amber).
- 18. Most of the other changes are minor updates to causes, controls or planned actions to further mitigate certain risks, including actions that have been completed.

### Corporate residual risk map

- 19. An updated risk map is included at **appendix 2** which shows the residual risk level for each of the risks. This gives a quick view of where each risk sits in relation to the council's risk appetite, ie there should be no risks with a residual score greater than 15, unless specifically approved by cabinet.
- 20. As mentioned above the residual risk score for B1, public sector funding, remains above the council's level for risk appetite. All other residual risk scores are amber.

### **Risk management policy**

- 21. The risk management strategy requires cabinet to review the risk management policy on an annual basis. CLT's review of the policy confirmed that it continues to provide the council with an effective approach to risk management and does not therefore require any significant update. The main change is to the chief executive's introduction, which has been updated to reflect the wording in the latest Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.
- 22. The latest version of the policy showing tracked changes is shown at **appendix 3**.

## Conclusion

- 23. Risk management review processes are well embedded within the council, and members can be assured that the corporate risk register is up to date following review by CLT of the key risks to achieving the council's objectives.
- 24. Each risk shows the owner and the key controls in place or planned to minimise any impact on the council and its provision of services to stakeholders.
- 25. The risk management strategy requires managers to keep all risks under review, and the corporate risk register will be regularly updated accordingly.

Integrated impact as	sessment NORWICH City Council
	npact of the recommendation being made by the report th completing the assessment can be found <u>here</u> . Delete this row after completion
Report author to complete	
Committee:	Cabinet
Committee date:	13 January 2016
Head of service:	Chief finance officer
Report subject:	Risk management report
Date assessed:	14 December 2015
Description:	This report presents an update to the council's corporate risk register and risk management policy

		Impact		
Economic (please add an 'x' as appropriate)	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Comments
Finance (value for money)		$\square$		Effective risk identification and management across all aspects of the council's business (eg policy setting; projects; partnerships) helps to minimise extra costs that may arise from unexpected events
Other departments and services e.g. office facilities, customer contact				
ICT services	$\square$			
Economic development				
Financial inclusion				
Social (please add an 'x' as appropriate)	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Comments
Safeguarding children and adults		$\boxtimes$		Specifically referred to in the corporate risk register
S17 crime and disorder act 1998				
Human Rights Act 1998				
Health and well being				

Equality and diversity (please add an 'x' as appropriate)	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Comments
Relations between groups (cohesion)	$\square$			
Eliminating discrimination & harassment	$\square$			
Advancing equality of opportunity	$\square$			
Environmental (please add an 'x' as appropriate)	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Comments
Transportation	$\square$			
Natural and built environment	$\square$			
Waste minimisation & resource use	$\square$			
Pollution	$\square$			
Sustainable procurement	$\square$			
Energy and climate change	$\square$			
(Please add an 'x' as appropriate)	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Comments

Risk management				The report provides assurance that the current corporate risk register and risk management policy are up to date and based on best practice. In practice, risk management has a positive impact on many of the above categories by contributing to the identification and mitigation of risks and the meeting of objectives
Recommendations from impact ass	essment			
Positive				
The application of effective risk manag objectives	ement, in	line with the	updated po	licy, will contribute to the achievement of corporate and service
Negative				
Neutral				
Issues				



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	City Cou	uncil						C	ORPORATE RISK REGISTE	R			]	Version Da	to: Octobor	2015	
		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	esidual	Risk			ctions	2013	
Risk No.	Risk Description	Caused by	Effect	Owner	Corporate Priorities	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Revised Target Date	Action Status RAG
	CUSTOMER PE	RSPECTIVE	-					-						-			
A1	Customer demand	<ol> <li>Customer demand exceeds our capacity to deliver services as they are currently configured</li> <li>Transfer of demand arising from service delivery changes or budget cuts by other public agencies</li> <li>Excessive customer demand in key areas, particularly in relation to the need to cut services, or changes to policies eg council tax reduction scheme; universal credit</li> </ol>		EH-CC&C	All	4	4	16 (R)	<ol> <li>Proactive research on customer profile, forward planning, eg anticipating future events that will generate higher demand and use of data held to map and channel shift.</li> <li>Data capture, consultation, survey and service planning.</li> <li>Being robust about the role and responsibilities of Norwich City Council</li> </ol>	3	2	6 (A)	<ol> <li>Customer service improvement plan for F2F service - Phase 1</li> <li>'Self-serve' website refresh, incl. interactive forms, housing repairs diagnostics, customer portal. Also full funtionality on mobile devices</li> </ol>	Head of customer services Head of customer services	<del>Ongoing</del> March 2016 January 2016	<del>Mar-16</del>	G
Α2	Delivery of the corporate plan and key supporting policies and strategies within the council's strategic framework		6. Continual over-stretching of capacity	EH-SP&N	All	4	4	16 (R)	<ol> <li>Regular review of corporate plan, medium term financial strategy and other key policies and strategies.</li> <li>Effective performance and programme management</li> <li>Corporate planning and service planning aligned with budget setting to ensure resources are in place to deliver priorities.</li> <li>Effective preparation for changes in government policy.</li> <li>Effective transformation programme to ensure savings are delivered.</li> </ol>	2	4	8 (A)					

		Details of I	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	sidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
Risk No.	Risk Description	Caused by	Effect	Owner	Corporate Priorities	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Revised Target Date	Action Status RAG
A3	Relationship management with key service delivery partners and the management of contracts. The council has a number of key partnerships with LGSS, NPS Norwich, and NP Law. There is also a highways agency agreement with Norfolk County Council. This approach to service delivery requires a different managerial approach by the city council. The council also has a number of key contracts – eg with NORSE, BIFFA, and Anglia Windows Ltd, – which require strong, consistent procurement and client management.	2. Contracts not managed effectively, and key service outcomes not achieved.	<ol> <li>The council doesn't get value for money</li> <li>Benefits of partner and contract arrangements not realised</li> <li>Constant negotiation around the service delivery agreement</li> <li>Specification not adhered to</li> <li>Services not provided at an acceptable level</li> <li>Customer and staff complaints</li> </ol>	EH-BRM&D	5	3	4	12 (A)	<ol> <li>Governance structure is in place to manage the individual partnership agreements (eg NPS Norwich Board, LGSS liaison group, NP Law Board, all major contracts have strategic and operational governance arrangements with officer and member representation.</li> <li>In response to the council operating model training requirements have been reviewed and staffing structures refreshed to reflect this change.</li> <li>A contract and business relationship management toolkit has been deployed. This aims to create consistency of management of both financial and performance objectives and monitoring and management of all economic, social and environmental issues associated with the service.</li> <li>Internal audit has reviewed arrangements to ensure that robust governance by client managers is in place for LGSS, nplaw, NPS Norwich, Norwich Norse (Environmental) and Norse Envoronmental Waste Service. Reported to CLT in April 2015 - result was 'substantial' assurance opinion.</li> <li>Regular reviews of joint ventures</li> </ol>	2	4	8 (A)					

		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	esidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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Α4	Safeguarding children, vulnerable adults and equalities duties	and its contractors/ commissioned services/ partners. 2. Continued change in council service delivery model with an increase in the number of partnership arrangements is likely to require new arrangements for the delivery of safeguarding and equalities	<ol> <li>Vulnerable adults and children at greater risk of exclusion or harm</li> <li>Individuals from a community of identity dealt with inappropriately and at risk of exclusion</li> <li>Risk of judicial review on accessibility of services</li> <li>Risk of damage to reputation if an employee discrimination claim is made based on equalities legislation</li> <li>NCC's reliance on systems at Norfolk and impact on Norwich City Council if these are inadequate</li> </ol>		All	3	4	12 (A)	<ol> <li>Safeguarding children policy and procedures in place and reviewed annually through safeguarding group.</li> <li>Safeguarding adult policy and procedures in place and reviewed annually.</li> <li>Safeguarding duties included in new contracts to ensure duties are embedded with new contractors. Where appropriate, joint training/ awareness sessions are held.</li> <li>Equalities duties overseen by BMG</li> <li>A contract and business relationship management toolkit has been deployed. This aims to create consistency of management of both financial and performance objectives and monitoring and management of all economic, social and environmental issues associated with the service and particularly in relation to safeguarding</li> <li>Equality training undertaken for all staff and managers</li> <li>Managing mental health training for managers</li> <li>Safeguarding training provided to all staff.</li> <li>Safeguarding guidance provided to all councillors</li> <li>External reviews of the council's approach 11. Annual self-assessements against Sec.11 of Children Act 2014, then challenge session with chair of Norfolk Safeguarding Children Board (NSCB). Confirmed that NCC is is playing its part in the NSCB and is alert to its duties and responsiblities.</li> <li>NCC chief executive chairs Community Safety Partnership linking to domestic abuse across the county</li> <li>Constantly monitoring outcomes from serious case reviews (children adult and domestic abuse) and ensure any recommendations are actioned.</li> </ol>	2	4	8 (A)	contract managers to ensure monitoring and annual reporting of cross cutting themes including safeguarding and equalities is undertaken consistently with contractors. 2. Training for all staff being reviewed to ensure it is relevant to job roles and reflects emerging safeguarding issues and priorities. 3. Action plan developed to ensure continual improvement against Sec 11 of	Head of local neighbourhood services	Jul-14 From Oct-15 onwards Jan-16	Sep-15 Complete for 'Platinum' contractors; currently reviewing 'Gold' contractors	G

		Details of F	Risk			In	nerent	Risk		Re	sidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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A6	Delivery of Joint Core Strategy (JCS). The council, through the Greater Norwich Growth Board, is seeking to promote delivery of the JCS. If delivered, JCS will see more than 30,000 homes built in the greater Norwich area, and 35,000+ jobs created over next 15 years	or bring forward detailed		EH-R&D	2&4	3	4	12 (A)	<ol> <li>Ensuring that strategies being prepared with GNGB colleagues are as robust as possible and firmly grounded in reliable evidence.</li> <li>Inter-authority working based on consensus decision-making ensures all parties are in agreement with the proposed agreed policy framework.</li> <li>All policy work is supported by comprehensive and up-to-date evidence in accordance with government guidelines.</li> <li>Greater Norwich Growth Board responsible for ensuring funding is available for investment in infrastructure to support growth.</li> </ol>	<del>2</del> 3	3	<del>6 (A)</del> 9 (A)					
A8	Strategy As part of the reform of the HRA the council has taken on a substantial debt to replace the former negative housing subsidy system. This debt will is currently planned to be repaid over a period not exceeding 30 years. In addition to debt repayments the council has adopted a new standard for	<ol> <li>Should the cost of works increase and/or the level of income reduce, then it may be necessary to review the housing investment strategy.</li> <li>In addition, below inflation/rpi increases in rents will impact on income.</li> <li>Reduction in rental income arising from:         <ul> <li>compulsory 1% reduction in social housing rent for next four years wef April 2016</li> <li>higher level of council house sales due to improved incentives</li> <li>increasing debt or other factors</li> <li>Significant increase in the cost of delivering improvement works</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Failure to deliver the Norwich Standard within the expected timescale</li> <li>Lack of resources to support a new build programme.</li> <li>Reduced tenant satisfaction</li> <li>Reduced new build programme.</li> <li>Need to reprogramme the housing investment plan</li> </ol>	EH-SP&N	4	<del>3</del> 4	3	<del>9 (A)</del> 12 (A)	<ol> <li>Regular review of HRA business plan and housing investment plan to reflect financial position of the HRA.</li> <li>The main control will be the timescale for delivering the Norwich Standard to all properties together with the delivery of any agreed new build programme.</li> <li>Regular review of key projects.</li> <li>Effective contract management</li> <li>Work with Registered Providers to maximise use of retained Right to Buy receipts for the development of new social housing where spend by the Council is not possible.</li> </ol>	<del>2</del> 3	3	<del>6 (A)</del> 9 (A)	Review housing investment plan	EH-SP&N CFO	Feb-16		G

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	FINANCE AND R	ESOURCES							• •								
B1	Public sector funding	government policy as a result of the economic position 3. New policies and regulations	<ol> <li>Major reduction in public sector funding, including consequences of changes in funding arrangements for other bodies.</li> <li>Impact on balancing the budget – significant change and financial savings required.</li> <li>Unable to make saving within the required timescales</li> <li>Erosion of reserves</li> <li>Major financial problems</li> <li>Reputation damage</li> <li>Possible industrial action</li> <li>Changes become "knee jerk"</li> <li>Govt intervention</li> <li>Council loses critical mass in key areas</li> <li>Service failures</li> <li>Potential disproportionate impact on the poorest and most vulnerable members of society</li> </ol>	CFO	All	5	5	25 (R)	<ol> <li>Comprehensive 5-year transformation programme based on minimum resource allocation and robust benefit realisation.</li> <li>Medium Term Financial Strategy incl. reserves policy, financial reporting to BMG &amp; cabinet, transformation projects regularly monitored, MTFS is regularly reviewed and updated.</li> <li>HRA business plan.</li> <li>Weekly review by CLT of government announcements to assess implications and response required.</li> <li>Keep service design under review</li> <li>Continual review of financial position by the council and major partners</li> </ol>	5	4	20 (R)	Report to cabinet for approval in- line with risk- management- policy	Chief finance officer	Complete - reported and approved 8 July 2015		
В2	Income generation	<ol> <li>CIL (community infrastructure levy) income is below expectations.</li> <li>Collapse in world markets leading to loss of income</li> <li>Low economic growth or recession reduces income</li> <li>Other triggers:         <ul> <li>Bethel St Police Station – market value payment</li> <li>Triennial pensions review.</li> <li>VAT partial exemption.</li> <li>Variable energy prices.</li> <li>Increasing voids due to market and economy factors.</li> <li>Loss of major tenant.</li> <li>GNGP board decision or cabinet decision on CIL investment arrangements.</li> <li>The council increasingly relies</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Service failures</li> <li>Potential disproportionate impact on the poorest and most vulnerable members of society</li> <li>Damage/costs across void</li> </ol>	CFO	All	5	4	20 (R)	<ol> <li>Comprehensive 5-year transformation programme based on minimum resource allocation, maximisation of income generation and robust benefit realisation.</li> <li>Medium Term Financial Strategy incl. reserves policy, capital and revenue financial reporting to BMG &amp; cabinet, transformation projects regularly monitored, MTFS is regularly reviewed and updated.</li> <li>HRA business plan kept under review.</li> <li>GNGP have an agreed investment plan for the Greater Norwich area and have appointed consultants to advise on the use of CIL to help deliver this programme.</li> <li>Clear strategy for investment</li> <li>commercial skills training provided to all Heads of Service</li> <li>Element of CIL programme controlled by Norwich prioritised and caution taken to ensure spend not incurred until monies certain to be received.</li> </ol>	4	3	12 (A)	Independent review of income generating opportunities	EH-SP&N	Feb-16		G

		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	esidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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В3	Level of reserves The council has a legal duty to ensure it has a prudent level of reserves to conduct its business	3. Reserves fall below acceptable levels	<ol> <li>Covernment intervention</li> <li>Impact on reputation of the council</li> </ol>	CFO	All	3	4	12 (A)	<ol> <li>Medium term financial strategy (MTFS).</li> <li>Development of the 5-year corporate plan and transformation programme in conjunction with the MTFS.</li> <li>HRA Business Plan.</li> <li>Planning and delivery of transformation (savings and income generation) programme.</li> <li>Contract and business relationship management to identify and respond to business delivery risks.</li> <li>Budget development, in-year monitoring and control</li> </ol>	2	3	6 (A)					
B4		<ul><li>may take longer to proceed than planned.</li><li>Housing / other developments may cost more than planned .</li><li>Interest rates on debt may</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Reduced net revenue contribution from developments.</li> <li>May put pressure on revenue budgets / reserves to service debts</li> </ol>	CFO	All	5	4	20 (R)	<ol> <li>Medium Term Financial Strategy incl. reserves policy, capital and revenue financial reporting to BMG &amp; cabinet, transformation projects regularly monitored, MTFS is regularly reviewed and updated.</li> <li>HRA business plan.</li> <li>Capital Management Group set up and Capital Board ToR being developed</li> <li>Continual review of investments</li> <li>Balanced risk profile</li> <li>Business plan for new housing development company approved by cabinet and company's own risk register</li> </ol>		4	12(A)					

		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	esidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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	PROCESSES AN	ID SYSTEMS	•														
C1	range of complex services to vulnerable	<ul> <li>ICT failure</li> <li>Contractor collapse</li> <li>Severe weather events – storms, heatwaves, strong winds</li> <li>Flooding</li> <li>Sea level rise</li> <li>Fuel shortages</li> <li>Communications failure</li> <li>Pandemic</li> <li>Loss of power</li> </ul> The council, businesses and members of the public in the city will also be at risk from the local effects of climate change in the medium to long term.	<ul> <li>deliver services</li> <li>2. Disruption of the delivery of goods and services to the council</li> <li>3. Increased requests for council resources and services</li> <li>4. Health and safety impact on staff and vulnerable residents</li> <li>5. Damage to council property and impact on tenants</li> <li>6. Reputation damage</li> <li>7. Years to recover</li> </ul>	EH-BRM&D	All	4	4	16 (R)	<ol> <li>The council is a member of the Norfolk Resilience Forum, which has produced a Norfolk Community Risk Register</li> <li>Business continuity team with access to resources; action plans have been used to deal with actual total City Hall IT failure; alternative site for customer contact team; disaster recovery plan and the use of Blackberries for communications.</li> <li>The council has a major emergency management strategy and emergency planning room established at City Hall. Approach has also been used to test business continuity in the event of the main works contractor changing.</li> <li>Flu pandemic plan.</li> <li>Adaptations to protect the council from the local effects of climate change and address the causes are covered by corporate strategies such as the environmental strategy, together with service plans.</li> <li>A new business continuity management policy and framework was approved by cabinet 25 June 2014.</li> <li>A business impact analysis for each service is reviewed and assessed by CLT once complete. signed off by the head of service and executive head of service.</li> <li>Business continuity steering group chaired by the EH-BRM&amp;D.</li> <li>Overall business continuity plan reviewed by CLT.</li> </ol>	4	3	12 (A)					
C2	ICT strategy. The council has transferred its ICT service to LGSS. The ICT Programme Board works alongside LGSS to keep up to date the ICT strategy for the council	organisation moving forward and the blueprint for a new council	<ol> <li>Systems not customer friendly</li> <li>Systems are not integrated with one another</li> <li>Drain on resources as staff work around the systems</li> </ol>		All	3	4	12 (A)	<ol> <li>NCC has developed an ICT strategic direction document detailing the key areas where ICT is required to support business objectives and change.</li> <li>Management of the LGSS relationship will seek to ensure that NCC requirements are delivered.</li> <li>The council has introuced a new an ICT Programme Board, attended by LGSS IT.</li> </ol>	2	4	8 (A)					

		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	sidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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C3	Information security	2. Data is emailed to insecure	<ol> <li>Potential harm to data subjects through loss, release or corruption of personal data</li> <li>Reputational risk</li> </ol>	EH-BRM&D	5	5	4	20 (R)	<ol> <li>Regularly remind all managers, employees and members of their responsibilities for the use of and security of data.</li> <li>Prohibit using mobile devices to store or process sensitive or personal data unless device is encrypted.</li> <li>Encrypt lap tops and data sticks when they are used to store or process sensitive or personal data.</li> <li>Proper disposal of confidential waste.</li> <li>Updated IT User Security policy issued June- 2013 April 2015 to all staff and other people who access the councils systems (e.g. partners, contractors etc.)</li> <li>The council has achieved public sector network (PSN) &amp; payment card industry (PC1) compliance</li> <li>The council has introuced an ICT programme board, attended by LGSS IT.</li> </ol>	3	4	12 (A)	Review IT user- security policy	<del>Systems support</del> <del>team leader</del>	<del>September</del> <del>2014</del>	<del>April 2015</del> Complete	6

		Details of F	Risk			In	nerent	Risk		Re	esidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
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C4	Failure of major contractor or legal challenge following an unsuccessful tender bid	economy factors. 2. In addition the number of legal challenges (and therefore injunctions preventing a contract award) is increasing due to the financial pressures and reducing workload 3. Key contractor goes into administration or an injunction is issued preventing the award of a	<ol> <li>Cost and time to retender contract</li> <li>Cost and time to defend legal challenge</li> </ol>	EH-BRM&D	5	4	3	12 (A)	<ol> <li>Monitor major contractors for warning signs and make any necessary contingency plans. Recently put into practice and contingency plans tested.</li> <li>Ensure a robust procurement process is followed in accordance with the appropriate procurement regulations, NCC processes and best practice.</li> <li>NPS JV extended to include works division. This arrangement enables the JV to carry out work that was previously contracted to private sector. This approach is in line with the Council's operating model. This provides enhanced security over the supplier and increased direct control by the council.</li> <li>Contingency budget and allowance for failures within the calculation of prudent minimum balance of reserves</li> <li>More use of shared services reduces size and scope of contracts with private sector providers (eg ICT)</li> <li>Increased use of framework contracts increases resilience against contractor failure.</li> </ol>	3	3	9 (A)					
C5	Fraud and corruption	council, resulting in losses. 2. Bribery Act 2010 came into force 1 July 2011 – lack of guidance or policies - council	<ol> <li>Loss of income or assets</li> <li>Adverse public opinion</li> <li>Effect on use of resources</li> <li>Increased costs of external audit</li> <li>Cost of investigation and rectifying weaknesses</li> <li>Prison</li> </ol>	CFO	5	3	3	9 (A)	<ol> <li>Internal audit</li> <li>Anti-fraud and corruption policy,</li> <li>Payment Card Industry security assessment to protect card payments,</li> <li>National Fraud Initiative,</li> <li>Whistleblowing policy</li> <li>Review and update as necessary policies and procedures.</li> <li>Assess risk of bribery, train staff and monitor and review procedures.</li> <li>Robust procurement procedures, e-tendering portal and governance by the procurement team</li> <li>Delegation procedures</li> </ol>	2	3	6 (A)	Review needed of anti-fraud, whistleblowing and anti-bribery policies,	Chief finance officer	Sep-15	Dec-15	G

		Details of F	Risk			In	herent	Risk		Re	sidual	Risk		Ac	tions		
Risk No.	Risk Description	Caused by	Effect	Owner	Corporate Priorities	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Key Controls	Likelihood	Impact	Score and RAG	Actions	Owner	Target Date	Revised Target Date	Action Status RAG
	LEARNING AND	GROWTH				-			-								
D1	Industrial action	<ol> <li>Changes to pension regulations and pay restraint and changes to terms and conditions could lead to industrial action by employees</li> <li>National negotiating framework - failure to agree.</li> <li>Ballot of union members.</li> <li>Implementation of changes to the LGPS.</li> <li>Implementation of government interventions on pay</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Loss of income</li> <li>Reputation</li> </ol>	EH-SP&N	All	3	4	12 (A)	<ul> <li>2 stages – managing the threat of industrial action and responding to industrial action</li> <li>1. Identify and agree with UNISON exemptions from strike action</li> <li>2. Identify and implement business continuity/contingency plans to maintain essential services and ensure statutory duties are met</li> <li>3. CLT agree and implement strategy for response to strike action ie assessing the scale of the action, communications, response depending on nature of the action, wider industrial relations implications, deductions from pay etc</li> <li>4. National and regional guidance</li> <li>5. Statutory immunities – Trade Union Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act</li> <li>6. Well embedded business continuity and industrial action plans</li> </ul>	<del>2</del> 3	<del>3</del> 2	6 (A)					

Council Priorities 2015-2020:

- 1. To make Norwich a safe, clean and low-carbon city
- 2. To make Norwich a prosperous and vibrant city
- 3. To make Norwich a fair city
- 4. To make Norwich a healthy city with good housing

5. To provide value for money services

Key to risk ow	Key to risk owners (above):								
EH-SP&N	Executive head of strategy, people & neighbourhoods								
EH-BRM&D	Executive head of business relationship management & democracy								
EH-CC&C	Executive head of customers, communications & culture								
EH-R&D	Executive head of regeneration & development								
CFO	Chief finance officer (s151)								

#### **RISK SCORING MATRIX**

VERY HIGH (V)	5	10	15	20	25
HIGH (H)	4	8	12	16	20
MEDIUM (M)	3	6	9	12	15
LOW (L)	2	4	6	8	10
NEGLIGIBLE	1	2	3	4	5
IMPACT LIKELIHOOD	VERY RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	VERY LIKELY

Red scores – in excess of the council's risk appetite (risk score 16 to 25) – action needed to redress, quarterly monitoring. In exceptional circumstances cabinet can approve a residual risk in excess of the risk appetite if it is agreed that it is impractical or impossible to reduce the risk level below 16. Such risks should be escalated through the management reporting line to CLT and cabinet (see section 3.8 of the strategy).

Amber scores - likely to cause the council some difficulties (risk score over 5 to 15) - quarterly monitoring

#### Green scores (risk score 1 to 4) - monitor as necessary

Descriptors to assist in the scoring of risk impact are on the following page

Likelihood scoring is left to the discretion of managers as it is very subjective, but should be based on their experience of the risk

As a guide, the following may be useful:

Very rare - highly unlikely, but it may occur in exceptional circumstances. It could happen, but probably never will

Unlikely - not expected, but there's a slight possibility it may occur at some time

Possible - the event might occur at some time as there is a history of occasional occurrence at the council

Likely - there is a strong possibility the event will occur as there is a history of frequent occurrence at the council

Very likely - the event is expected to occur in most circumstances as there is a history of regular occurrence at the council

#### **IMPACT DESCRIPTORS**

The following descriptors are designed to assist the scoring of the impact of a risk:

	Negligible (1)	Low (2)	Medium (3)	High (4)	Very High (5)
Legal and Regulatory	Minor civil litigation or regulatory criticism	Minor regulatory enforcement	Major civil litigation and/ or local public enquiry	Major civil litigation setting precedent and/ or national public enquiry	Section 151 or government intervention or criminal charges
Financial	<£25k	<£50k	<£100k	<£500k	>£500k
Service provision	Insignificant disruption to service delivery	Minor disruption to service delivery	Moderate direct effect on service delivery	Major disruption to service delivery	Critical long term disruption to service delivery
People and Safeguarding	Slight injury or illness	Low level of minor injuries	Significant level of minor injuries of employees and/or instances of mistreatment or abuse of individuals for whom the council has a responsibility	Serious injury of an employee and/or serious mistreatment or abuse of an individual for whom the council has a responsibility	Death of an employee or individual for whom the council has a responsibility or serious mistreatment or abuse resulting in criminal charges
Reputation	No reputational impact	Minimal negative local media reporting	Significant negative front page reports/ editorial comment in the local media	Sustained negative coverage in local media or negative reporting in the national media	Significant and sustained local opposition to the council's policies and/or sustained negative media reporting in national media
Project	Minimal effect on budget or overrun	Project overruns or over budget	Project overruns or over budget affecting service delivery	Project significantly overruns or over budget	Project failure
Sustainability/ Environment	Minimal or no impact on the city's environment or sustainability targets	Minor impact on the city's environment or sustainability targets	Moderate impact on the city's environment or sustainability targets	Serious impact on the city's environment or sustainability targets	Very serious impact on the city's environment or sustainability targets

## **Norwich City Council**

# Summary of Residual Scores for Corporate Risks (one red, 16 amber) as at October 2015

			Very rare	2 Unlikely	3 Possible	4 Likely	o Very Likely
	Negligible	1	1	2	3	4	5
	Low	2			A1, D1		
Impact	Medium	3		A5, B3, C5,	A6, A8, C4	B2, C1	
	High	4		A2, A3, A4, C2	B4, C3		B1
	Very High	5					

**Red scores** – in excess of the council's risk appetite (risk score 16 to 25) – action needed to redress, quarterly monitoring. In exceptional circumstances cabinet can approve a residual risk in excess of the risk appetite if it is agreed that it is impractical or impossible to reduce the risk level below 16. Such risks should be escalated through the management reporting line to CLT and cabinet.

**Amber scores** – likely to cause the council some difficulties (risk score 5 to 15) – quarterly monitoring

Green scores (risk score 1 to 4) – monitor as necessary

## **APPENDIX 3**

## **NORWICH CITY COUNCIL**

## **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

Document control

Version	Author	Date	Summary of changes
V0.1d	S Dowson	5/9/13	First draft
V0.2d	S Dowson	10/10/13	Updated following comments from Anton Bull and John Davies
V0.3d	S Dowson	31/10/13	Updated following comments from BMG
V1.0	S Dowson	11/11/13	Final version for committee
V1.1	S Dowson	6/11/14	Minor updates following comments from BMG
V2.0	S Dowson	7/11/14	Final version approved by cabinet 10 December 2014
V2.1	S Dowson	30/9/15	Tracked updates for approval by CLT and audit committee

Next review date:	October 2016
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## **NORWICH CITY COUNCIL**

## **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

## 1. INTRODUCTION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Norwich City Council seeks to ensure that services, delivered either directly or through others, are of a high quality, provide value for money and meet evidenced need.

We are a complex organisation that works with a wide variety of other organisations in different and varying ways. As a result we need to ensure that the way we act, plan and deliver is carefully thought through both on an individual and a corporate basis.

The council defines what it seeks to achieve in the form of corporate priorities and details how it expects to deliver them through the corporate plan, as well as service and team plans.

There are many factors which might prevent the council achieving its plans, therefore we seek to use a risk management approach in all of our key business processes with the aim of identifying, assessing and managing any key risks we might face. This approach is a fundamental element of the council's code of governance.

This risk management policy is fully supported by members, the chief executive and the corporate leadership team who are accountable for the effective management of risk within the council. On a daily basis all officers of the council have a responsibility to recognise and manage risk in accordance with this policy and the associated risk management strategy. **Risk management is everyone's business.** 

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 state:

A relevant authority must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control which

(a) facilitates the effective exercise of its functions and the achievement of its aims and objectives;

(b) ensures that the financial and operational management of the authority is effective; and

(c) includes effective arrangements for the management of risk.

In Norwich City Council risk management is about improving our ability to deliver our strategic objectives by managing our threats, enhancing our opportunities and creating an environment that adds value to ongoing operational activities.

I am committed to the effective management of risk at all levels of this council.

This policy, together with the risk management strategy, is an important part of ensuring that effective risk management takes place.

Laura McGillivray Chief Executive

## 2. WHAT IS RISK?

The council's definition of risk is:

"Factors, events or circumstances that may prevent or detract from the achievement of the council's corporate priorities and service plan objectives."

## 3. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE

Risk management is the process by which risks are identified, evaluated and controlled. It is a key element of the council's governance framework.

The council will operate an effective system of risk management which will seek to ensure that risks which might prevent the council achieving its plans are identified and managed on a timely basis in a proportionate manner. In practice this means that the council has taken steps to ensure that risks do not prevent the council achieving its corporate priorities or service plan objectives.

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES

- The risk management process should be consistent across the council, clear and straightforward and result in timely information that helps informed decision making
- Risk management should operate within a culture of transparency and openness where risk identification is encouraged and risks are escalated where necessary to the level of management best placed to manage them effectively
- Risk management arrangements should be dynamic, flexible and responsive to changes in the risk environment
- The response to risk should be mindful of risk level and the relationship between the cost of risk reduction and the benefit accruing, ie the concept of proportionality
- Risk management should be embedded in everyday business processes
- Officers of the council should be aware of and operate the council's risk management approach where appropriate
- Members should be aware of the council's risk management approach and of the need for the decision making process to be informed by robust risk assessment, with cabinet members being involved in the identification of risk on an annual basis.

## 5. APPETITE FOR RISK

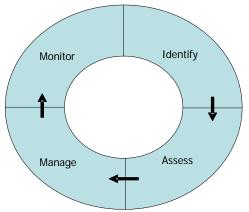
As an organisation with limited resources it is inappropriate for the council to seek to mitigate all of the risk it faces. The council therefore aims to manage risk in a manner which is proportionate to the risk faced based on the experience and expertise of its senior managers. However, cabinet has defined the maximum level of residual risk which it is prepared to accept as a maximum risk score of 15 in line with the scoring matrix attached at **appendix 1** (for corporate priority and service plan objective risks). Other areas of risk, such as small projects or health and safety, may have a different risk appetite depending on the circumstances, but only if they do not impact on corporate priorities or service plan objectives.

## 6. BENEFITS OF RISK MANAGEMENT

- Alerts members and officers to the key risks which might prevent the achievement of the council's plans, in order that timely mitigation can be developed to either prevent the risks occurring or to manage them effectively if they do occur.
- Risk management at the point of decision making should ensure that members and officers are fully aware of any key risk issues associated with proposals being considered.
- Leads to greater risk awareness and an improved and cost effective control environment, which should mean fewer incidents and other control failures and better service outcomes.
- Provides assurance to members and officers on the adequacy of arrangements for the conduct of business. It demonstrates openness and accountability to various regulatory bodies and stakeholders more widely.
- Allows the council to take informed decisions about exploiting opportunities and innovation, ensuring that we get the right balance between rewards and risks.

## 7. RISK MANAGEMENT APPROACH

The risk management approach adopted by the council is based on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring risks at all levels across the council:



The detailed stages of the council's risk management approach are recorded in the risk management strategy, which is reviewed by corporate leadership team (CLT) on an annual basis. The strategy provides managers with detailed guidance on the application of the risk management process.

The strategy can be located on citynet [here].

Additionally individual business processes, such as decision making, project management will provide guidance on the management of risk within those processes.

## 8. AWARENESS AND DEVELOPMENT

The council recognises that the effectiveness of its risk management approach will be dependent upon the degree of knowledge of the approach and its application by officers and members.

The council is committed to ensuring that all members, officers and partners where appropriate, have sufficient knowledge of the council's risk management approach to fulfil their responsibilities for managing risk. This will be delivered thorough formal training programmes, risk workshops, briefings, and internal communication channels.

## 9. CONCLUSION

The council will face risks to the achievement of its plans. Compliance with the risk management approach detailed in this policy should ensure that the key risks faced are recognised and effective measures are taken to manage them in accordance with the defined risk appetite.

## Appendix 1

## **SCORING MATRIX**

VERY HIGH	5	10	15	20	25
HIGH	4	8	12	16	20
MEDIUM	3	6	9	12	15
LOW	2	4	6	8	10
NEGLIGIBLE	1	2	3	4	5
IMPACT LIKELIHOOD	VERY RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	VERY LIKELY

# Red: In excess of the council's risk appetite (risk score 16 to 25) - action needed to redress, quarterly monitoring

Amber:Likely to cause the council some difficulties (risk score 5 to<br/>15) - quarterly monitoring

Green: Monitor as necessary (risk score 1 to 4)